Weather

Fine today. The maximum temperature yesterday was 51.3 and the minimum 40.5, the figures for the corresponding day last year being 68.9 and 38.3.

THE CHINA PRESS

大陸報

A Live Newspaper Devoted to Progress in China

NO. 2291, VOL VIII. Registered at the Chinese P. O. for transmission "with special marks privileges in China" 己未年正月廿五日 SHANGHAI, TUESDAY, FEBRUARY 25, 1919 大正四年 第三種郵便物認可 10 CENTS

KILLING OF EISNER THROWS BAVARIA INTO A TURMOIL

General Strike Is Proclaimed And Republic Under Soviet Formed

NEWS CONFLICTING

Believed Assassination Is Part Of Counter-Revolutionary Plot

HEADED BY PRINCE?

Former Dynasty, Led By Rupprecht, Behind Conspiracy, Is Report

(French Wireless)

Berne, February 23.—(Via Lyons and Koukaza). The assassination of Kurt Eisner has caused very serious trouble in Munich. A general strike has been proclaimed and a Republic of the Councils of Workers', Soldiers' and Peasants has been formed. The news arriving from Bavaria is very sparse and extremely contradictory. It seems, however, that the Spartacists are not the only ones heading the movement in Munich.

The committee which was formed to prepare the constitution of a new government is composed of representatives of three factions of the Socialist Party, including delegates of the Majority Socialist Party. It would seem, therefore, that it is a movement to resist a counter-revolution. It fact, it is reported that the death of Kurt Eisner was not the act of an isolated fanatic but the result of a conspiracy planned by officers, inspired by the Wittelsbach, a former reigning house, and perhaps directed by Prince Rupprecht of Bavaria. The news from Munich also seems to have caused great trouble among the leaders in Berlin and Weimar.

Shooting In Diet

Paris, February 22.—(Via Lyons and Koukaza). According to telegrams from Munich, the President of the Council of Bavarian Ministers, Herr Kurt Eisner, was assassinated on Friday morning in Munich at the moment when he was leaving the Ministry of Foreign Affairs on his way to the Diet.

The murderer, an officer of the Guard who was on leave, was mortally wounded. A few minutes later, while the Minister of the Interior, Auer, was announcing these occurrences in the Diet, several shots were fired at him and he fell severely wounded.

(Reuter's Agency War Service)

Amsterdam, February 21.—A message from Munich states that the Premier of Bavaria, Herr Eisner, has been shot and killed by Lieutenant Count Arco Valley, who was mortally wounded by the guard.

One Deputy Is Killed

Bale, February 21.—At the sitting of the Diet in Munich, while Herr Auer, the Minister for Home Affairs, was denouncing the assassination of the Bavarian Premier, Kurt Eisner, several shots were fired from the public gallery, throwing the deputies into a panic. Herr Auer collapsed, hit by a bullet in the left side. Another bullet killed Deputy Osel of the Bavarian Popular Party and two officials were seriously wounded.

Herr Eisner was going to the Diet from the Ministry of Foreign Affairs when he was shot in a small side street, two bullets fired from behind hitting him in the head.

Troops Advancing To Ruhr

Basle, February 21.—A message from Berlin states that 35,000 Government troops are advancing towards the Ruhr district. The Spartacists have seized the bullion reserve in the Reichsbank at Mulheim.

Hostilities Against Poland Cease

Warsaw, February 19.—A message received by telephone from Posen states that, notwithstanding the armistice, the Germans continued artillery fire and infantry attacks throughout last night and this morning on the whole Posen front.

Basle, February 20.—It is officially stated in Berlin that, in conformity with the terms of the new armistice, hostilities against Poland were suspended on the 17th.

Standing Army Provided

Copenhagen, February 20.—A message sent from Berlin today states that the Deutsche Allgemeine Zeitung announces that the Ministry of Defense has completed a bill for the formation of a standing army of 150,000 to 175,000, exclusive of officers and non-commissioned officers. It is intended to form a brigade in every province. There will be no conscription for the present.

Premier Of Bavaria, Victim Of Assassin

DR. EISNER.

WILSON TO LEAVE AGAIN FOR FRANCE IN WEEK

Will Remain In Washington Only To Sign Bills, Then Sail On March 5

(Reuter's Agency War Service)

Washington, February 21.—Secretary of the Navy Daniels announces that President Wilson re-embarks at New York for France on March 5 and he will spend only a week in Washington signing bills rushed through Congress which expires at noon on the 4th.

(French Wireless)

Paris, February 22.—(Via Lyons and Koukaza). A message from Washington says that Secretary of the Navy Daniels announces that President Wilson will leave for France about March 5.

(American Press Wireless)

Paris, February 20.—A message from the s.s. George Washington states that President Wilson's homeward trip has been spoiled by rain and winds, which came on this afternoon, driving many persons off the decks. The President remained in his suite during the day and evening, working at intervals. It has been decided that he will make only one speech on landing and that at Boston, and orders have been given for arrangements to be made for his departure for Washington immediately after.

The President is therefore foregoing all other ceremonies. He wishes to waste no time in going back to the Capital and getting a line on business before closing hours and conferring with the members of the Foreign Affairs Committees of both Houses of Congress regarding the League of Nations convenant. His plans seem to cast doubt on his delivering an address to Congress, making a report.

President Wilson will also take the opportunity to say good-bye to many members of Congress who are returning to private life and to make some expression of appreciation of the support given during the war by the Congress now retiring. These latter plans, however, are still indefinite. The continued rest seems to be doing the President good. He is not as tired as he was when he left port.

BRITAIN TO ADVOCATE GERMAN FLEET BE SUNK

Also Will Propose Heligoland Be Razed At Expense Of Germany

(Reuter's Agency War Service)

London, February 22.—The papers state that the British Admiralty will urge to the Peace Conference that the surrendered German Fleet be sunk in the Atlantic and the forts of Heligoland razed by German labor at the expense of the German Government.

AFRICAN NATIONALISTS WON'T GO ON WARSHIP

Refuse Offer Of Passage Made By Admiral Of British Squadron

(Reuter's Agency War Service)

Cape Town, February 20.—The delegates of the Nationalist Party have refused the passage to England by H. M. S. Minerva proffered by the Admiral commanding the Cape of Good Hope Squadron.

Shanghai Puts On Record Abhorrence Of Atrocities Committed By Germans

Stirring Series Of Speeches Made And Resolutions Passed; China Thanked For Plans To Repatriate Enemy Subjects

Two thousand Allied nationals, representing every walk of the Settlement's varied life, jammed the Town Hall last evening, silently recorded their views on the treatment accorded Allied prisoners of war by German officialdom, listened to thrilling speeches demanding reparation, cheered as they passed a resolution commending the Chinese Government for repatriating enemy subjects and wildly applauded as various speakers insisted that German doctors and missionaries should accompany their brethren from these shores.

It was a unique gathering that filled the spacious hall twenty minutes before the meeting was called to order by the Consul-General for Great Britain, Sir Everard Fraser, K.C.M.G. Men, women and children attended to raise their hands in support of the resolutions to condemn the methods employed in German prison camps and to praise the repatriation steps taken by the Government of China. A goodly sprinkling of uniformed men were present, some who had seen service and even others who had undergone the horrors of these same German prison camps.

Captain Tells Of Tortures

One of the latter, Captain J. Gurney of the British army, who is on his way to the Siberian front with 27 other British officers, rose from the audience and recounted several of his experiences while a prisoner of war and spoke a word "for the men who were tortured."

"They insulted the officers but they tortured the men," said Captain Gurney.

Every seat in the hall was taken; standing room was at a premium on the floor and in the gallery; the aisles were thronged and those who came late heard the speeches and voted from vantage points in the doorways. Chinese lined the opposite sidewalk.

Representatives of Allied countries were on the speakers' platform. They were Sir Everard Fraser, Consul-General D. Siffert for Belgium, Admiral Tsai Ting-kan, Consul-General A. Wilden for France, Brazilian Consul Hugo Reiss, Consul-General G. de Rossi for Italy, Judge Charles S. Lobingier of the United States Court for China, Vice-Consul K. Kishi, for Japan, Consul-General V. Grosse for Russia, Chairman E. C. Pearce of the Municipal Council and Messrs. A. W. Burkill, Ed. White and H. G. Simms.

The speakers were Sir Everard Fraser, Mr. Siffert, Mr. Wilden, Mr. Pearce, Mr. Burkill, Mr. Simms, Dr. H. C. Patrick and Capt. Gurney. They sounded the same note—condemnation of Germany's shameful treatment of Allied prisoners and no exemptions from repatriation.

Respects To German Doctors

The German doctors of Shanghai came in for a goodly share of attention from speakers, and the German missionaries were not forgotten.

The audience was enthusiastic, then thoughtful; cheering, then deathly silent. When Mr. Wilden told of the crimes perpetrated upon the women of Lille and vividly portrayed their terror, fear, suffering and shame, the crowded hall was impressively silent.

"French husbands and French mothers will never forget nor forgive the deportations from Lille," said Mr. Wilden. "The French people shall never forget the several thousands of honest and pure girls who were forced to associate with prostitutes and submitted to the most humiliating and secret examinations by German army doctors."

He read a portion of a letter received yesterday morning from his father-in-law, a medical officer in the army of France, and dramatically concluded, with a voice tense with emotion, "This explains the feeling of the French people."

Captain Gurney was no less impressive and the other speakers were equally eloquent.

Challenge To German Doctors

Dr. Patrick sounded a note of defiance on behalf of Allied physicians

(Continued on Page 8)

THE RESOLUTIONS

This assembly of members of civilised nations records the sense of horror and indignation with which it has learned of the inhuman treatment to which prisoners of war have been subjected by the enemy powers— treatment of such brutality as would shame the most barbarous race —and, while expressing its deep sympathy with the survivors and its commiseration with the relatives of those who succumbed, desires the Chairman to convey to the representatives of the Allied Powers the request that they impress upon their respective Governments its conviction of the necessity of bringing the instigators and perpetrators of such an outrage on civilisation to a punishment commensurate with the heinousness of their crimes, in accordance with the usage of civilised nations towards common malefactors.

This assembly of Shanghai residents expresses its appreciation of the action of the Chinese Government in repatriating the Germans resident in China, at the same time voicing the hope that no exemptions will be granted, and that no Germans will re-enter China until such time as may be agreed upon by the Allies; and that the Chairman be requested to ask his Allied colleagues to telegraph this resolution to their respective Ministers for communication to the Chinese Government.

Customs Men Meet At Palace Today

Members Of Outdoor Staff Will Make Concerted Attempt To Better Working Conditions

Members of the outdoor staff of the Chinese Maritime Customs will meet at the Palace Hotel this afternoon to discuss methods of bettering their present working conditions.

The matter has been under discussion for the past two weeks among the men but this afternoon's meeting will be the first concerted expression of grievances and requests for better working conditions.

The meeting will start at six o'clock and will be held in the banquet hall on the fifth floor.

Lord Jellicoe Sails On Tour Of World

Leaves On Battle-Cruiser New Zealand Accompanied By His Wife

(Reuter's Agency War Service)

London, February 21.—The battle-cruiser New Zealand with Admiral Lord Jellicoe and Lady Jellicoe sailed from Portsmouth this afternoon in a blinding rainstorm and south-westerly gale.

Japan Will Suspend Arms Agreement?

Tokio Paper Says Secret Deal Made With Tuan Will Be Abolished

(Reuter's Pacific Service)

Tokio, February 23.—The Asahi states that the Government has instructed General Saito in Peking to acquaint Tuan Chi-jui with the decision of the Government to suspend the Convention of the Arms Supplying Agreement now that hostilities have ceased and Siberia is expected soon to resume a normal condition. This suspension is understood to be preliminary to the ultimate abolition of the agreement in the near future.

CHINESE SOLDIERS SHOT FOR ATTACK ON CONSUL

Fourteen Who Took Part In Assault At Wuchow Pay Death Penalty

(Reuter's Pacific Service)

Hongkong, February 23.—In connection with the recent incident at Wuchow, the Chinese Magistrate there summarily arrested and shot fourteen Chinese soldiers who were implicated in the disturbance in which His Majesty's Consul was treated with indignity.

Home-Made 'Old Glory' Greets Yanks In Luxemburg

OLD GLORY GREETS YANKS IN LUXEMBURG.
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When the American Army of Occupation passed through the Duchy of Luxemburg on its triumphant march to the Rhine, American flags greeted them everywhere. All the flags were home made and differed in style. The one shown in the photograph has only eleven stripes and they are placed wrong, and eleven stars. Yet the Yanks gave a hearty cheer for the grand old flag and for the good intentions of the Luxemburger who displayed it.

MILITARISTS IN PEKING MAKE VEILED THREATS

Have Troops Packed Around Capital To Enforce Taking Of Japanese Loan

(CHINA PRESS OWN SERVICE)

Peking, February 24.—A high Chinese official intimate with the actualities of the situation as it exists today in an interview expressed the opinion that the present situation is the gravest in the recent history of China.

He pointed out that President Hsu Shih-chang is absolutely alone in Peking unsupported by even a corporal's guard, while the militarists occupy the strongest positions administratively and strategically. Thus, at this moment the militarists have 25,000 troops strategically placed so as to overawe Peking and make the President's position untenable.

They are pressing the President to accept the Japanese loan of $17,000,000, otherwise the conduct of the troops cannot be guaranteed. This is virtually a threat which the President can ignore only at the peril of the militarists' displeasure, expressible in terms of lawlessness.

The official interviewed considers it absolutely necessary that the Shanghai peace conference back up the President wholeheartedly. It is especially necessary that any elements of Southern disunion disappear. Whether such elements exist is not known here, but it is strongly suspected anyway that the militarists are counting on such developments and are magnifying them to serve their own ends.

"The President must have wholehearted, open explicit support from the whole country or he will be working with paralysed limbs," said my informant.

British Miners Want Immediate Reply

Lloyd George Asks Them To Agree To Government Investigation Of Their Demands

(Reuter's Agency War Service)

London, February 20.—At a conference today with the Executive of the Miners Federation, Mr. Lloyd George stated that the Government is prepared to appoint immediately a Royal Commission with full powers of investigation to report on hours and wages not later than March 31 and on questions of nationalisation at some later date.

Mr. Smillie stated that the Federation might be willing to defer the decision on nationalisation but they must press for an immediate reply to their demands for an increase of 30 percent in wages and reduction of hours.

The Premier replied that the Government is not able to give such a concession without inquiry and proposed an immediate and thorough investigation and invited the executive to nominate representatives to serve on the Royal Commission.

Mr. Smillie stated that the Executive of the Miners' Federation would consider the suggestion, adding that the executive was unable to reach a final decision on the matter without a conference of delegates.

SENATORS CRITICISE LEAGUE OF NATIONS

Borah, Republican, Attacks It As Violating American Policy Of Isolation

(Reuter's Agency War Service)

Washington, February 22.—In the Senate the Republican, Senator Sherman, introduced a resolution calling on President Wilson to preserve an unbiassed mind until he had discussed the League of Nations with the Senate.

The Republican Senator, Borah, attacked the League of Nations as a most radical departure in the American policy of avoiding entangling relations. He said that Article X of the Constitution of the League would make the United States one of the guarantors of the territorial integrity of the British Empire. He declared that the League was the greatest triumph of British diplomacy for three centuries and that the scheme had been taken almost bodily from the Constitution proposed by General Smuts while the recognition by the League of the voting power of the British Dominions gave the greatest commercial rival of America five votes to the United States' one.

TO TRY GERMAN GENERAL FOR ARMENIAN MASSACRE

D'Esperey Orders Prosecution Of Von Sanders For Ordering Murders

(Reuter's Agency War Service)

London, February 21.—A message from Constantinople states that the Allied Generalissimo D'Esperey has ordered the German General, Liman von Sanders, to stand his trial for ordering the Armenian and Syrian massacres during war-time.

NO NEGOTIATIONS OVER MONGOLIA, SAYS JAPAN

Tokio Telegram Asserts Report Is Being Circulated As German Propaganda

(Reuter's Pacific Service)

Tokio, February 23.—The report that negotiations are proceeding for Japan to take over Russian rights and privileges in Outer Mongolia is officially and emphatically denied. It is stated authoritatively that the report is of German origin for the purpose of prejudicing Japan. German propaganda inimical to Japan is known to be very active in Russia and America.

ALLIED COMMITTEE UNABLE TO AGREE ON GERMAN BILL

Question Is Referred Back To Whole Conference For Decision

WHAT CAN IT PAY?

America Thinks Indemnity Should Cover Only Damage From War

NOT TOTAL COSTS

Pointed Out Enemy Cannot Make Good Whole Expense Of Allies

(Reuter's Agency War Service)

Paris, February 21.—With reference to the action of the Reparation Committee in sending back to the Supreme Council the problem of deciding what constitutes reparation, Reuter's Agency learns that it is realised that it is impossible for Germany to pay the total costs of the war of all the Allies and it is for the Conference to decide what sum Germany should be called on to pay.

This, when obtained, will be divided among the Allies proportionately and it is not anticipated that the division of the amount will present formidable difficulties. It is generally recognised that countries like Belgium, whose industries have been totally destroyed, have the first claim.

American View Differs

M. Tardieu tonight said that the British and French delegates considered that Germany should be held responsible for all the costs of the war while America was of opinion that only the actual damages arising from the war should be demanded. M. Tardieu added that it was calculated that 450,000 private houses have been destroyed in France and their cost must be computed not at the prices ruling before the war but at present rebuilding prices.

M. Tardieu added that he did not believe that the Conference would make sufficient progress to enable the German delegates to be summoned to Paris for the signature of the preliminary treaty of peace within a fortnight of President Wilson's return, but progress was being made faster than was anticipated.

Reuter's Agency learns that the interpretation of reparation agreed by the Reparation Committee includes indemnities.

Question Of Rhineland

Paris, February 20, 7 p.m.—The Council of Ten now will probably defer consideration of the Russian question for several days while the problem of the Adriatic will doubtless be held until Signor Orlando's return from Rome.

Various small questions remain to be considered by the Council, notably Schleswig, Palestine and Morocco but there is only one vital question entirely untouched, namely the Rhine.

The French, British and Americans are entirely agreed concerning the necessity of removing the German menace and any dissimilarity of view arises from the method of securing its removal.

The French want the Rhine as a strategic frontier while the British think the menace can be removed by the disarmament of Germany and other safeguards under the League of Nations.

Lloyd George To Stay In England

London, February 20.—The Premier has decided to remain in England for the present and will not return to France before the 28th.

An influential committee of members of the House of Commons and others has been formed for the purpose of arranging a comprehensive scheme of beacon flares throughout the country in celebration of Peace Day.

London, February 20.—An official communique from Paris today announces:

The Commission on International Labor Legislation continued the discussion of the British scheme and considered the method of ratification and enforcement by different States of the conventions

adopted by the International Labor Conference.

The Sub-Commission on Ports, Water-ways and Railways today interchanged views on amendments, to the British draft of the Convention on Freedom of Transit which were proposed by delegations representing the United States, France, Italy, Greece and Portugal. The discussion of the first half of the draft was completed.

Labor Commission Meets

London, February 21.—An official communique from Paris today announces:

The International Labor Legislation Commission today continued the examination of the British scheme, especially concerning any country failing to carry out the provisions of the International Labor Convention to which it is a party.

The Inter-Allied Sub-Commission on Ports, Waterways and Railways today continued to examine the British and French drafts regarding the administration of international rivers.

Allies To Recognise Poland's Government

(French Wireless)

Paris, February 22.—(Via Lyons and Koukaza). The meeting of the ministers of the Allied and Associated Powers was held yesterday afternoon under the presidency of M. Pichon. The creation of an intermediary zone between the Hungarians and the Rumanians in Transylvania was referred back to the Supreme Council at Versailles.

Recognition of the Polish Government by the Allies was decided upon.

The Minister for Denmark expounded the Danish point of view relative to Schleswig. The study of this question was referred to a commission.

The delegation from Lebanon was heard during the meeting today.

Paris, February 22.—(Via Lyons and Koukaza). A message from Zurich to Le Matin says that the delegates to the Peace Conference representing Hungary will be Count Karolyi, as well as the ministers Berinky, Garani and Kunsi.

Political circles in Weimar report that the Minister of State, Herr David, will be included in the German Peace Delegation.

Various Commissions Working

Paris, February 23.—(Via Lyons and Koukaza). The Ministers of the Allied and Associated Powers held a meeting on Saturday afternoon at the Quai d'Orsay from 3 o'clock to 5:30. The meeting examined the methods of labor of the commissions to which have been entrusted the study of different territorial, economic, financial and jurisdictional problems. It agreed upon the proper circumstances to hasten, in every possible manner, the labors of the Conference.

The next meeting will take place on Monday at 3 p.m.

The newspapers add that the Committee of the Conference wished to summarise the results secured and to review the discussions. From the beginning of the Conference other committees have been appointed as it gradually proceeded with its labors and this has resulted in commissions to examine the territorial claims of Rumania, the Czecho-Slovaks, Belgium and Servia. These commissions have labored and have reached a certain number of decisions which it was interesting to see as a whole. The Committee on Saturday took up the question of the measures to be taken to expedite the studies of the Conference.

CLAIMS OF ARMENIA

(Reuter's Agency War Service)

Paris, February 21.—Boghos Nubar Pasha, the spokesman of the Armenian Nationalist Party, states that the claims of Armenia which the Peace Conference will hear shortly are that the belt of territory across Asia Minor from Messina to the Georgian frontier, comprising Cicilia and Armenia and the vilayets of Erzeroum, Bitlis, Van, Diarbekir, Kharput and Siwas, should be formed into an Armenian National State under the guarantee of the League of Nations, with a Great Power as the mandatory. The Armenians also ask for the port of Trebizond and part of the vilayet of Yrebizond. The existing Armenian republic of the Caucasus will naturally form part of the new State.

British Can Convict 20 U-Boat Captain

London, February 21.—Reuter's correspondent learns that the Commission which investigated the submarine atrocities procured sufficient evidence to convict twenty submarine Commanders of murder. Seven Commanders have the worst records and it is the general opinion that their surrender to public trial by an Allied Naval Tribunal should be included in the terms of the armistice.

GENERAL DENIKIN'S ARMY ON SHORES OF CASPIAN

Bolsheviki Trying To Defeat Allies At Archangel To Free Troops For South

(Reuter's Agency War Service)

London, February 21.—The Times correspondent at Constantinople, in a message dated the 17th, states that General Denikin has reached Brjanskoe, on the Caspian, and the 11th Bolshevist army has been routed.

London, February 20.—In the House of Lords today Lord Curzon declared that the Bolshevists were trying to dispose of the provincial governments one by one and wanted to release their Northern forces for service against General Denikin.

Lord Peel, speaking for the War Office, stated that the recent retirement on the Archangel front was carried out with very small losses while the enemy suffered heavily. There was no immediate anxiety with regard to the safety of the forces, although, if the Bolsheviki persisted, reinforcements might be necessary.

Our troops had suffered comparatively little from sickness and there had been few cases of frostbite owing to the co-operation of Sir Ernest Shackelton in training the troops.

In the Ukraine, owing to the recent dissensions in the Government, nearly the whole country, except a small strip along the coast of the Sea of Azov and the provinces of Poltava, Podolia, Volhynia and Kieff, is in the hands of the Bolsheviki. Doubt is expressed whether the quantities of stores which induced the Bolshevik invasion actually exist as the country has not really been cultivated for two years.

In Poland local fighting is going on in Posen. The Poles on the eastern frontier are replacing the demoralised Germans with the object of stemming the advance of the Bolsheviki. Negotiations are proceeding at Lemberg between the Poles and the Ukrainians for an armistice although the latter are intermittently bombarding the town.

In the Baltic provinces little change is reported. Before leaving Riga the Germans handed over to the Bolsheviki numbers of heavy trench mortars in exchange for rolling-stock to enable the transportation of the troops to Germany.

Bolshevik Transportation Bad

(Reuter's Pacific Service)

Harbin, February 22.—According to the local paper Vestnik Manchguria, the Bolshevik system of transportation is now in a deplorable state owing to the lack of rolling stock, coal and engines. They are now unable even to provide for military trains.

A Bolshevik movement recently broke out in the regions of Achins and Eniseisk, near Chernososka Station, west of Achinsk, but the 10th regiment of the Siberian army managed to quelch the disorders and occupy all important spots as well as the railway bridge. In the region of Enseisk, sixty versts southeast of the town of Eniseisk, the Government troops carried the village of Kazino, which was strongly defended by 500 Bolsheviki.

The railway line between Omsk and Irkutsk is being guarded by two divisions of Czecho-Slovaks.

Obituary

Mrs. F. W. Sutterle

The many friends of the family in Shanghai and throughout the East will join with us in expressing the deepest sympathy over the death last night of Mrs. Abigail A. Sutterle, wife of Mr. F. W. Sutterle of this city. The deceased lady, who was 55 years of age, was born in Philadelphia, U.S.A., and had been a resident of Shanghai for the last 19 years. She was a member of the American Woman's Club and took an active part in local charitable work. Besides the bereaved husband, she is survived by her son and daughter-in-law, Mr. and Mrs. F. W. Sutterle, Jr., and three grandchildren.

The funeral will take place at Bubbling Well Cemetery this afternoon at 4:30 o'clock. All friends are invited to attend.

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CLEMENCEAU'S CONDITION CONTINUES IMPROVING

Dresses Himself, Eats Hearty Breakfast And Goes For A Walk

(French Wireless)

Paris, February 22.—(Via Lyons and Koukaza). The doctors attending M. Clemenceau issued the following bulletin this morning:

The general and local state of the patient is satisfactory. Temperature 37.1; pulse 68.

Nevertheless, in declaring the state of the Premier's health to be improving, his medical advisers forbid him to receive visitors except members of his family and his collaborators.

Paris, February 23.—(Via Lyons and Koukaza). M. Clemenceau's health continues to be satisfactory. However, his medical advisers have again compelled him to remain in his house and to spare himself a great number of visits. It is estimated that within a few days the bullet will be encysted and then the President of the Council will be able to resume his work partially.

(Reuter's Agency War Service)

Paris, February 20.—M. Clemenceau passed a quiet night. It is authoritatively declared that the bullet lodged in the top of the right lung, which was touched.

Cottin will be tried at the Assizes under the law of 1893, by which the assault is liable to the death penalty.

M. Clemenceau spent a short time in the garden today. His doctors state that the Premier's condition could not be better and they are very satisfied, although the wound is more serious than was at first supposed. The bullet will not be extracted but will probably be encysted without complications.

M. Clemenceau's absence from the meetings of the Peace Conference is likely to be prolonged for his condition is undeniably much worse that was at first expected.

Paris, February 21.—M. Clemenceau slept for five hours last night, rose at 6 a.m. dressed himself, went for a walk and ate a hearty breakfast. He is improving every hour.

M. Poincare had a long conversation with M. Clemenceau this afternon. M. Clemenceau sleeps in an armchair as lying down causes him to cough, but his condition is satisfactory.

London, February 21.—Press Bureau. The Speaker of the House of Commons has telegraphed to M. Clemenceau:

"As the mouth-piece of the House of Commons, I offer the sincerest congratulations on your escape from the assassin's bullet and an expression of the fervent hope that you will shortly be restored, for the sake of France, her Allies and the peace of Europe, to the full exercise of your unrivalled powers."

U.S. AND ITALY SUPPORT JAPAN ON RACE ISSUE

Tokio Suggests Principle Of Universal Enforcement Of Open Door Policy

(Reuter's Pacific Service)

Tokio, February 22.—The abolition of racial discrimination continues to be the topic of discussion in the press and in other circles. Along with it, great importance is attached to the necessity of universal and practical enforcement of the principles of the Open Door and equality of opportunities.

The Anglo-Japanese Alliance is based on those principles but its scope is limited to China. It is argued that they must be extended and applied to all other world questions and emigration, coasting-trade and customs tariffs must be adjusted on the basis of those principles. This effected, the causes of international disputes would be almost exhaustively removed, resulting in world peace on a lasting basis.

Racial discrimination is widely believed to be chiefly a question of economics and, if so, it is contended that there is additional reason for effectively and faithfully carrying out in practice the two above-mentioned principles.

America and Italy are found to be supporting Japan in the matter of the abolition of racial discrimination. One of the serious causes of the difficulty in the solution of this question in believed to be a misunderstanding or a want of full knowledge concerning the actual standard of Japanese labor, the rise of which in recent years has been remarkable, fully justifying equality with white labor.

Japan would welcome an impartial investigation by Western nations of this point and the Peace Conference at Paris is believed to offer the happiest occasion for finding an effective solution of this subject.

Tokio, February 23.—The leading papers this morning publish articles on the attitude of Japan regarding a universal open door policy on almost exactly the same lines as the message telegraphed yesterday. They believe that the principle of reciprocity in this respect will be upheld by Baron Makino in accordance with his instructions.

Spirit Allowance Raised By Britain

(Reuter's Agency War Service)

London, February 21.—A communique issued by the Press Bureau states that it has been decided that the quantity of spirits to be released shall be increased by fifty percent.

33 Enemy Subjects Here From Chefoo

More Are Due Here Tomorrow And Every Day This Week

Reports on the arrival of Teuton subjects in Shanghai for repatriation continue to pour into the office of the Bureau for the Repatriation of Enemy Subjects, 121 Bubbling Well Road. Thirty-three enemy subjects from Chefoo reached Shanghai yesterday on the China Merchants' steamer Hsinming for repatriation. They were given quarters at the Poo Yi Industrial Home, Nantao, under police guards.

About 40 Teutons will leave Tsinanfu and Tungling, Shantung, tomorrow. Fifteen from Mukden and 250 from Nanking leave for Shanghai today. Thirty-five enemy subjects, residents of Heilungkiang, arrived in Nanking yesterday. They will arrive in Shanghai early this morning, having left the provincial capital by the eleven o'clock train last night.

American Financier Will Arrive Friday

Mr. John J. Abbott, Chicago Banker, Coming On Fushimi Maru

Mr. John J. Abbott, Chicago financier who is coming to China to investigate conditions for a group of American bankers, will arrive here on the Fushimi Maru next Friday. Mr. Abbott will make a survey of banking conditions here prior to going to Peking.

FREIGHT RATES DROP

The predicted reduction in freight rates from Shanghai to the West Coast of America was announced officially yesterday when tariff sheet number 13 was distributed to shippers by agents of steamship lines holding membership in the local branch of the Hongkong Conference.

General cargo dropped from G.$30 to G.$20 per ton and the rate on deck cargo was lowered from G.$20 to G.$10 per ton.

The tariff sheet announces that the rates were effective February 17 or eight days ago.

THINKS THEY SAVED HER BABY'S LIFE

Canadian mothers have known and trusted Baby's Own Tablets for years. Here is one such mother's experience: "I think I can thank Baby's Own Tablets for my baby's life. He was badly constipated, but after giving him the Tablets they relieved him almost at once. I also find them good when he is at all restless and I feel that I cannot say too much in their favour" writes Mrs. John N. Pringle, Forest Falls, Ontario.

To mothers everywhere Baby's Own Tablets, the Canadian children's remedy, are a real friend. They gently regulate the bowels, make teething easy, are a specific for colic, diarrhoea, indigestion, simple fever and worms. Contain no opiates, are guaranteed absolutely harmless for the youngest child. Of chemists, also post free, 60 cents the vial, from The Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., 96 Szechuen Road, Shanghai.

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Shakespeare makes Caesar say:

"The fault, dear Brutus, is not in our stars, but in ourselves, that we are underlings."

IT takes COURAGE and SELF-CONTROL for a man, especially a young man, to persist in laying away money each pay day, instead of spending it as he goes.

But it is this courage and willingness to DO WITHOUT the unnecessary things that would come between him and SYSTEMATIC SAVING that in the long run will tell the story.

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SAYS MILITARY PARASITE IS BRINGING CHINA TO RUIN

Must Be Assisted To Rid Herself Of It, Says Hongkong Bank Chairman

(Reuter's Pacific Service)

Hongkong, February 23.—Addressing the shareholders of the Hongkong and Shanghai Banking Corporation at their annual meeting the Chairman, referring to the remarkable series of amalgamations among the leading English joint stock banks, said that the directors are firmly of opinion that the Hongkong Bank should maintain perfect freedom and in no way barter its liberty of action or merge its identity in that of a partner.

They believed that all the advantages claimed by amalgamations can be secured without any sacrifice of independence by friendly alliances or working arrangements with banks operating in other spheres than theirs.

Referring to the Chinese Maritime Customs, the Chairman, Mr. P. H. Holyoak, said:

"I feel I cannot pass over without reference the subject of the highly regrettable public attack recently made against the head of the service by one of its members, which is apt to create an erroneous impression among those who are not conversant with the great value of the work done for China by the Customs Service.

"In an administration which is the growth of 60 years, the Maritime Customs has been the financial sheet-anchor of China for the past 30 years and the foundation of her abroad.

"The honorable record of its administration has become a tradition which all of us would be sorry to see disturbed by attacks of this nature."

The Chairman emphasised the very serious deterioration in the financial position of China which a review of the past 12 months revealed. The exactions of futile civil wars, chiefly kept up for the benefit of rapacious and despotic tuchuns, and the maintenance of a huge army have imposed upon the Central Government a monthly burden of $15,000,000. Until China is relieved of this military tyranny, all her efforts at financial or administrative reform will clearly be fruitless.

"China cannot go on borrowing forever and, at a time when all the resources of the world are wanted for the urgent needs of reconstruction, she can expect little assistance from outside. Assistance she must have to rid her of the military parasite which is draining the vitality of the country and paralysing every effort of reform. It is earnestly hoped in this, as in other respects, that the claims of China, which cannot be ignored in any scheme of world reconstruction, should be accorded the consideration which is their due by the Conference at Versailles."

Experience has abundantly proved that the only path for China lies in economy, the patient development of her own resources, the employment of capable and sympathetic foreigners, not as advisers but as executive officials with the power to carry out necessary reforms, and, above all, the sinking of party differences for the common good.

Referring to trade, the Chairman concluded:

"The artificial conditions and restrictions under which trade has been carried on during the past year and the volume of trade that has been done notwithstanding inspire one to believe that, when once the transitory stage from war to peace has been passed, the future will hold even greater possibilities for trade than heretofore."

JAPAN TO PUT END TO OPIUM IN ITS SPHERES

Explains Monopoly Was Originally Established In Formosa To Curb Smoking

(Reuter's Pacific Service)

Tokio, February 22.—Regarding the abolition of the Government opium monopoly, it is authoritatively explained that the monopoly system was first established in Formosa in 1897, solely for the purpose of reducing the habit of smoking opium, but it has now proved to have been utterly ineffective.

On the other hand, the opium sold by the Formosan Government has been smuggled into Fukien and other provinces of China. Consequently it has been decided to abolish the Formosa monopoly simultaneously with the Kwantung and Tsingtau monopolies.

The opium-smokers, all Chinese, in both places now number 25,000. The disposal of the stock of opium actually held by the offices of the monopoly will receive very careful attention. When finally the necessary measures are consummated the Japanese Government will notify Peking, which is expected to be soon.

Concert For B.W.W.A.

Assisted by two local singers, Mrs. Thoresen and Mr. Brown, the Zimro Sextet will give a concert at the home of Lady Fraser, wife of the British Consul-General, this afternoon in aid of the British Women's Work Association.

The entire proceeds will go to the purchase of stocks for the B.W.W.A. godowns which were depleted because of the immediate need of sending supplies to Vladivostok following the destruction of the British warehouses there by fire.

Tea will be served at 4:30 o'clock and an excellent musical program will follow. The artists participating are giving their services gratuitously.

Tickets at five dollars are on sale at Moutrie's and by members of the Committee of the B.W.W.A.

The program follows:

I. Tschaikowsky—Quartet Op. 1, D major, strings only.
(a) Andante Cantabile.
(b) Scherzo.
Messrs. Mistechkin, Moldavan, Cherniavsky and Miss Elfrida Boss.
II. Songs.....Mrs. Thoresen.
III. Tschaikowsky—
(a) Russian Dance from the Ballet "Swans Lake."
(b) Autumn Songs.
Solo Clarionet.....Mr. S. Bellison.
IV. Glinka, Romance.
Tome, Le Reve.
Brahms, Slavonic Dance, No. 6.
Messrs. Mistechkin, Cherniavsky and Berdichevski.
Interval.
V. Dvorak Humoresque.
Kreisler, Tambourin Chinois.
Solo Violin.....Miss Elfrida Boss.
VI. Bergoles. Arie.
Glazounoff, Chant du Ménestre.
Solo 'Cello.....M. Cherniavsky.
VII. Songs.....Mr. Brown.
VIII. Gan. Ecstacy.
Brahms, Dance No. 5.
Messrs. Moldavan, Cherniavsky and Berdichevski.

Turkish Loss In War Nearly Million Men

486,000 Were Killed Or Died From Wounds, 407,000 Were Wounded

(French Wireless)

Paris, February 23.—(Via Lyons and Koukaza). A message from Constantinople says that, according to the Turkish official statistics, the total losses of the Ottoman army from the beginning of the war till the end of 1918 are as follows:

Killed or dead from sickness or as the result of wounds: 5,550 officers, 431,424 men.

Wounded: 407,772 officers and men.

Prisoners and missing: 3,030 officers, 100,701 men.

U.S. Opens Trade With Ex-German Colonies

War Board To Permit Commerce With Possessions Of Berlin As In 1914

(Reuter's Agency War Service)

Washington, February 21.—The War Trade Board permits the immediate resumption of trade between the United States and the colonial possessions Germany held in 1914.

BRITISH BATTALIONS IN EAST TO BE RELIEVED

Troops To Be Brought Back From India And Asiatic Orient

(Reuter's Agency War Service)

London, February 18.—In the House of Commons today, replying to Colonel Burn and Mr. John Jones, Mr. F. E. Guest admitted there was urgent necessity to bring back the territorial battalions from India and the Far East as early as possible. A certain proportion would be returned to England at a comparatively early date and the troops for their relief were being collected as rapidly as possible, but some time must elapse before they are ready to leave England.

JAPANESE DIET TO LOWER SUFFRAGE QUALIFICATION

Demonstrations For Universal Right To Vote Become Regular In Japan

(Reuter's Pacific Service)

Tokio, February 23.—The most prominent feature of the revised law for the election of members of the House of Representatives now before the House of Representatives is the lowering of the property qualification of Yen 10 direct national tax annually to Yen. 3. Demonstrations for universal suffrage and also for the participation of labor in politics are a noteworthy phenomena in home politics here.

Ministers' Election Bill Passes Commons

(Reuter's Agency War Service)

London, February 21.—The House of Commons has passed the third reading of the Re-Election of Ministers Bill.

Chaplin At The Apollo

Charlie Chaplin was seen at the Apollo Theater last night in "Shoulder Arms," by far the greatest picture ever seen here with Chaplin in the lead. A big house saw the film.

"Shoulder Arms" is a war comedy, a burlesque of the doughboy, his training and equipment, and Chaplin has several original ideas about making the world a safe place in which to live.

Charlie captured the Kaiser and von Hindenburg soon after he landed in France after a strenuous training-camp career. And throughout the three reels of Charlie's exploits in the army the theater, packed to its capacity, roared. The laughs will continue tonight, tomorrow night and Thursday.

POLISH DIET SPLITS ON ELECTION OF PRESIDENT

Violent Struggle Develops With Peasants And Socialists Opposing National Party

(American Press Wireless)

Warsaw via Lyons, February 20.—The following is a report of Mr. John Bass, American press representative with the American Mission to Poland:

At the meeting of the Polish Diet on Friday a violent struggle developed over the Presidency between the National Party on the one side and the Peasants' Party and Socialists on the other. On the second ballot the Peasant vote split under the leadership of M. Elizinski and a National representative, M. Arompiziniski, a leading Polish deputy of the former German Reichstag, was elected by a vote of 155 to 149, defeating the Peasants' Party candidate, M. Vites.

The announcement of the election result was followed by wild shouts from the Center and Left of "You should not have a Peasant for Marshal." The Diet Right comprises 111 National Democrats, 7 Conservatives and 6 Independents. The Center comprises 41 Vites' Peasants' Party, 27 National Populists, under the leadership of M. Blizinski and 11 of the National Working Men's Party. The Left comprises 57 Socialists, under the leadership of M. Thugutiweb, ten other Socialists, 12 members of various other parties, 10 Jews and 2 Germans.

A great struggle will occur in the Diet over the question of the admission of Posnian members. Sixteen members of the former German Reichstag are proposed in addition to seventy-one Polish Germans. The Left will resist the seating of selected deputies, most of whom would go to the Right and the remainder to the Center. The struggle will be between the National Democrats and the Socialists to obtain the Peasants' Center vote. The majority of the Governments so far is small. The situation is complicated by the fact that large numbers of Socialists, Communists, Extremists and Jews failed to participate in the election and are therefore unrepresented.

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BUT DOES NOT LEAVE A STING

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There's a Tycos Thermometer for Every Purpose.

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Made Slightly Larger Then The Average Cigarettes
Westminster Tobacco Co., Ltd. London.

Made Considerably Better Than the Ordinary
Cigarettes

AFTER THE PLEASURE OF BUYING WALK-OVER SHOES, COMES THE PLEASURE OF WEARING THEM

SMART NEW STYLES
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There is a certain amount of real pleasure in knowing that the money you put into a pair of shoes is well invested and there is more pleasure still in wearing shoes your friends admire. WALK-OVER SHOES are the finest of the shoemakers craft. They set the standard for quality and style, and our method of fitting feet get you the comfort.

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WALK-OVER SHOE STORE
"The Store Ahead"
24 NANKING ROAD

LET YOUR NEXT PAIR BE WALK-OVERS

Shanghai Puts On Record Abhorrence Of Atrocities

(Continued from Page 1)

here, admitting that Allied doctors can not cope with the German doctors in waging a campaign of insidious lying and deception and bowing to the supremacy of the German physician in educating patients that doctors of other nationality were inferior to the German. Dr. Patrick then expressed the willingness of the Allied doctors to meet the German physician on any point of professional duty.

Mr. Siffert, who proposed Sir Everard Fraser as chairman, seconded the first resolution and when the second was ready for the house, insisted, "we must be human."

The audience did not know what to expect but Mr. Siffert followed with, "We are sending the enemy subjects to their native lands on lavishly furnished liners; we should see that they have the best medical attention possible on the trip; the German doctors should go."

Sir Everard's Opening Address

Upon taking the chair, Sir Everard said:

"Shanghai was slow to realise the war. That statement may sound old in face of the enthusiasm displayed on several occasions within our memories and especially in face of this spontaneous and democratic gathering. But reference to newspaper files of the twelve months or more after August 4, 1914, establishes its truth.

"This slowness was natural in view of the many ties of business, sport and acquaintanceship that bound us to residents of enemy nationality. We—perhaps I should say the majority of us—regarded the war in those early days, which, owing to the incessant thrills of the crowded history of the last four years, seem so remote, we regarded the war as a struggle of professional forces mitigated by The Hague Conventions.

"It took time to convince us that the war was a matter of intimate concern to every one of us; a struggle big with personal consequence, in which was being fought out the everlasting conflict between right and wrong, in which the highest duty demanded sacrifice and self-denial in the greatest cause known to man—the cause of right and freedom.

"Our conversion from spectators to partisans was wrought by nothing more than by the accumulating proof of the devilish cruelty towards the weak and the helpless in which our enemies gloried.

"And when there reached our ears unassailable proof that The Hague Conventions had been contemptuously cast aside by our foes, that the great law of civilised warfare—good treatment of prisoners—had been ignored, then indeed our hearts were filled with noble rage and we realised that compromise was impossible and that we were involved in a battle.

"The fact that scarce one of us but had relatives and friends facing not only the terrible strain of modern war but also the constant danger of inhuman torture blotted out the last trace of the easy cosmopolitanism of earlier times.

"It is fitting, therefore, now the struggle has ended in victory, that we and our Allied friends should assemble to record our detestation of the treatment meted out to their prisoners by German officialdom—for the cruelties were not any more than the horrible outrages solely the result of individual bestiality—and our hope that those responsible shall be duly punished.

"If you will allow me, I should like in this connection to remind you that contributions to the King's Fund for the Disabled do amount to a proof of practical sympathy with prisoners as well as other soldiers and sailors who have given for us the vigor that makes life splendid."

Mr. Simms Proposes Resolution

Sir Everard then called on Mr. H. G. Simms to propose the first resolution.

Mr. H. G. Simms said: Sir Everard Fraser, ladies and gentlemen: Ever since that eventful August in 1914, Shanghai has taken a deep and practical interest in helping to win the war. First and foremost, through those men who voluntarily went home and joined the Allied armies, secondly, by giving generously of her wealth for war purposes, thirdly, by the steady and continuous effort of the women of Shanghai in supplying comforts and necessaries for the armies in the field and the wounded and sick in the hospitals.

When after more than four years filled with great sorrows and many disappointments, the defeat of Germany was finally accomplished, when the armistice was at last signed, Shanghai with the rest of the world fittingly celebrated that momentous event and rejoiced exceedingly that the days of slaughter had really come to an end.

Thanks to the magnificent courage and devotion of the Allied armies and navies we are now able to say that autocracy has been laid low, that our civilisation has finally triumphed over German barbarism.

Stirred by the details of the devilish cruelties perpetrated on Allied prisoners in enemy territories and by the knowledge that what we read is but a tithe of the crimes which are officially recorded by the Allied Governments, Shanghai once more gives vent to her feelings; feelings of deep sympathy with those prisoners in the terrible sufferings they have been called upon to bear, and of pride in the calm fortitude they displayed under deplorable conditions, conditions deliberately calculated to break them mentally and physically. Feelings of bitter resentment that men who have performed the highest duty to their country, who went through the trials and dangers of the battlefield, should be called upon to face the cruel and humiliating treatment meted out to them in a spirit of revenge and hatred by a perverted nation.

Concrete Example Of Cruelty

I will give you but one example of what is meant by calculated cruelty. I have taken it from "A Minstrel in France" written by a very well known music hall artist from evidence supplied by his only son who was afterwards killed in the war:

"One night," he said, "we had a battalion of the Black Watch on our right, and they made a pretty big raid on the German trenches. It developed into a sizable action for any other war, but one trifling enough and unimportant in this one. Germans had been readier than the Black Watch had supposed and had reinforcements ready and 60 of the Highlanders were captured. The Germans took them back into their trenches and stripped them to the skin. Not a stitch or a rag of clothing did they leave them and, though it was April, it was a bitter night, with a wind to cut even a man warmly clad to the bone.

"All night they kept them there, standing at attention, stark naked, so that they were half-frozen when the grey, cold light of the dawn began to show behind them in the east. And then the Germans laughed, and told their prisoners to go.

"Go on; go back to your own trenches, as you are!" they said.

"The laddies of the Black Watch could scarcely believe their ears, they were about 75 yards between the two trench lines at that point, and the No Man's Land was rough going, all shell pitted as it was. By that time, too, of course, German repair parties had mended all the wire before their trenches. So they faced a rough journey, all naked as they were. But they started.

"They got through the wire, with the Germans laughing fit to kill themselves as the sight of the streaks of blood showing on their white skins as the wire got in its work. They laughed at them. And then, when they were half-way across the No Man's Land they understood, at last, why the Germans had let them go. For fire was opened on them with machine-guns. Everyone was mowed down. Everyone of these poor, naked, bleeding lads was killed, murdered by that treacherous fire from behind!"

Treatment Of Defenseless

Germany's treatment of the defenseless inhabitants of occupied territories during the past four years demands the most practical guarantees that never again can such crimes be committed; that never again will she be in a position to ravage peaceful neighbors. Murder and robbery are not tolerated in the individual. Because these crimes are perpetrated on a wholesale scale are those responsible to escape punishment? Our original formula must be carried out in its entirety—guarantees, restitution and reparation. The only sure guarantee is to take the sword out of Germany's hand and never to return it, because she can never be trusted to wield it honorably. A false move of leniency now means only storing up trouble for future generations. Germany is beaten but she is not repentant.

Remember, ladies and gentlemen, that taking one Ally alone, France, her fatal casualties in the war were 1,300,000, not to mention the devastation which the Hun inflicted on her sacred soil. That is the price which France alone paid for the liberty of the world, a price which entitles her to require unimpeachable security from aggression in the future.

Stern justice demands that the guilty be punished, that the wanton destruction of property wrought by German hordes in the occupied territories and by the German lepers of the sea, be made good by Germany; that she be made to restore everything she has stolen from those territories. Only then will Germany begin to shoulder the full burden of her crimes. Only then will she realise that wars of aggression do not pay.

It must be forcibly brought home to the German people that there can be no forgiveness for brutality; that wanton suffering inflicted on helpless men, women and children cannot be condoned.

Mr. Simms them moved the first resolution.

Mr. Siffert Seconds

In his speech seconding the resolution, Mr. Siffert congratulated those responsible for the meeting.

"I desired a meeting like this three or four years ago," he said. "Public opinion should be expressed loudly when the circumstances demand it. If we held a similar meeting before, our enemies would have been deported before now."

Mr. Siffert submitted that the deportees should be active in impressing upon the people of Germany the responsibility resting upon them for crimes committed during the war.

"Let them tell their own people that they do not like the killing, the murdering and the torturing while they had a life of plenty and liberty," said the senior consul.

He pictured the suffering of Belgium and concluded by heartily seconding Mr. Simms' motion.

Peaceful Penetration In China

Following the unanimous vote accorded the first resolution, Sir Everard said:

"We are all aware how great pains our enemies expended over 'peaceful penetration' in many countries. In none were they more active than in China. When war broke out the results of their propaganda were at once apparent. The failure of the German onrush did not weaken a whit the profound belief of most Chinese in her certain victory. And even when unrestricted submarinism drove China to break off relations, the decision was by no means unanimous. Still less was the declaration of war supported generally; indeed it is said that our local Chinese Chamber of Commerce protested.

"Deportation of enemy subjects having been suspended last year, most people believed that enemy influence had carried the day. Recently, however, came a mandate ordering repatriation. That seems to me, and I think you will agree, a step on which we may well congratulate China, especially as the execution of the mandate has been entrusted to the superintendence of General Lu and to so competent an officer as Admiral Tsai. As in all human affairs, however, in this there is room for objection and evasion and so the subject of exemption from repatriation bristles with pitfalls.

"The German doctrine assiduously spread among the Chinese that the armistice was due to economic pressure and American dollars and that in no long time our enemies will win over the States and take their revenge would fail to convince if China should show herself unbelieving by keeping exemptions for undoubted hard cases of ill-health and similar causes. I will now call upon Mr. Burkill to address you and move the second resolution."

Mr. Burkill's Speech

Mr. A. W. Burkill said: The resolution I now have the honor of proposing, of which you have a copy, is one that should appeal to all; after a long and to many, an inexplicable delay, the Chinese Government is repatriating the Germans and liquidating various enemy accounts, and our appreciation is justly due to the Government for the action, but what we have to do now, is to express in no uncertain manner the strong feeling that should animate all of us, that no exemptions will be granted, and thus nullify the good work the Chinese Government has undertaken.

It seems incredible that there should be people in Shanghai who are so soon forgetful of the awful and almost unrealisable cruelties and atrocities perpetrated by the Germans in the past your years, people who have forgotten the way the Germans in our midst celebrated the sinking of the Lusitania, and that these same Germans have in no way shown that they were not one with the German nation, in fact their behavior all through has only gone to prove that "once a German, always a German."

We have, however, to face the fact that there has been a movement on foot for some time past to exempt the German doctors and why, no one can tell me, but of one thing we may be certain, and that is they will not confine themselves to their medical duties, and as proof of this I have here a letter from a German about to be repatriated appointing a German doctor to act on his behalf.

Further, I am sorry to say, that quite recently certain influential Chinese business men have taken it upon themselves to press for the exemption of various senior Germans, on the plea that their presence is necessary for the welfare of the trade of China.

Lastly, I understand that pressure is being brought on the Chinese Government for the exemption of German missionaries.

Will Continue Propaganda

Now none of these people are wanted or necessary, their presence in China would mean a continuance of that propaganda against the Allies that has been so much in evidence in the past, and to grant exemptions on this free scale will undo the good results that we looked for from the Chinese Government's decision to repatriate Germans in China. We have all of us to do what lies in our power to stop these movements to exempt the most dangerous elements among the Germans, whatever they be, doctors, merchants or missionaries, they are first and all, Germans, and they must all go.

I trust that you will in no uncertain manner endorse the resolution I am proposing and show that the Allied community and their friends in Shanghai are not going to stand for any half measures. Further, I think it is a duty of all those present here to do what they can with their Chinese friends, either business or social, to combat the very regrettable action taken recently by a certain section of the Chinese business men in asking for exemption for the heads of German firms. Regarding the return of Germans to this country after their repatriation, there is little for me to say, that part of the resolution that refers to this, speaks for itself, if we can get all the Germans out of this country, we can trust to the Allied Powers to see that they do not come back again. What we have to stand for is "no exemptions."

The speaker then proposed the second resolution.

Seconded By Mr. Pearce

Mr. Pearce said in part: It is with more than pleasure that I rise to second the resolution so ably proposed by my friend Mr. Burkill.

In the first sentence of the resolution we ask you to express your appreciation of the Chinese Government in repatriating Germans resident in China, do we appreciate the action, or don't we? I say emphatically we do.

We all know that it was no fault of China that Germans were not deported months ago—the halt was called at the last moment due to threatened reprisals upon prisoners in the clutches of that merciless claw of German persecution. The Allied Governments at home knew full well the terrible sufferings our prisoners were undergoing and all honor I say to those governments who were able for one moment to ease the agonies of our poor men, even though we in China may have felt how obnoxious was the mere presence of Germans in our midst.

Now China, with the assistance of Allied ships, has taken the definite step of repatriation. Let the Germans return from whence they came and let them, if they can, crow on their own dung-hill of crime. We ask you therefore to express your appreciation of the action of China's Government.

We also ask you to voice the hope that no exemptions will be granted.

Rumors Of Exemptions

There have been a great many rumors current during the last few days with regard to exemptions but I sincerely hope that this meeting will unanimously record its opinion that no exemptions be made, as by so doing, we shall, I venture to hope, strengthen the hands of those who have already sanctioned the repatriation and thereby deafen their ears to any nonsensical attempt to evade the regulations for repatriation.

When Hongkong interned and then deported all Germans from the Colony, did they make any exceptions? If my memory serves me correctly, none were made! Why, therefore, I ask should China excuse any?

We then ask you that no Germans be permitted to re-enter China until such time as may be agreed upon by the Allied Powers.

Well, ladies and gentlemen, to tell you the truth we don't want them—how can we in this foreign settlement—set aside purposely by the Chinese Government for foreigners to dwell peaceably in—ever be expected to hold out the hand of welcome to representatives of a nation, who has so covered itself with crime—crime did I say—aye worse than crime—murder, rape, a veritable hell let loose—do we want them in this settlement? does Hongkong want them back?—does China want them? I reply again and again, NO! Does Austrialia want them? does India want them? does Canada want them? do the Straits Settlements want them?—with one cry they all say, NO!

We leave it to the good sense of China in collaboration with the Allied Powers to arrange the date for their return—a date I trust I shall never live to see!

If you agree with what both Mr. Burkill and myself have said and pass the resolution—it only remains for our worthy Chairman to move his Allied colleagues to telegraph the resolution to their respective ministers in Peking.

Mr. Wilden Is Called

Mr. Wilden, Consul General for France, said:

"This meeting has been called to allow the Shanghai residents to express their indignation at the barbarous treatment of the prisoners of war by the Germans. Needless to say that all the French people approve, beforehand, any resolution or any motion which will be passed here to that effect. In this war, as you know, France has drained the cup to the bitter end. But nothing among the many atrocities of which she has been the victim, nothing has raised the indignation of the people so much as the way the Germans have behaved towards the inhabitants of the invaded countries and the prisoners of war.

"The deportations of Lille, in the beginning of 1917, will never be forgiven by the French husbands and mothers and I know that this disgust and this repulsion—hate is too noble a word to describe this feeling—shall be transmitted to the future generations. We will never forget that several thousands of honest and pure girls were dragged away from their families, mixed up with prostitutes and submitted by German doctors to the most humiliating and secret examinations. Many of them went mad on the spot, some had to commit suicide. And this was done by regular order of the German authorities.

"Even if the blackguards who are responsible are punished, as I hope they will be, this will not give back their honor to the innocent girls from whom it has been taken; it will not wipe out the past and there will be husbands still who, when looking in the face of their wives—the dear faces they had known bright, cheerful and loving—will only find there terror, fear and shame.

Cites Letter From France

"No later than this morning I received a letter from my father-in-law who is a doctor and has been called to receive in certain railway stations prisoners back from Germany. This is exactly what he says. 'To think that up to the last minute these brutes have tortured our men in their camps. Whatever happens it will be impossible for me to forget up to my last day the awful sights that I have seen in these stations: hundreds of walking skeletons who were too weak to keep in their stomachs the light food which was ready for them.'

"This will explain to you, gentlemen, the feelings of the French in the matter. It will explain to you that, to avoid the recurrence of such horrors, we want to take all the possible guarantees. It will, I hope, throw some light for you in the present state of affairs. For if one based one's opinion on the situation in Paris as represented by the reports of the press that are transmitted to us, the enemy of the world will not be Germany any more but France. The French soldier knows the horrors of war and wants peace, but he has been taught to realise that he must be the keeper of the cage, that cage where the beast is chained and muzzled."

Dr. Patrick Talks

Dr. H. C. Patrick followed the French Consul-General. He denounced the professors at the German Medical College at Woosung for instructing Chinese doctors to believe that German medical men were far superior to those of other nationalities. He said that graduates of the Woosung institution were instructed to ignore men of their profession who were educated in American institutions in China or were graduated from medical colleges abroad. "They were even told to boycott a medical convention where methods were discussed for greater efficiency for Chinese doctors," said the speaker. He maintained that British, French and American engineers, chemists and professional men can well fill the positions made vacant by the repatriation of Germans.

Captain Gurney Tells Experiences

Captain Gurney mounted the platform prior to the passing of the second resolution after the chairman had asked for other speakers. The army officer was accorded a splendid reception.

He lauded the British soldier, paid a tribute to the women of Belgium, and then denounced the cruel treatment to which men in the British army had been subjected. Captain Gurney had no complaint of the actions of the German soldier in the front line but said, "Conditions grew worse the further back we went."

He cited events that came under his observation, described a German army doctor tearing bandages from a wounded officer's leg in order that German soldiers might be amused; aristocratic German women spitting in cups of water before they handed them to English officers and told of a British soldier being tied to a machine-gun for five days and nights, helpless as the German sentry on guard pricked him with his bayonet each time he walked by.

"Ten Russians and six Britishers were allowed to burn to death when the building in which they were imprisoned caught fire," he said.

Captain Gurney described conditions in a hospital where "men simply rotted for lack of care and less wounded British soldiers were forbidden to assist their more unfortunate brothers." In the hospital were 78 helpless prisoners with but two German orderlies in attendance, he said.

The army officer was the last speaker, the audience unanimously passing the second resolution following his talk.

A flash-light picture was taken and the meeting closed with a vote of thanks for the chairman and three cheers for the Allies.

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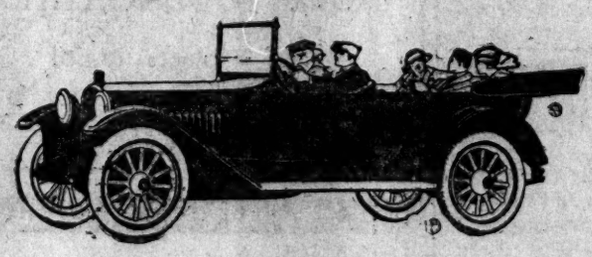

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Standing Of The Teams

	W	L	PC.
Y.M.C.A. Blues	9	2	.818
Training School	6	2	.750
Rowing Club	6	2	.750
American School	2	5	.286
Y.M.C.A. Reds	1	6	.142
U.S. Navy	1	8	.111

The Blues are still at it. Last night the league leaders trampled all over the Navy quintet, winning by a 55-7 score, grasping a firmer hold on the top berth and driving the sailors deeper into the cellar.

Nichols was the heavy scorer for the Blues, getting over half his team's points although in the game but 25 minutes of the forty. Bradley and Siler played great guard positions. At the end of the first half the Blues led 30-4.

In the second game of the double-header, the Rowing Club defeated the Reds by the score of 30-14, thereby stepping into a tie for second place with the Training School. Neprud, Herts and McCloy shone.

The summaries:

Blues 55		Navy 7
Nichols	lf	Pearson
Hearn		
Hening	rf	Connors
Glauque	c	Morris
Siler	lg	Weiner
		Becker
Bradley	rg	McLaughlin
		Ellery
		Nunne

Goals from floor—Nichols, 9; Hearn, Hening, 7; Glauque, 7; Bradley, 2; Pearson, Morris and McLaughlin. Goals from foul line—Morris, Nichols, Bradley, 2. Referee—Kline. Scorer—Henry. Timer—Wong. Time—two 20-minute periods.

Rowing Club 30		Reds 14
Rodger	lf	Herts
		Wilner
Scott	rf	McCloy
Neprud	c	Mills
Kline	lg	Wilner
Price	rg	Adamson
Haskell	rg	Starrett

Goals from floor—Rodger, 3; Scott, 2; Neprud, 3; Kline, McCloy, 4; Starrett. Goals from floor—McCloy, 4; Scott, 2; Referee—Connors. Scorer—Henry. Timer—Wong. Time—two 20-minute periods.

HONGKONG RACE MEET

(Reuter's Pacific Service)

Hongkong, February 24.—1. The Wong Nei Chong Stakes. Half a mile.
1.—Victory Star ..... Hill.
2.—Moonlight ..... Moller.
3.—Dalesman ..... Reid.
Time: 61 2-5 secs.

2.—The Maiden Stakes. Three quarters of a mile.
1.—Wisdom ..... Johnstone.
2.—Grey Mouse ..... Knoll.
3.—Firelight ..... Moller.
Time: 1:35 4-5 sec.

3.—The Victoria Stakes. One mile.
1.—Malcolm ..... Hill.
2.—Spotted Sand ..... Vida.
3.—Sandy ..... Johnstone.
Time: 2:11.

4.—The Valley Stakes. Three quarters of a mile.
1.—Smokebox ..... Knoll.
2.—Burst Length ..... Johnstone.
3.—Torbay ..... Hill.
Time: 1:35 4-5 sec.

5.—The Challence Cup. One mile and three quarters.
1.—Standard Dahlia ..... Burkill.
2.—Black Jack ..... Dalgleish.
3.—Burning Daylight ..... Johnstone.
Time: 3:53 3-5 secs.

6.—The Trial Plate. From two mile post once round and in.
1.—Mountain King ..... Hill.
2.—Alexander ..... Johnstone.
3.—Pink Eye ..... Dalgleish.
Time: 2:24.

7.—The Garrison Cup. One mile.
1.—Starlight ..... Moller.
2.—Cornhill ..... Burkill.
3.—Doubtfull ..... Johnstone.
Time: 2:11 4-5 secs.

8.—The Professional Cup. One mile.
1.—Valley King ..... Hill.
2.—Salamander ..... Crokam.
3.—Formosa Chief ..... Knoll.
Time: 2:18.

9.—The Jockey Club Stakes. One mile and a quarter.
1.—Night Hawk ..... Johnstone.
2.—Triumph ..... Burkill.
3.—Upwood Park ..... Hill.
Time: 2:14 1-5 secs.

10.—The Racing Stakes. Seven furlongs.
1.—Moonlight ..... Moller.
2.—Morning Star ..... Sedgwick.
3.—Victory Star ..... Johnstone.
Time: 1:53 4-5 secs.

PROGRESS IN NEAR EAST UNDER BRITISH RULE

Proud Record Is Accomplished Especially Mesopotamia In Two Years, He Says

(Reuter's Agency War Service)

London, February 20.—In the House of Lords today Earl Curzon, reviewing the great work the British have accomplished in the Near East, said that in Mesopotamia we have been securely established for the past two years and the progress there in irrigation, agriculture, the introduction of agricultural machinery, the education of children and the general development of the country had been amazing. More had been accomplished in two years than had been done in the five preceding centuries. It was a proud record.

Similar work was going on in Palestine and Syria. Some progress had been made. Roads had been constructed, railways laid, wells dug and re-opened and the country is paving its way and enjoying a hitherto unprecedented prosperity which had been unattainable under Turkish rule.

In Armenia the inhabitants were enduring intense hardships owing to the scarcity of provisions and the lack of transport. The missions which had been despatched were doing excellent work and at the present time, in Syria, Palestine and Mesopotamia, Great Britain is feeding 150,000 unhappy refugees. The policy of the Government was to repatriate them but this was impossible until the means of communication have been much improved.

U.S. MAIL OUT TODAY

Letters and parcels damaged when a railway mail car was destroyed by fire at Monroe, Washington, several weeks ago, made up a portion of the 159 sacks arriving on the Canada Maru yesterday. Twenty-three sacks of letter mail arrived on the Canada.

The Harold Dollar, Robert Dollar Company freighter, will take mail to the United States this afternoon. Registered mail will be received up to noon and ordinary mail will close at one o'clock.

The American Post Office announced yesterday that 2,000 sacks from America will arrive Friday on the Fushimi Maru.

Air Navigation Bill Passed By Commons

Achievement Told Of British Plane Which Flies 5,000 Miles Without Stop

(Reuter's Agency War Service)

London, February 21.—The House of Commons has passed the third reading of the Aerial Navigation Bill.

General Seely declared that the Government intended to assist and promote flying in every way possible. He mentioned that a British airship recently remained in the air over 101 hours and, assuming its average speed to be 50 miles an hour, it must have covered over 5,000 miles.

Japanese Naval Men Entertained In Brest

(French Wireless)

Paris, February 22.—(Via Lyons and and Koukaza.) A message from Brest states that a matinee performance at the local theater was given yesterday by the French navy to the officers and men of the Japanese Naval Division at present in Brest. Vice-Admiral Moreau, the Maritime Prefect, assisted by the military and civil authorities, presided.

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During the winter days of extreme and trying exposure, protect your skin by applying a little Pond's Vanishing Cream just before you go out. Rub it lightly into your skin—at once it disappears, leaving no disagreeable shine. With this protection, you can keep your complexion soft, smooth, free from attack by wind and cold, free from redness, roughness and chapping.

The very first application will show you how much your skin is benefited. Pond's Vanishing Cream is wholly different from any other cream you have ever used. It contains no oil and cannot make the skin shiny. Its purpose is to give you a pure greaseless cream for use in the daytime, to protect your skin from dirt, wind and chapping, and for use in the evening or whenever you want your skin to look especially lovely.

Some of the famous women who use it !

Many of the most famous women of the stage use Pond's Vanishing Cream constantly. Among them are Billie Burke, Elsie Ferguson, Frances Starr, Martha Hedman, Elsie Janis, Norma Talmadge, Jane Cowl, Pavlowa, Marion Davies, Mabel Taliaferro, Marjorie Rambeau.

All of the ingredients of Pond's Vanishing Cream have been carefully selected and tested, and only the purest and freshest are used. It will not grow hair or down on the skin. Try it for a week and notice how much lovelier your skin will look.

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PUBLISHED EVERY DAY IN THE YEAR EXCEPT ON MONDAYS AND HOLIDAYS
Home Office, Ford Building, Wilmington, Delaware, U. S. A.
Address all Communications to
THE CHINA PRESS
Publication Office Canton and Kiangse Rd., S'hai
Editorial Offices.. Canton and Kiangse Rd., S'hai
New York Office.....World Building
Washington Bureau Metropolitan Bank Building
Tokio Bureau.....Japan Advertiser Building

SUBSCRIPTION RATES
DAILY AND SUNDAY, per Year...Mex.$28.00
DAILY AND SUNDAY four Months $3.50
SUNDAY, per Year 7.00
Mailed to Outports, 50 cents per month, or Mex. $6.00 per year extra.
Mailed to foreign countries the cost of postage will be added.
Street Sales—Daily 10 cents per copy: Sunday 20 cents per copy.
Entered at the Chinese P. O. for transmission with "special marks" privileges in China.
Entered as second-class mail matter at U. S. Postal Agency, Shanghai, China.
Entered as a newspaper at the Japanese P. O.
Telephone—1432 Business Office.
1495 Editorial Department.
Telegraph Address—NATREMS SHANGHAI.

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WEATHER

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DEATH

SUTTERLE—On Feb. 24th, 1919, at her late residence, No. 123 Bubbling Well Road, Abigail A. Sutterle, dearly beloved wife of Frederick William Sutterle, aged 55 years. The funeral will take place today, Feb. 25th, at 4:30 p.m. at Bubbling Well Cemetery. All friends are invited to attend.

IMPARTIAL AND PROGRESSIVE

SHANGHAI, FEBRUARY 25, 1919

Vindictiveness And Greed, Or Justice And Fairplay

Editor, THE CHINA PRESS

Dear Sir.—For many years, I have been a student of America and of her institutions.

During my visits to the States, both before and during the war, I have tried to find the real causes of the anti-British tendencies of the people. Our ideals—those of George Washington and of Lincoln—were identical, and yet hostility persistently existed.

I was finally forced to the conclusion that the masses of the American people were unable to judge British actions and statements without prejudice.

This was not entirely their own fault, for every child seemed to leave school with this prejudice. It was cultivated partly by the school histories, some of which were written by Germans, and which notoriously did injustice to the British nation, whose sympathy, and whose opposition to the "King's Party," alone enabled the States to gain their independence.

Admiral Simms states that when he spoke of the enormous effort our "scrap of an island was making during the war," it provoked much criticism in the States. This was to be expected.

Prejudice causes a people to accept calumny as fact and to reject eulogy without judgment.

There is a good illustration of the effect of this prejudice in the article which you publish this morning, written by John F. Moors.

I am a political opponent of Lloyd George, but when Mr. Moors says that our Premier sought re-election by appealing to the "Spirit of vindictiveness and greed" of our people, I know that he libels a man of the highest ideals and the whole British nation.

In America, reparation by a barbarous criminal and the payment, "as far as he is able" of the costs, would be called justice, but when the demand is made by a British minister, it shows the "spirit of vindictiveness and greed."

It is sad to think that, if this prejudice had not existed, the League of Nations would have been unnecessary, for the power of the free nations of the British Empire, united with that of the United States would have been sufficient to enforce justice and peace. Yours sincerely,

AN ENGLISHMAN.

Shanghai, February 23, 1919.

The article quoted by our correspondent was written in defense of President Wilson's policies against the bitter attacks of the President's American critics. The writer quoted Viscount Grey, Asquith and Lloyd George in support of President Wilson against the reactionaries in America, and later, in an incidental way, to make his point clear to American readers, said:

> In England, meanwhile, reaction was more in evidence. Mr. Lloyd George was now seeking re-election by appealing to the spirit of vindictiveness and greed and was demanding harsh terms toward Germany, including an indemnity to England alone of $40,000,000,000. In this country Senator Knox is pressing his bill for postponing a League of Nations and Senator Lodge urges postponement of all the President's propositions looking to a new order in the world. Addressing the Sorbonne, Mr. Wilson said: "The war has been between systems of culture." Not a single prominent American statesman is now expounding the principles for which the President stands. As H. G. Wells says: "In the world of 'statesmen,' he, almost alone, speaks for the modern intelligence."

When Lloyd George or any other man is driven to the hustings in a hot political fight, he is likely, in the heat of battle, to be carried far from where he started. In the circumstances in which the last campaign was fought in Britain, no sane man can imagine Lloyd George demanding anything short of payment to the limit on the part of Germany. But in an earlier speech from which Mr. Moors quoted Lloyd George had said, referring to and in support of one of President Wilson's speeches:

> "Are we to lapse back into the old national rivalries, animosities and competitive armaments, or are we to initiate the reign on earth of the Prince of Peace? We must not allow any sense of revenge to override the fundamental principles of righteousness."

Now Mr. Moors says that by telling his people what he was going to demand of Germany in case they kept him on the job, he was "appealing to the spirit of vindictiveness and greed." That is Mr. Moors' way of looking at it when he has the purpose in mind of hammering the President's American opponents. Another man might look at the matter in a different way. He might say that there was but one course open to Lloyd George and that that was the one he took: he was going to make Germany pay to the limit of her capacity. One man might say that this was appealing to the spirit of greed and vindictiveness; another might say that it was appealing to the spirit of justice and fairplay. For ourselves, we are glad to say that we heartily endorse the latter viewpoint and we think that we are right in placing America and Great Britain and Wilson and Lloyd George and everybody else of importance in the Allied world on the same platform.

When however, we have agreed on this point, we come to several others and these immediately get us into hot water. What is the limit of Germany's capacity to pay for her misdeeds? And how is she to be made to pay up? It is a brain-racking problem. The Reparation Committee appointed by the Peace Conference has been wrestling with it for some weeks and has now sent a report back to the Supreme Council asking that body to decide what shall constitute reparation. This committee has made one discovery, however. That is that "it is impossible for Germany to pay the total costs of the war of all the Allies," and, further, "it is for the Conference to decide what sum Germany should be called upon to pay." The cable goes on to say, that once having agreed on the total, it is believed the Allies will experience little difficulty dividing it.

So far, so good. Lloyd George was quoted as thinking that $40,000,000,000 (gold) would about cover Great Britain's bill. On that basis, a financial expert figured the total for all the Allies at something over $200,000,000,000. With this there was a great outburst of energy along the lines of refusing to do business with Germany for a certain number of years, for tariff exactions, for withholding raw materials, for boycotts against German goods, for exclusion of German commercial travelers, etc., etc.

Yet, after all, there is apparently only one way in which the Germans can pay their bill to the rest of humanity, and that is by manufacturing goods and selling them to the rest of us. To do this it is necessary that we should supply them with the raw materials. And if we do this, we develop their industries at the expense of our own and finally leave them the most highly organised and equipped industrial nation in the world, with fully developed markets everywhere. Under this plan, we would see many of the Allied industries forced out of business, for every ton of German goods supplied to the Allies would mean correspondingly less room in the market for Allied products. It will readily be seen, therefore, that this is a problem of the very first magnitude which does not admit of solution in a day.

The situation is not rendered any more hopeful by the fact that Bolshevism, anarchy and political assassination are rampant in Russia, Germany and Austria. The mad German adventure not only brought ruin to Germany but it brought a large part of the world to the verge of ruin. The after-war problems are greater than those of the war itself. But (getting back to our correspondent's letter) the German adventure, if it nearly ruined the world in some ways, also resulted in an understanding and sympathy between the great English-speaking peoples that did not exist, and perhaps would never have come; for this war not only showed them from what direction their principles of government and ideals of life were menaced, but it showed them that these principles and ideals are the same. And the most hopeful guarantee that we are to come safely out of the orgy of blood and distress heaped upon us by the Germans into a fair, square and peaceful world, lies in this fact.

How Premier Kurt Eisner, Just Assassinated, Planned Bavarian Program

(Note: yesterday's cables brought word of the assassination of Eisner, whose proclamation on assuming office, is given below):

New York, January 10.—The program of the Socialist Government in Bavaria which took control with the fall of the monarchy and still governs in spite of some serious difficulties—the Government headed by Kurt Eisner, a former newspaper man—is given in a message addressed by the Government to the Bavarian people and published in the Munich Post of November 15, a copy of which has been received in America. The program is orthodox socialistic and the authors quote Marx and Lasalle, the authorities on German socialistic theory.

The statement declares specifically that there has been no change in the social ideals of the men who have succeeded at last in reaching a position where they control the former kingdom. But government ownership, that central point of socialistic theory, is not to be attempted at once and for the reason that the productive forces of the country are practically exhausted. Other reforms are promised for immediate adoption. These included democratising of the army, a new financial and tax system, a new school system, reforms in legal procedure and many other measures for the benefit of the working classes.

The full text of the statement follows:

"Bavaria is freed! Unsuspected forces array themselves to aid in the work of building up the new people's State. All that slumbered in ill-will, wasted strength, and hopeless longing, now see that henceforth there is room for every one to bestir himself in work for the community. Life finally wins an ideal and a goal.

"Scarcely a week has passed since the stormy uprising and already peace and order have been established everywhere, and a scarcely to be restrained impatience fills all souls to work and labor for the new order.

"The Revolutionary Government of the Bavarian people's State is resolved upon the greatest attempt to do away with the old wretchedness in the new time in fully safeguarded freedom and orderly consideration for humane feelings and thus to present a forecast of the possibilities of a policy which rests upon confidence in the spirit of the masses and a firm and clear insight into the needs and means of development with candor and truthfulness. Ferdinand Lasalle's warning, that in politics one must say what is, rules our course. We wish to travel this wholly unaccustomed way in undisturbed resolution, although we are aware that never did a Government take office in more difficult times and that we are fatefully weighed down by a cursed inheritance that cannot at once be wiped out from the breakdown of the fallen system.

"The revolutionary government of the Bavarian people's State does not sue for the favor of the people. It submits to the freest criticism. It will be judged only by its actions. Already, after the first surprise, a part of the press which is more to blame for the German catastrophe than any other institution begins to declare that it is uneasy about the spirit of the new time. But even to this movement, this foolish ignorance, we grant unrestricted liberty in the quiet, firm and contemptuous feeling of men who are aware that they must answer to history for their acts and are able to accept responsibility. We do not propose to influence the press secretly, directly or indirectly. We shall have no Government paper. What we have to make public will be published with an express notice of its source. But also in this field we are confident that an inner cleansing and renewal of the press will take place and that the press will be restored to its holy calling from which it has so shamefully strayed. For it will first win the trust of the people and then become an implement of creative work.

Defeat Made Softer

"The first movements of the Revolutionary Government have matured with significant success. The leading men of the Entente, since the revolution, speak differently from heretofore. Our appeal to the world conscience does not go unheeded. The terms of the armistice were much softened. The spirit of the patriot who leads the French Republic speaks today with humane understanding and confidence. America promises to the beaten enemy to lighten the frightful transition period by providing food. We also hope that we shall succeed in winning the importation of raw materials. We also have today the confidence that, thanks to our revolutionary and conciliatory policy, the thought expressed in the note to the Entente moves toward fulfillment, namely, that the League of Nations must be constituted on the common work of the enemy for the overcoming of the destruction wrought by the war.

"If we reckon on the confidence of the enemy powers we must all the more concern ourselves with our interior problem to bring about unity among the German branches. We believe and hope that a union of the German Empire and German Austrian Republic is urgent. We are further resolved to carry on this national policy with a firm hand so that the self-determination of Bavaria within the whole shall be maintained and safeguarded. If we desire to reach that goal, namely, that the united States of Germany, including German Austria, is the only possible solution of our national problem, then in the near future we shall have to carry through an appropriate arangement of the German States so that we may arrive at the necessary measures for reasonable unity without the supremacy of any single State and without injury to the freedom and autonomy of Bavaria. Thus a happier future will be opened to the German people in a national sense.

"As regards the home policy of Bavaria, we strive for the quickest putting through of a democracy, not only in form but in life and action. Even before the coming together of the Constituent National Assembly, which should be called as soon as possible after the fulfillment of the necessary preliminary work, this democratisation of the pubic life and order can be attained. Here also we seek to advance in new ways. Before the Provisional Parliament and the Revolutionary Executive Committee incorporated in the Government, all different groups and callings of the population should be able to make known their interests in full publicity. We wish to parliamentarise the former organisations. Along with the Advisory Workmen's, Soldiers' and Farmers' Councils, which must point the direction of the new State for the people as well as for the Parliament and the Government, we will give the mass of the people opportunity and protection to set forth their interests so far as they are concerned with the needs of all.

"The Deutsche Theater at Munich will be the seat of this auxiliary Parliament. Organisations representing officials, teachers, private employes, the professions, hand workers, trade and industry, should come together in Councils, and in this free parliament declare their interests independently and autonomously, in order to make their wishes and suggestions felt in the central Parliament and the Government. Representatives of these organisations, necessarily limited in number because of the unavoidable lack of room, will have a voice and vote in the Provisional National Assembly.

No Government Ownership

"The active democratisation of the whole people, safeguarded in this way, must find its practical expression in economic, social and cultural reforms. We consider it necessary to leave no doubt as to our unchanged social aims. But we say in all candor that it seems to us impossible to turn over industry at once to the ownership of the community at a time when the productive strength of the country is nearly exhausted. You cannot socialise when there is almost nothing to socialise. It is the idea of Karl Marx that management must be turned over to the community when the productive forces have so far developed that they burst the too tight husks of the capitalistic order.

"Moreover, it seems to us impossible to carry out the socialisation in a single field of world economics. We also believe that only after peace, when one league of the world democracies has been established, can complete socialisation be carried out through the decisive influence of the proletarian Internationale, arisen in new power through the common labor of the people of the earth. But we are also convinced that now, with the transition from war to peace economics, in the reconstruction of the shaken financial and taxation systems, the socialistic spirit can be made fruitful. We have finally three great problems of social reconstruction at hand for quick solution: large estate holdings, the city real estate question, and education.

"We cherish special hopes for the advancement of the Bavarian peasantry. A new race of free farmers, working on their own soil, will arise, and, together with the working people of the cities, will labor for the general good.

"Finally the plans of the different departments of the new Government to be carried out at once may be briefly indicated. The Ministry of the Interior will, first of all, see to the supply of food and its development—complete control, strictly just distribution, increase of production, suppression of illicit trade, direct turning over of the supplies on hand in the military depots for the use of the people in both the cities and the country, ruthless war on the profiteer in necessities, reduction of prices, simplification of government and change of the gendarmerie into a civilian body.

"One of the most important problems of the Revolutionary Government is the organisation for demobilisation, for which all arrangements were at once taken up in order to remove this from its growing great dangers as much as possible. In the field of industrial development the making of electricity by water power, so long put off, the neglect of which now has such important results for us, was at once begun.

"The Government will grant full liberty to religious bodies, and for the exercise of their form of worship. Academic freedom is assured, and through the democratisation the inflow of new blood is made possible. The common schools shall be absolutely a system of education for all without regard to social origin. We demand freedom for the schools as for the Church, passage of a people's school law, with expert school supervision; reform of the conditions of pay and rights of the school teachers, taking over of the cost of the common schools by the State, reform of normal instruction, changes in the school courses, training of the pupils for co-operation in the form and practice of school life, the spread of knowledge among all the people, and training of the masses in the appreciation of art.

"In the administration of justice a far-reaching emancipation and pruning in the matter of procedure will be carried out at once, with strongest provisions against the exploitation by the State of the needs of the people. Civil and criminal law shall be reconstructed on Socialistic, bases and put into effect.

To Meet War's Cost

"The new arrangements for finance are of striking importance for the coming change in all economic relations. The huge cost of the war and the reconstruction of Germany economically demand such great means that the former system must fall in the face of them. We must, therefore, in the empire as in the other States, come to a system of taxation arraigned in great measure on Socialistic lines which falls heaviest on the shoulders best fitted to bear the burden.

"The democratisation of the army and the co-operation of the soldiers were taken up in the early days of the young State and will undoubtedly be carried through. Also military jurisdiction shall be democratised. Complete amnesty for all military shortcomings and crimes is in prospect.

"In transportation the removal of unsound competition in railways will be prepared for. The simplification of the railroad business through the reduction of the classes of cars will be put through as soon as possible. The withdrawal of postage free matter in the mails and the tax free telegraph and telephone business is introduced and in part goes into effect at once. Railroad, post, telegraph and telephone tariffs shall in this sense undergo a great simplification. The housing conditions of the large cities will be improved by the extension of the suburban traffic.

"In the newly created Ministry for Social Care, a comprehensive plan to find work for the released soldiers is being worked out. There is the tightest State centralisation of labor adjustments for the control of the labor market, comprehensive unemployment insurance, the eight-hour day, carrying out of workingmen's protection, a strong organisation for housing, prevention of private speculation in real estate, country-wide preparation of emergency dwellings during the transition period.

"A rich field for activity is found in the fields of handwork, art handwork, and art. Agricultural affairs which are represented in the new Farmers' Council will lead to the founding of a Ministry of Agriculture in which the farmers must be represented.

"The active participation of all classes of the people, including the women, women workers, farmers and citizens, may be attained not only through the Parliament mentioned before, but through the personal relations of the organisations with the revolutionary government.

"So we call upon the Bavarian people, in vigorous and fruitful labor, in spite of the unpleasantnesses of the situation, to make Bavaria over into a land where every man can breathe freely and where every man who labors can shape a happy life.

"KURT EISNER,
"Government of the People's State of Bavaria."

Is The Idea Of Liberty Discredited In Japan?

Dr. "Setsurei" Miyake, editor of Japan and the Japanese, writing in the Chuo Koron on the subject "Thirty Years' Constitutional Government in Japan," says: "In Japan those who talk of liberty and the rights of a citizen have tended to be regarded as helplessly out of touch with the times. That sufficient recognition is not given after thirty years' constitutional government to liberty and what it stands for, is not therefore without reason. Few are today bold enough openly to champion the cause of liberty. Liberty is as much discredited as in the early days of the promulgation of the Constitution. This phenomenon may appear strange, but it is a fact which it would be foolish to ignore. It liberty, as the average Japanese is apt to think, a dream of the past? Have the Westerners shed their blood in vain in this war for liberty? What did it mean when England, France and America in making war on Germany declared that they were out for the defense of liberties? I do not accuse the Japanese of inability to understand the Westerners when the latter are talking of liberty. It is only natural that they are unable to understand what taking up arms in defense of liberty means. Japan has had no need to rise up to champion the cause of liberty, and because she has had no occasion to do so she has had no chance to learn what the possession of liberty is like.

"I do not blame the Japanese for being obedient. It is a virtue to obey where there is a real need to do so. But this is a fact that those who do not understand liberty do not understand what obligation is. There is a great difference between voluntary and slavish obedience. It is only those animated with the spirit of obedience who can be expected to make themselves most felt. The State does not benefit much from a congregation of those who cannot make themselves felt.

"It is a mistake to consider the Anglo-Saxon idea of liberty as nothing more than a dream. Those who make this mistake do so because they cannot understand liberty. We must not shut our eyes to the fact that there is need for restrictions on the too expanded rights of a citizen in Great Britain, but this does not prevent me from insisting on the Japanese cultivating the spirit of liberty. I do not think that Japan is inferior to any other country in point of either politics, culture or literature, but think that she has much leeway to make up before she can claim to be a nation of real citizens. I said much leeway, because I had in view the fact that in Japan those who talk of liberty are often branded as downright madmen."

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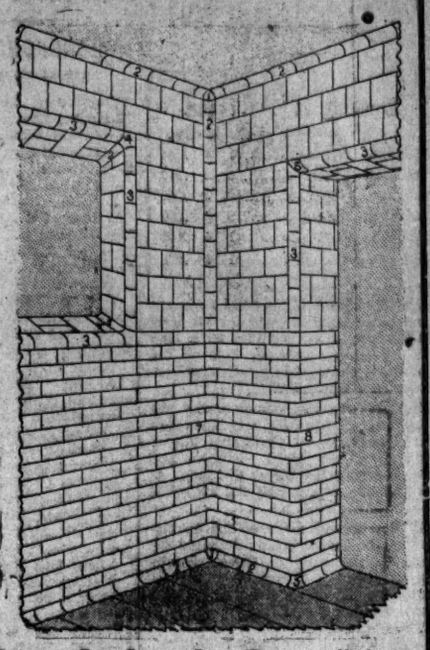
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Bringing Up Father — By George McManus

I WONDER IF ME DAUGHTER IS WAITIN' ON THIS CORNER FOR O WALD-
I'LL PUT A STOP TO THIS- I'LL NOT HAVE HER GOIN' AROUND WITH THAT DUDE-
HOW MANY TIMES HAVE I TOLD YOU I DON'T WANT YOU TO MEET OSWALD AN' HERE I FIND YOU WAITIN' FER HIM-
I'M NOT WAITING FOR HIM-
THEN WHAT ARE YOU DOIN' HERE?
WAITING FOR MOTHER-
WELL-WHY DIDN'T YOU SAY SO!
GEO MCMANUS 11-23

Love, Home and Table Topics By Clever Writers — Daily Home Magazine Page — A Good Page to Read in the Leisure Hour

Immaculate Prison-Like Homes And Real Ones

By Mrs. Wilson Woodrow

There are homes and homes. Wherefore, Solomon remarked: "Better a dinner of herbs where love is than a stalled ox and hatred therewith."

Someone had asked the question; "What is your idea of a home, anyway?" And a discussion was immediately precipitated. Every one had a different ideal. But all were agreed on a few essentials.

To each home was a sort of a city of refuge, a place to retire into and be thoroughly comfortable—the one spot on earth where you could do exactly as you please—and be wholly yourself.

At this stage of the discussion a bride who was present shed a few tears. She said that, although her husband was quite perfect, he was nevertheless awfully queer in one particular, and this was that he had a marked aversion to home life. His ideal of true enjoyment was "mine ease in mine inn." A boarding house or apartment hotel for him; but no little nest of his own.

"And I am a born home-maker," wailed the bride. "I have no desire for furs and jewels and gorgebus raiment. But I cannot pass a new patent kitchen utensil without buying it. I have been collecting linens since my early girlhood, and now they will probably stay packed up during my lifetime. I never heard of a man like that before, and the strange part of it is, that his mother is a notable housekeeper."

Different Types

The mother is indeed a notable housekeeper. But a housekeeper and a home-maker are sometimes two very different types. This notable housekeeper is one of those women who worship their possessions. She has never really grown up. You feel that when she was a little girl she had a beloved doll which she jealously guarded. Other children were never allowed to play with it. She made it many elaborate garments, and took it out to get the air, always carefully protecting it from the rude and sometimes dirty hands of her admiring and eager companions.

When she grew up and married her house took the place of the doll, and it, too, was not to be touched. There seemed to be all manner of invisible signs about "Keep off the furniture!" "Don't walk on the carpet!"

The notable housekeeper looked at you suspiciously when you entered, as if she suspected you of bringing in mud. The very furniture seemed to partake of her distrust. The chairs said, "Admire me, but don't sit on me." The books cried out, "Don't pick us up; you will disturb our prim order." You wouldn't have dared to look out of the windows, because you might have disarranged one of the just-so folds of the curtains.

She didn't encourage visitors, because people disturbed the perfect clockwork order of this mechanical toy she called home. Women always wanted tea or candy, and were certain to drop crumbs on the floor. And men were especially unwelcome. The few who ever came were always uncomfortable. There was something in the very atmosphere of the place which warned them that they would be shot at sunrise if they dared to smoke.

And although this notable housekeeper had apparently got everything she wanted, she was not happy. Her husband by a course of long nagging was fairly well trained, but she lived in terror for fear that in a forgetful moment he might throw newspapers all over the floor or flick cigar ashes on the rugs.

The Irony Of Fate

And then, by the irony of fate, she had a son instead of a tidy daughter who would follow in her footsteps and also be an idolator of possessions; and this son's recollection of "home" were of a sort of Spotless Town prison, which was ruled over by a terrible ogre called, "Don't."

So he grew up, hating home with all the force of his nature, and ultimately fell in love with a girl whose mother was such a bad housekeeper that she in self-defense became a good one and longed for nothing so much in all the world as to make a real home for her husband.

And now the task before this bride is to create such a delightful home atmosphere wherever they happen to roost, that he will finally realise the distinction between a housekeeper and a home-maker.

Garrett P. Serviss' Article

How All The Hours Seemingly Blend At The Two Poles

By Garrett P. Serviss

"Ever since I was a boy I have been puzzled about something I wish to ask you the solution of. If I understand correctly it is the same time all along a given meridian. Now, if that is so, what would be the time at the Poles? It seems to me that a man standing exactly at the North or South Pole could have one foot on the 6 o'clock meridian and the other on the 12 o'clock or any other meridian.—E. C. M."

By following up unfrequented paths of thought, as you have done, one is often brought suddenly out upon a new viewpoint from which the ordinary landscapes of the mind appear to have undergone a magical transformation. In this case you find your familiar companion, the Hour of the Day, unexpectedly turned juggler, at one moment vanishing and at the next appearing to be twenty-four persons in one. The practical explanation is not very difficult.

Time, although the metaphysicians have had a terrible experience in trying to describe it, is easily enough comprehensible to common sense. Everybody knows what is meant by it, just as everybody knows what is meant by life. Practically, time is duration, or our sense of the continuance of things, and of the succession of events.

Time Runs The Same

No metaphysics can persuade you that sunrise and sunset occur together. You are born with a belief in time, and whenever you look at a row of your children and grandchildren you see that time runs and that it would run the same whether at the equator or the pole, on the earth or the moon, in the solar system or the Milky Way.

When you stand on the pole all the time meridians of the globe, or all the hour angles, meet at a point under your feet. But the fact that, in that position, you can put one foot on the 6 o'clock and the other on the 12 o'clock line does not in the slightest degree affect the real interval of time by which those lines are separated. They are six hours apart, whether the space distance between them be six inches or six thousand miles.

Standing on the pole you would revolve on a vertical axis once in twenty-four hours, and looking straight before you, as you turned with the earth, your line of sight would sweep over 15 degrees of space on the sky every hour, exactly as it does at any other point where you may be on the earth. The only confusion arises from the fact that at the pole you are turned round on a pivot, as by a piano-stool, instead of being carried around on the circumference, as by a Ferris wheel.

But there is no difference in the time rate, the latter depending not on the linear, but on the angular distance round. The hour meridians are 15 degrees apart within one inch, or one millimeter, of the pole, just as they are 15 degrees apart at the equator, and 15 degrees apart at every possible latitude between the equator and either pole.

A Case In Point

Imagine yourself lying across the north pole, resting on your right side, instead of standing erect upon the pole. Then your face would be slowly carried eastward by the earth's rotation just as it is if you stand facing the east anywhere on the globe. In twenty-four hours you would be swung once around, through a circuit of 360 degrees, your head pointing 15 degrees farther east every hour.

Now, suppose yourself to grow until you became a giant as tall as the earth is thick, and, without changing the direction in which your face was turned, imagine yourself to be thrust like a pin through the center of the earth on the line of the equator, your head projecting out of one side and your feet out of the other. As the earth turned you would be carried around, facing eastward, exactly as you were when you lay across the pole, and in exactly the same time and at the same rate.

Provided that you had the necessary means of making observations, it would be precisely as easy to fix a prime meridian, or a prime bearing, from which to reckon the beginning of the day, or period of twenty-four hours, at the pole as at any other place on the globe. Or you could, by star observations and the aid of astronomical tables, ascertain the direction in which the meridian of Greenwich, or that of Washington, or any other, started away from the center of the terrestrial axis under your feet.

In other words, at the pole you could fix a system of meridians of longitude, although they would all come together at the point of your pen, as well as you could do it in some place, like the latitude of New York, where the same lines would be separated by spaces of some 800 miles.

Bobbie And His Pa

By William F. Kirk

Old Mister Springer was oaver to our house last nite, him and Pa used to be in partners together long ago out West.

Old Nate is one of Nater's noabelmen, sed Pa to Ma beefoar Mister Springer calm. He stood by me thru Thick and Thin, sed Pa.

That surely is fine, sed Ma. I will be so glad to meet him, Ma sed. There are so few reel folks after all.

You will like him, sed Pa. Everybody always liked him.

Is he married, sed Ma.

He was, sed Pa. I meant to say, sed Pa, that everybody liked him except his wife.

I see, see Ma. Maybe I wont like him after heering that, sed Ma.

Jest then Mister Springer calm.

Avast there, Matey, he said to Pa. This is a snug harbor.

Yes, sed Pa, meet my wife. She has offen herd me speek of you, sed Pa.

Yes, indeed, sed Ma, and I am charmed to meet one of my husband's old frends. He has offen toald me about yure partner-ship out West, sed Ma.

I bet he nevver toald you half, sed Mister Springer. He was always a sly old dog, and how the gurls did luv him, sed Mister Springer.

Indeed, sed Ma.

Indeed, thay did, sed Mister Springer, and I mite say that he was nevver ungrateful for thare affeckshun. He had a hart as big as the Leviathan, sed Mister Springer.

You doant know how glad I am to heer you say that, sed Ma. But Ma dident look vary glad. I was looking at her.

You bet, lady, sed Mister Springer. That husband of yures was jest bubbling oaver with kindness and interest in the fair sex. I remember one time two gurls was going to fite a duel oaver him out West, but they called it off.

How thrilling, sed Ma. What wild days and wild wimmen!

Yes, we had many a gay whirl, sed Mister Springer, but now all that is changed. Now I am a lonely old gent, he sed walking down Life's pathway as much by myself as Mister Crusoe evver was he sed.

We will try to bring sum sunshine into yure life if you will remain for awhile, sed Ma. Thare are sum charming widows in our set, sed Ma.

The yeers has taught me caushun, ser Mister Springer. I have two rules, he sed, look out for the cars and for widows, he sed.

But you cud maik sum deer littel widow vary happy, sed Ma.

Nix, sed Mister Springer. The lid is on, lady, as far as any moar canters up the Murch Ile, sed Mister Springer. He will be glad to visit with my old partner, he sed, but doant sick any moar tigresses on me, he sed. I got mine and I got it good and I am satisfied, he sed to Ma.

What a retched old sinnick, sed Ma, after Mister Springer had went.

I doant know, se' Pa, he was always a good reesoner in his yunger days, and he seems vary happy. Maybe he has the rite idee, sed Pa. Who knows.

Then Ma gaiv Pa a hard look and wuddent talk any moar.

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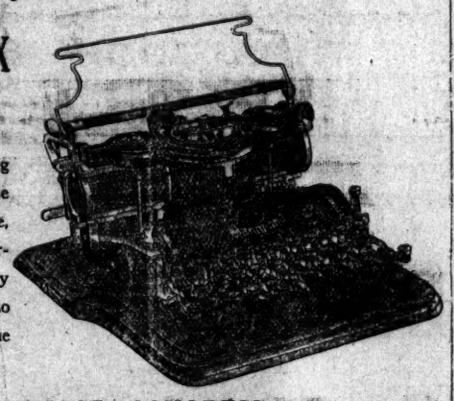

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MEMORIAL SERVICE FOR MRS. KADOORIE

Representative Meeting In Palace Hotel Adopts Resolution Of Condolence

Striking demonstrations were made on Sunday by Shanghai residents of their esteem for the late Mrs. E. S. Kadoorie, who lost her life by asphyxiation on February 15, by a memorial service in the Synagogue in the morning and a representative meeting held in the evening at the Palace Hotel under the auspices of the Shanghai Zionist Association, at which were present Judge C. S. Lobingier, of the United States Court for China, Monsieur M. Wilden, French Consul-General in Shanghai, representatives of the various Jewish bodies in China and a large number of local Jewish residents. Mr. Edward I. Ezra presided over the meeting.

Judge Lobingier, in the course of an eloquent address, delivered with visible emotion, dwelt on the altruistic phases of Mrs. Kadoorie's life.

At the conclusion, he suggested that it would be a most fitting counterpart of Jewish institutions in Shanghai to have a similar establishment in Palestine, to be known as the Laura Kadoorie Colony and dedicated to her memory.

Consul-General Wilden said he felt honored in being officially present at the meeting. The memory of Mrs. Kadoorie was very dear to the Frenchmen and Frenchwomen who had the privilege of knowing her. They would be astonished to know the number of wives and dependents of dead or maimed French soldiers who were blessing the name of Mrs. Kadoorie without ever having seen her.

There were many other speakers. Mr. Edward Ezra, at the end, announced that Judge Lobingier's suggestion would be adopted. A subscription list would be started for a Laura Kadoorie Colony in Palestine, and as a start he had much pleasure in contributing the money for the first home.

The Zimro Ensemble then played Milner's "Unsane Tojkef," after which the chairman proposed the following resolution, these present standing:

"That this meeting held under the auspices of the Shanghai Zionist Association and at which representatives from all local Jewish Institutions are present, profoundly deplores the lamentable death of Mrs. Laura Mocatta Kadoorie, and feels that in her death the Zionist Movement has been deprived of a valuable and ardent supporter; one who by her unremitting and ceaseless energy, had contributed much to the promotion of the Zionist ideal in the Far East.

"That this meeting expresses its profound and heartfelt sympathy with and offers its sincere condolence to Mr. E. S. Kadoorie and his two sons in their sad bereavement.

"Resolved, that a copy of this resolution be forwarded to Mr. Kadoorie and that the name of his late wife be inscribed in the Golden Book of the Jewish National Fund."

News Brevities

"Some Problems on Silt" will be the subject of a paper to be given by Dr. H. Chatley before the Engineering Society of China this evening.

* * *

Major A. E. Wearne, Reuter's Correspondent in Peking, arrived in Shanghai Sunday night. Mrs. Wearne is expected to come here from Australia soon.

* * *

The Loau Kung Mow Cotton Spinning and Weaving Co., Ltd., will hold its annual general meeting this afternoon at 4 o'clock at 22 Kiangse Road.

* * *

Twenty-eight British Officers from London who have seen service in France arrived here yesterday on the China Navigation steamer Sunning from Hongkong on their way to Vladivostok.

* * *

A unique demonstration by the students of the Institution for Chinese Blind will be given before the members of the American Woman's College Club this afternoon at 5 o'clock. The club will hold its monthly meeting at the institution previous to the demonstration.

An inspection of the various departments of the institution at work also will be made. Several new branches have recently been added to the school in its industrial department.

* * *

The major part of the outstanding English mail, i.e., letters posted between December 13 and 26, was received yesterday and delivered. About half the mail consisted of letters, etc., damaged by fire and water in Great Northern train 27, near Monroe, Washington, U.S.A., on January 7, 1919.

* * *

A fee of 2d. in respect of the performance of customs formalities is now charged on every parcel from abroad for delivery in the United Kingdom on which British customs charges are payable. The fee is collected from the addressee except in the case of duty prepaid parcels when the amount may be prepaid by the sender.

* * *

An action against the Shanghai Dock and Engineering Co., Ltd., was started yesterday in the British Supreme Court by La Societe Maritime Francais for damages for alleged injuries to the plaintiff's motor ship Stasia by the negligence of the servants of the defendant Company. Mr. D. McNeill represented the plaintiffs and Mr. R. N. Macleod acted as counsel for the defense. Pleadings were ordered by Judge Sir Havilland de Sausmarez.

* * *

For twelve months Hongkew detectives have been searching for a Chinese suspected of stealing bicycles from the curb in front of the Japanese post office. The bicycles have been disappearing more or less regularly and finally two sergeants were posted within sight of the post office to see if the suspected Chinese would steal one while they were watching. Nothing happened for a couple of weeks but yesterday afternoon two Chinese sergeants arrested a man while in the act of stealing a bike. He was a Japanese and will be charged with pilfering all the bicycles alleged to have been taken by the unknown Chinese for whom Hongkew police have been searching.

* * *

The annual football match between the staffs of the Shanghai-Nanking Railway and the Shanghai-Hangchow-Ningpo Railway will take place on the Railways' Recreation Grounds, Markham Road, Saturday afternoon. A special train will leave the Shanghai North station at 2:30 o'clock to convey guests and players to the grounds. Admission will be by ticket only. The winning team will hold the Managing-Director's Challenge Cup.

* * *

News has been received by the local office of the Companie des Messageries Maritimes that their steamer Andre Lebon will leave Saigon for Shanghai on February 26 and is expected to arrive at Shanghai March 7.

PEKING TO REVEAL TEXT OF MILITARY TREATY

Promises To Give Text Of Secre Pact With Japan To Peace Conference Here

Assurances were given at the session of the China peace conference yesterday that the Peking Government would reveal to it the text of the Sino-Japanese military pact with all its annexes.

The official statement follows:

The fourth session of the internal peace conference took place this morning at nine o'clock with a full attendance, and the discussion including the reading of documents lasted till 11:25 when the meeting adjourned. The questions discussed were as follows:

1. The Shensi question. In response to the request of Mr. Tang Shao-yi, the chief Southern delegate, for the strict enforcement of the five articles governing the armistice promulgated on the 13th of this month, Mr. Chu Chi-chien, the chief Northern delegate, promised to wire to Peking immediately for the issuance of peremptory orders to the Northern forces in Shensi to that effect.

2. The Sino-Japanese military pact and its annexes. Mr. Chu Chi-chien, the chief Northern delegate, produced a telegram from Peking, which stated that a copy of the documents referred to would be put before the conference.

3. The War Participation loan. This subject was again brought up by Mr. Tang Shao-yi, the chief Southern delegate, who placed on record his protest against the further payment of the loan.

4. The 8th year domestic loan and distressing conditions in Hunan. In regard to the proposed issuance of the domestic loan of the 8th year of the republic and the extremely pathetic conditions in Hunan, it was decided that they should be referred to two committees, who were duly appointed, for examination before action would be taken by the conference.

Reception To Press

Sunday afternoon at the home of Mr. Tang Shao-yi the representatives of the foreign and Chinese press were entertained by the Constitutionalist delegation. A pleasant hour was spent, refreshments were served and an address was made by Mr. Tang summing up the fundamental issues underlying the situation in China today. If the peace to be made now is to be a durable one, he said, and not like the one of 1916, it must be based on a soundly built structure.

Wire Diplomatic Corps In Shensi

A committee of Shensi residents in Shanghai Saturday addressed a note to the American, British, French and Italian Ministers to Peking, denouncing President Hsu Shih-chang and the Peiyang militarists in pouring troops to Shensi in an attempt to subdue the province. The message alleged that the campaign was engineered by Mr. Hsu, who had secretly ordered Generals Hsu Lan-chow and Chang Shih-yuan to make these offensive moves, and that the Japanese are playing their part in the havoc.

THE CHINA PRESS MAIL SCHEDULE

TUESDAY, FEBRUARY 25, 1919

Date and Destination	Per	Chi.	Br.	USA	Rus.	Jap.	Reg.
Today.							
Japan Ports	Kokura Maru	..	17.00	..	..	..	..
Japan & America	Kokura Maru	19.30	..	..	..	..	19.00
River Ports	Train & Str.	21.00	..	..	..	..	21.00
N'saki, Kobe, Y'hama, Canada, H'lulu, U.S.A. and Europe	H. Dollar	..	..	A13.00	..	..	12.00
Japan, Canada, U.S.A. & E'pe,	H. Dollar	13.00	..	..	..	..	12.30
Weihaiwei and Chefoo	Train	8.00	..	..	..	..	7.30
Formosa	Haean	21.00	..	..	..	..	21.00
Swatow, Hongkong & Canton	Taisang	21.00	..	..	..	..	21.00
Swatow and Hongkong	Taisang	..	17.00	..	..	..	..
Hankow	Loongwo	..	17.00	..	..	..	..
Ningpo	Kiangteen	..	15.00	..	..	..	..
Tientsin	Train	..	17.00	..	..	..	..
Hankow	do	..	17.00	..	..	..	..
V'stock and Siberia via Pukow and Harbin (Daily expect Sunday)	Train	..	..	..	17.00	..	17.00
Tomorrow.							
Amoy, Hongkong & Canton	Sunning	21.00	..	..	..	..	21.00
Amoy and Hongkong	Sunning	..	17.00	..	..	..	..
River Ports	Train & Str.	21.00	..	..	..	..	21.00
Thursday, February 27.							
River Ports	Train & Str.	21.00	..	..	..	..	21.00
Friday, February 28.							
Nagasaki and Vladivostock	Penza	..	14.00	..	..	..	13.30
Japan Ports	Penza	14.00	..	..	..	..	13.30
Japan, Canada, USA & Europe via U.S.A.	Colombia	..	17.00	..	..	..	17.00
Saturday, March 1.							
Swatow and Hongkong	Yingchow	21.00	17.00	..	..	..	21.00
Monday, March 3.							
Hongkong	Sinkiang	..	17.00	..	..	..	..

A Money orders and parcel post until 12 noon. B Letters and boxes with declared value 7:30 p.m. Parcel post 4 p.m. and money orders 3 p.m.

Ordinary mails for Tientsin, Peking, Hankow, etc. will close daily at 8 a.m.; express mails at 8:30 a.m.; registered mails at 8 p.m.

CASTORIA

for Infants and Children.

Don't Poison Baby.

FORTY YEARS AGO almost every mother thought her child must have paregoric or laudanum to make it sleep. These drugs will produce sleep, and a few drops too many will produce the sleep from which there is no waking. Many are the children who have been killed or whose health has been ruined for life by paregoric, laudanum and morphine, each of which is a narcotic product of opium. Druggists are prohibited from selling either of the narcotics named to children at all, or to anybody without labeling them "poison." The definition of "narcotic" is: *"A medicine which relieves pain and produces sleep, but which in poisonous doses produces stupor, coma, convulsions and death."* The taste and smell of medicines containing opium are disguised, and sold under the names of "Drops," "Cordials," "Soothing Syrups," etc. You should not permit any medicine to be given to your children without you or your physician know of what it is composed. Castoria does not contain narcotics.

The signature of Chas. H. Fletcher guarantees genuine Castoria

Physicians Recommend Castoria.

"I have frequently prescribed Castoria for common ailments of children with good results."
W. A. CRANDALL, M. D.,
Buffalo, N. Y.

"I find your Castoria is very beneficial in the treatment of children's ailments."
F. DAVIS, M. D.,
Chicago, Ill.

"As the father of thirteen children I certainly know something about your great medicine and, aside from my own family experience, I have, in my years of practice found Castoria a popular and efficient remedy in almost every home."
WM. J. MCCRANN, M. D.,
Omaha, Neb.

"I object to what are called patent medicines, where maker alone knows what stuff is put in them, but I know the formula of your Castoria and advise its use in proper cases. I judge it to be a very useful, as well as harmless family medicine."
N. B. SIZER, M. D.,
Brooklyn, N. Y.

Children Cry for Fletcher's Castoria.

In Use For Over 30 Years.

THE CENTAUR COMPANY, NEW YORK CITY.

RIDE A RIGID RAPID, RELIABLE

RALEIGH

THE ALL-STEEL BICYCLE

with bearings of diamond-hard surface to give perfect ease of running and toughened core to ensure practically unbreakable strength, of tough, fibrous, highest-quality steel.

GUARANTEED FOR EVER ALL THE WORLD OVER

Wm. FORBES & CO.
Tientsin

SEX KNOWLEDGE

Five books by William Lee Howard, M. D., who presents facts as they are. Mex. $1.50 each.

1. FACTS FOR THE MARRIED. This book is written in the form of consultations. Each consultation takes up with husband and wife a different phase of sex relations.

2. SEX PROBLEMS SOLVED. Character and success are determined by the quality and quantity of sexuality in both sexes.

What part of your hidden forces has been keeping you from health, mental peace and success? This book will tell you.

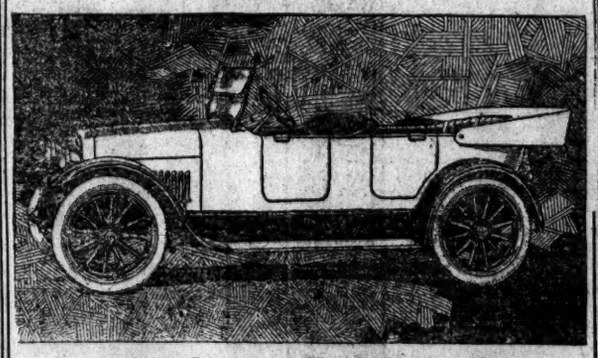
3. CONFIDENTIAL CHATS WITH GIRLS. A response to the movement for wider dissemination of knowledge on sex and eugenics.

4. CONFIDENTIAL CHATS WITH BOYS. Just as the title indicates—a frank talk with boys to show them the way to a normal, happy life.

5. PLAIN FACTS ON SEX HYGIENE. Instructions for avoiding the peril that threatens YOUR son, daughter, wife and self.

CHOW TZU KONG, Bookseller
111 Szechuen Road, SHANGHAI

Studebaker



Quality All Through

The New LIGHT-FOUR

Beautiful in Design
Thoroughly Modern
Mechanically Right

ITS quality is unmistakable—it shows in appearance and especially in performance the car it is.

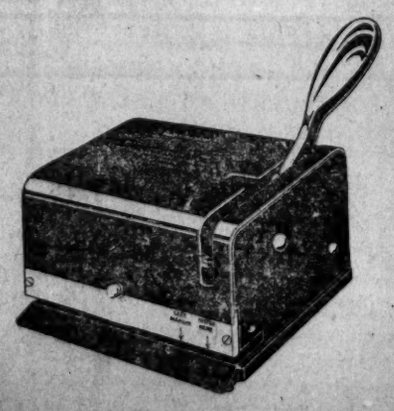
Its lines, its body-design, its fender-design, all stand out—the outward evidences of real automobile quality.

The Hotchkiss Drive, Flexible Coupling, Intermediate Transmission, new Semi-Floating Rear Axle and Improved Oiling System are only a few of its many features that have been perfected for an owner's convenience and satisfaction. The car is strong, light, dependable. And it is economical to buy and to maintain.

Finally Studebaker has tried and tested this car by the most searching factory demonstration and by 40,000 mile road-trials; proven it up to Studebaker quality-standards in every sense.

For particulars, apply

Shanghai Horse Bazaar & Motor Co., Ltd.
Garage Telephones: West 1213 and 1202



HUTCHINSON

SPOOL-O-WIRE

PAPER FASTENER

Makes a permanent binding-staple securely clinched to both sides of the paper. For fastening papers, cloth, sample tags, etc., it is cheaper to use and far more satisfactory than pins or clips.

15,000 fastenings from one loading.

Demonstration and literature on request

MUSTARD & CO.

22 Museum Road Shanghai

BIG
SPRING VALUES
at
WING ON'S
just opened out

Correct and attractive offerings in
LADIES', GENT'S and CHILDREN'S WEAR
to comply with all tastes

MEN! Let yours be the famous
"STETSON"—It's smarter
See Our Special Display

THE WING ON CO.
(Shanghai), Limited
Nanking and Chekiang Roads

Business and Official Notices

(Second Section)

THE CHINA PRESS

大陸報

Classified Advertisements

All Advertisements must be Prepaid

Replies must be called for

2 cents a Word (Minimum Charge 40 cents)

SHANGHAI, TUESDAY, FEBRUARY 25, 1919

NOTICE

Owing to the death last night of Mrs. F. W. Sutterle, I hereby notify the friends invited to tea and dancing at the French Club this afternoon that I am postponing the event until a later date

Mrs. HERBERT WEBB.

METOL—QUINOL DEVELOPER

(M—Q)

The best ONE-SOLUTION DEVELOPER for Roll Films, Plates and Lantern Slides, as well as for Velox and all Gaslight Papers.

Is ready for use, no mixing, no trouble. Brings out all there is in the negative and makes crisp, bright prints.

Quart Bottles $1.00
Small Bottles $0.50

Prepared by

Mactavish & Co., Ltd.

Photographic Chemists

Opposite the Garden Bridge.

Union Church

Literary and Social Guild

Wednesday, 26th February

at 9 p.m.

LECTURE

"An Evening with Stevenson"

Rev. A. E. CLAYTON.

21340

B.W.W.A.

THE ZIMROS

have kindly consented to give a

Grand Concert

Today, February 25th

at the residence of

LADY FRASER

Tea 4.30 **Music 5.15**

Tickets: $5 each

may be obtained from

Messrs. Moutrie & Co.

or from

Members of the Executive Committee B.W.W.A.

21221

LYCEUM THEATRE

A. D. C.

180th Production

"The Gondoliers"

by

GILBERT AND SULLIVAN

at 8.45 p.m. sharp

Thursday, 27th February, 1919

Saturday, 1st March, 1919

Tuesday, 4th March, 1919

The Booking for the above three performances will open at Messrs. S. Moutrie & Co., Ltd., on Friday, 21st February, for members only, and on Saturday, 22nd February, for the public.

By Order,

WM. ARMSTRONG,

Business Manager.

21236

House Wanted

I have roamed this wide town over looking for a 4 to 6 room house that the renter doesn't ask a million taels for.

If you know of such, whisper it to me. Whether with or without furniture doesn't matter. The price counts. I do not want to buy the German Club. I want either:—

1. A furnished or unfurnished house, with furniture to be bought or rented. Rentals from Taels 25.00 to 50.00 considered.

2. A house, with furniture to be bought or rented, capable of being converted into a two family residence. Rentals Taels 40.00 to 80.00.

The location desired is near the French Park or Western District where the air, at least, is free. Apply to Box 217, THE CHINA PRESS.

21339 F.25.

The Laou-Kung-Mow Cotton Spinning and Weaving Co., Ltd.

THE Twenty-fifth Ordinary General Meeting of the Company will be held on Tuesday, 25th February, 1919, at 4 p.m., at the office of the Undersigned, 28 Kiangse Road.

The Transfer Books will be closed from the 18th to 25th February, both days inclusive.

By Order of the Directors,
ILBERT & CO., LTD.,
General Managers.

21140

The Tientsin-Pukow Railway Administration

Notification No. 285.

INVITATION OF TENDERS (138/4)

The public is hereby notified that tenders are invited for the supply of

70,000 pieces First Class Japanese Oak (or other hard wood of similar quality) Railway Sleepers,

5,000 pieces of Bridge Ties and

1,850 pieces of Crossing Timbers.

Tender forms attached with specifications and full particulars may be obtained, free of charge, on application to the Head Office of the Railway, Tientsin-Hopei.

Tenders must be signed, sealed and marked "Tender for the supply of Sleepers" and addressed to the Managing Director, Tientsin-Pukow Railway Administration, Tientsin. The same must reach the above address on or before twelve o'clock of the 5th day of March, 1919, and will be opened at three o'clock in the afternoon of the same day. No tenders will be entertained unless presented within the time given and made on the forms supplied by this Railway. The Administration does not bind itself to accept the lowest or any of the tenders and reserves the right of placing the order in lots.

(sd.) S. C. SHU,
Managing Director,
Tientsin-Pukow Railway Administration.

Tientsin, 15th February, 1919.

21263.

Shanghai Race Club

SPRING RACE MEETING, 1919.

Applications for Stabling, Saddle and Tiffin Rooms, also licences for Head Mafoos and Riding Boys for the half-year ending 31st August, 1919, must be forwarded to the undersigned before 6 p.m. on Monday, 3rd March, 1919.

Application forms will be found on the notice-board in the Grand Stand.

The Courses will be open for Training on Saturday, 1st March, 1919.

By Order of the Stewards,
A. W. OLSEN,
Secretary, Shanghai Race Club.

21315.

Concession Française de Changhai

AVIS

Elections Municipales du 4 Mars 1919

Candidatures présentées au Consulat Général de France:—

20 Février 1919:

P. Le Bris .....Candidat Francais

20 Février 1919:

J. Beudin .....Candidat Francais
X. Dard .....Candidat Francais
R. Fano .....Candidat Francais
L. Lion .....Candidat Francais
E. Binder .....Candidat Etranger
L. Camera .....Candidat Etranger
W. J. N. Dyer ..Candidat Etranger
J. W. Gallagher .Candidat Etranger

Le Consul de France
Chargé du Consulat Général de France,
A. WILDEN.

21304.

"Russia's Decline and Fall"

"I know that in saying so I shall be severely criticised, but I must maintain that the total prohibition of spirits in the Great War of 1914 was the cause of the Russian Army not being able to make a better stand against the enemy, and especially explains the large number of prisoners made by the Germans. It must not be forgotten that the Russian was the largest consumer of spirits in the whole of the world. The Russian soldier was so used to the stimulant that he felt entirely powerless when deprived of it. Much has been written of this general prohibition, but I am certain that the German officer who told me that it proved the best auxiliary Prussia had found to help her in Poland, spoke the truth."—Princess Catherine Radziwill.

Elephant Head Brandy

GARNER, QUELCH & CO.

Sole Agents.

SHANGHAI RACE CLUB

SIX PER CENT. DEBENTURES (1909).

The Debenture Transfer Register will be closed from 22nd instant to 28th instant, both dates inclusive.

By Order of the Stewards,
A. W. OLSEN,
Secretary, Shanghai Race Club.

21278.

AMERICA

We are pleased to offer our services to

BUY
American provisions, merchandise, dry goods, machinery and supplies of all kinds.

SELL
native produce, oils, raw materials and manufactured goods.

CABLE
requests for quotations, samples, etc., have prompt attention.

CREDIT REPORT
filed with
CHARTERED BANK OF INDIA, AUSTRALIA & CHINA,
Shanghai.

Overseas Sales Corporation

50 Union Square, New York City.
Cable Address: Schsumaned, New York.

21056

"CLUB CONCORDIA"

German Club

In accordance with instructions received from the Ministry of Finance, Peking, the undersigned invites tenders for the purchase of the PROPERTY AND BUILDINGS OF THE GERMAN CLUB situated at No. 22 The Bund. Tenders either in Shanghai Taels or Dollars must be sent in to the undersigned on or before 7th March, 1919. All tenders received will then be submitted to the Minister of Finance, Peking, who does not bind himself to accept the highest or any tender.

The Club buildings will be available for delivery on conclusion of the conference between the Northern and Southern Peace Delegates at Shanghai.

Further particulars may be obtained on application to

Bureau of Liquidation
of the Deutsch-Asiatische Bank,
Shanghai.

A. G. STEPHEN,
Liquidator,
by his attorney
A. D. BRENT.

21266.

Debentures of Club Concordia

All allied and neutral holders of debentures of the above Club are hereby notified to register with the undersigned before 8th March, 1919, their names and nationality, together with the numbers, amounts and terms of the debentures they hold. These particulars are required by the Ministry of Finance, Peking, for purposes of liquidating the liabilities of the Club.

Bureau of Liquidation
of the Deutsch-Asiatische Bank,
Shanghai.

A. G. STEPHEN,
Liquidator,
by his attorney
A. D. BRENT.

21266.

MILD STEEL FLAT BARS

1/4" x 1" to 3/4" x 3"

In good marketable assortment
Just arrived from the U. S. A.

W. Z. ZEE & SONS, Broadway

PENCIL SHARPENERS

From $2.50 Upwards

"Climax"
"Ideal"
"Dandy"
"U. S. Auto"
"Chicago"
"Boston"

Automatic Feed—
Adjusting Points—

Extra Cones and Blades carried in stock

THE OFFICE APPLIANCE CO.

Phone Central 4778 — SPECIALISTS IN OFFICE EQUIPMENT — Cable Add.: Mackbasck

4 Canton Road, Shanghai

All Storage Batteries look very much alike, but from the standpoint of efficiency, long life and faithful service, the

Prest-O-Lite Battery

has a character all its own

Service Station And Sole Agents for China

The Shanghai Horse Bazaar & Motor Co., Ltd.

Deutsch-Asiatische Bank

In Liquidation

In accordance with instructions received from the Central Bureau of Liquidation, Peking, SEALED TENDERS are hereby invited for the purchase of the Shanghai property of the DEUTSCH-ASIATISCHE BANK, known as

No 14 The Bund
No 1, 1a, 1c Hankow Road

comprising land and buildings suitable for offices and residences.

Tenders may be made in Shanghai Taels, Sterling, Francs, Gold Dollars or Yen and must be sent in to the undersigned on or before 15th March, 1919, plainly marked "Sealed Tenders." The Bureau does not bind itself to accept the highest or any tender.

All further particulars may be obtained on application to

Bureau of Liquidation
of the Deutsch-Asiatische Bank, Shanghai,
A. G. STEPHEN, Liquidator.
By his Attorney,
A. D. BRENT.

21201

Business and Official Notices are Continued on Page 14

Amusement Advertising will be found on Page 14

APARTMENTS

WINDSOR HOUSE, 14-15 Quinsan Gardens. Comfortable rooms front and back, (with bathrooms and verandah), to let. Good table. Telephone North 432.

CONNAUGHT HOUSE, 8 Quinsan Gardens. Now vacant large and small rooms with board. Terms reasonable. Apply Mrs. G. Pollock.

TO LET, with board, large comfortable newly-furnished room, with modern bathroom attached, suitable for married couple or two bachelor friends. Hot and cold water, telephone, tennis, stabling and garage. Apply to Box 460, THE CHINA PRESS.

ROOM to let, with private family, opposite Race Course, board optional. Telephone, etc. Apply to Box 205, THE CHINA PRESS.

21309 F. 26.

APARTMENTS WANTED

WANTED, housekeeping flat, married couple, no children. Or would share house. Immediate occupation. Apply to Box 216, THE CHINA PRESS.

21337 F.27.

WANTED, bachelor quarters by Englishman. Hongkew district. Apply to Box 202, THE CHINA PRESS.

21303 F. 26.

LOST AND FOUND

FOUND at Washington's Birthday Ball, Japanese vanity case, mauve wrap, Yale key. Owner apply the Secretary, 18B Kiangse Road.

21341 F.25.

EDUCATIONAL

RUSSIAN LESSONS wanted by a young man. Please reply, stating terms, to Box 214, THE CHINA PRESS.

21334 F.25.

SITUATIONS WANTED

POSITION WANTED by a young man, at present employed; desires more responsible work. Thorough knowledge of office routine and bank accounting. A.1. references. Please apply to Box 213, THE CHINA PRESS.

21332 F.25.

POSITION WANTED; a young Chinese desires to join law office as assistant interpreter. Apply to Box 211, THE CHINA PRESS.

21327 M.1.

YOUNG Chinese with good knowledge of English, and five years' experience in general office work, accounts, correspondence, and an efficient salesman in engineering—electrical chiefly, import and insurance business, is open for engagement here or in North China. Apply to Box 197, THE CHINA PRESS.

21295 F. 25.

SITUATION VACANT

WANTED, two first-class office interpreters to assist present staff of a local lawyer. Applicants must be keen and efficient. Apply to Box 203, THE CHINA PRESS.

21306 F. 28.

WANTED, a foreign teacher to teach English in a Chinese School. Apply, stating nationality and salary expected, to Box No. 198, THE CHINA PRESS.

21296 F. 25.

EDEN HOSPITAL

Dept. of Venerial Diseases
P372 Nanking Road
(Opp. Lloyd Road)
Hours: 10-12; 2-4 except Sunday
Special consideration to men in uniform
DR. JAMES YUKING, Supt.

HOUSES TO LET

TO LET, two-roomed furnished flat with bath, kitchen and servants' quarters, North Szechuen Road Extension. Apply to Box 215, THE CHINA PRESS.

21335 M.1.

TO LET in Western district, furnished bungalow with garden, garage, etc., close tram, low rent. Apply to Box 212, THE CHINA PRESS.

21331 F.25.

FOR RENT, 12 Medhurst Road, four-roomed house, unfurnished, tennis, stables, large three room attic. Fixtures to be taken over. Apply P. N. Wilkins, Central 2331.

21342 F.27.

TO LET, excellent eight-roomed residence, with garage and tennis court, on Yates Road, from April 1st. Rent Tls. 140. For further particulars and permission to inspect, apply J. T. Hammond, No. 51, Szechuen Road.

21314.

113 AVENUE ROAD, furnished eight-roomed house, with stable, from March 1st. Apply to 10 Yangtszepoo Road.

21316 M. 1.

475 AVENUE JOFFRE to let, unfurnished, from March 1st. Three bedrooms and bathrooms, drawing, dining, basement, attics, garage, garden, tennis. Raven Trust Company.

21317.

16A JESSFIELD ROAD, furnished, from March 1st, screened, garden, tennis. Raven Trust Company, 'phone 65.

21318.

TO LET, 101 Avenue Road; detached foreign residence, nine rooms, garden, etc. Tls. 150 per month. Apply to China Realty Co., Ltd., 27 Nanking Road.

21043

TO LET, 44 Sinza Road (at Seymour Road). Excellent residence for small family, four large rooms, several small ones. Now vacant. Open for inspection; will renovate. Apply on premises.

21060

OFFICES, ETC., TO LET

OFFICES to let, new building, 14 Canton Road, on ground, first and second floors, from April 1st; divided to suit tenants. Apply premises, or J. T. Hammond, 51 Szechuen Road.

21323.

TO LET offices, single or in suites, first floor, 6 Foochow Road; large rooms, steam heat, hardwood floors. Apply 51 Szechuen Road, ground floor.

21162

LARGE SET of ground floor offices, No. 17 Museum Road. Tls. 130 per month. Apply to 10 Yangtszepoo Road. Telephone East 24.

21279 F. 26.

Exchange and Mart

FOR SALE: Rover 12 H.P. landaulette, furnished with electric lights, recently overhauled and repainted, in excellent running order; owner going home. For particulars, please apply to The Shanghai Horse Bazaar and Motor Co., Ltd.; Motor Garage Phones: West 1213 and 1202.

21338 F.27.

FOR SALE, two cash registers. Wei Lee and Co. Telephone North 1293, 2258-9 Boone Road.

21312 F. 26.

WANTED to buy, good piano and first-class house furniture. Either in one lot or separately. Reply to Box 200, THE CHINA PRESS.

21301 F. 25.

-:- Financial And Commercial News -:-

Exchange and Bullion

Shanghai, February 24, 1919.

Money And Bullion

Sovereigns: buying rate.
@ 4/8=Tls. 4.28
@ exch. 72.2=Mex. $5.93
Gold Dollars: Bank buying rate,
@ 111=Tls. 90.09
@ 72.2=Mex. $124.78
Mex. Dollars: Market Rate: 71.9375
S'hai Gold Bars: 978 touch Tls. 286
Copper Cash ..... per tael 1880
Native Interest ..... Tls. .06

Bar Silver ..... 47⅛d.
Bank Rate of Discount 5%
Ex. Paris on London ....Fr. 25.98
Ex. N. Y. on London T.T. G. $4.76⅛

Exchange Closing Quotations

London ..... T.T. 4/8
London ..... Demand 4/8⅛
India ..... T.T. 311
Paris ..... T.T. 606¼
Paris ..... Demand 609¼
New York ..... T.T. 111
New York ..... Demand 111⅛
Hongkong ..... T.T. 67
Japan ..... T.T. 46½
Batavia ..... T.T. 270½
Singapore ..... T.T. 50½

Banks Buying Rates

London ..... Demand 4/9
London ... 4 m/s. Cdts. 4/10⅜
London ... 4 m/s. Docy. 4/10⅜
London ... 6 m/s. Cdts. 4/11
London ... 6 m/s. Docy. 4/11⅛
Paris ..... 4 m/s. 637½
New York ... o/d Docy. 112½
New York ..4 m/s. Docy. 116½

Roubles Exchange
Today's Bank Buying Rate For Roubles

Roubles 1,350 ..... =Tls. 100
Roubles 100 ..... =Mex. $10.25

Customs House Exchange Rates For February

Hk. Tls.	3.58 @ 5/0¼		£1
„	1 @ 653	Francs	7.27
„	0.75 @ 119½	Gold	$1
„	1 @ 43½	Yen	2.53
„	1 @ 15	Rupees	4.19
„	1 @ 1.50	Mex.	$1.56
„	1 @ —	Roubles	—

Stock Exchange Transactions

Shanghai, February 24, 1919.

TODAY'S QUOTATIONS

Official
Langkats Tls. 23.75 C. N. I.
Yangtszepoo Cotton (Ord.) Tls. 8.70 March
Shanghai Docks Tls. 134.00 March
New Engineering Tls. 25.00 cash
New Engineering Tls. 25.00 March
New Engineering Tls. 25.00 Feb.
New Engineering Tls. 25.25 March
Anglo-Javas Tls. 8.50
Anglo-Dutch Tls. 4.00
Sua Manggis Tls. 4.25

Unofficial
New Engineering Tls. 25.25 March
Ewo Cotton (Ord.) Tls. 181.50
Shanghai Docks Tls. 132.50
Shanghai Waterworks Tls. 170.00

Sharebrokers' Association Transactions

Shanghai, February 24, 1919.

BUSINESS DONE

Official
Sua Manggis Tls. 4.25 cash
Kotas Tls. 5.50 cash

Unofficial
Karans Tls. 8.50

The China Mutual Life Insurance Co., Ltd.

Parents should take advantage of the present high rate of exchange to provide for the future education of their children.

Write to us for particulars of our Special Policies, at

10 Canton Road,

Shanghai.

Piece Goods and Yarn

Messrs. Ilbert and Co. write as follows in their report for week ending February 21:

Piece Goods

Trade on the whole has been satisfactory throughout the week though the demand has slackened off during the last two days and is not likely to revive until the consuming centers have had time to digest the substantial quantity of supplies purchased since the market re-opened. Clearances have been promptly made and stocks of some cloths have been reduced to such a compass that there need be no uneasiness regarding the arrival of cheaper goods recently purchased from Manchester and due here during the late spring and summer.

The amount of business done during the past two weeks appears to have been fairly considerable, the bulk of it emanating from Mongolia and Siberia where a veritable famine in cloth exists. Certain classes of White Shirtings and Prints are most in demand at the moment and prices for these continue to rule very firm.

The Yangtsze markets have done comparatively little so far, and the Szechuen merchants also appear to be content to keep out of the market for the time being.

Grey Shirtings Generally.—A fair volume of business has been done at improved rates but the immediate demand has now been satisfied and our market closes quiet but steady.

7-lbs—Sales have been brought to our notice in Bluebell at Tls. 4.00, Soldier at Tls. 3.80, Man and Horse at Tls. 3.75 and Five Boys at Tls. 3.40 Auction market steady.

8¼-lbs.—We hear of the following transactions:—Eight Green Horses at Tls. 5.75, Two Horses at Tls. 5.45, Two Stagsheads at Tls. 5.40, Two Bells at Tls. 5.25 and Blue Elephant at Tls. 5.50. Prices at auction steady.

9-11-lbs.—Business has been reported in 10 lbs. in Pigshead at Tls. 7.00 and Nine Boys at Tls. 6.35. No material change in auction values.

12-lbs. 36-inches.—The following sales are recorded for the Northern Ports:—Soldier and Red Cock at Tls. 8.75, President at Tls. 8.25, Round Dragon at Tls. 8.05 and Large Blue Stag at Tls. 7.00. Auction market quite steady at slightly higher prices.

White Shirtings.—There has been a good demand and prices have hardened all round. We hear of the following sales:—Large Red Dog at Tls. 10.75, Nine Gold Horses at Tls. 10.30, Nine Blue Horses at Tls. 9.50, Flower No. 1 at Tls. 9.50, No. 2 at Tls. 8.75, No. 3 at Tls. 8.55 and No. 4 at Tls. 8.25. Auction market firm.

Bleached T-Cloths.—Inquiries from Tsingtau have brought out business at slightly higher prices. The following sales are reported:—Nine Round Phoenix at Tls. 8.70, Five Round Phoenix at Tls. 8.50, Three Round Phoenix at Tls. 8.00, Two Round Phoenix at Tls. 7.50, Single Round Phoenix at Tls. 7.40, Four Gold Cocks at Tls. 7.25 and Three Stagshead at Tls. 6.00. Auction values steady.

Dyed and Fancy Cottons.—A fair business has been done but our market closes slightly easier. Auction prices steady.

Cotton.—Our market for the local staple has, after an easier feeling at the commencement of the week, rather strengthened again and at the close is steady. Quotations are as follows:—Tungchow at Tls. 30.00 to Tls. 31.00, Tai Chong at Tls. 29.00 to Tls. 29.50, Steam Ginned at Tls. 29.00 and Ordinary Shanghai at Tls. 28.00 to Tls. 28.50.

Hankow grades are also rather steadier than they were, quotations for Shensi No. 1 being Tls. 32.00, and Tls. 27.50 to Tls. 28.00 for Hupeh.

Reuter cables the Liverpool quotations as follows:—Good Middling Texas at 17.69d, Egyptian Sakellaridis at 27.09d. and M. G. Bengal at 14.91d. per lb.

Local Yarn.—After the somewhat heavy buying reported last week it is perhaps not surprising that dealers have been going somewhat slow and not adding to their commitments. Rates, however, are steady and spot cargo in good demand, clearances have continued satisfactory. A certain amount of business has been done among secondhand buyers, and the only sale from first hands reported is in 1,000 bales 16's Wedding at Tls. 182.50 for delivery April-May.

Indian Yarn.—Market steady. Sales are reported in:

No. 10's—100 bales Apollo at Tls. 145.00, 100 bales Sorab at Tls. 147.00, 100 bales Tricumdass at Tls. 147.50, 50 bales Svadeshi Kose at Tls. 150.50.

No. 12's—100 bales China Mill at Tls. 146.00, 100 bales Currimbhoy Ring at Tls. 145.00, 50 bales Herald at Tls. 146.00.

Japanese Yarn.—We have only one sale to record in:

No. 20's—50 bales Man and Fish at Tls. 168.50.

中國精益眼鏡公司
Refracting and Manufacturing

Crookes, Torics,
AND
Kryptoks

CHINESE OPTICAL CO.
P.352 Nanking Road

BAR SILVER

Reuter's Service

London, February 18.—Today's Silver prices were:

Bar Silver Spot: 47⅛d. quiet.

Previous quotations, London, February 17:

Bar Silver Spot: 47⅛d. quiet.

London, February 16:

Bar Silver Spot: 47⅛d. quiet.

U. K. METAL MARKET

Reuter's Service

London, February 18.—Today's Metal prices were:

	£	s.	d.
Standard Copper G. M. B. f.o.b.	75	0	0
American Electrolytic 99 90% Copper f.o.b.	90	0	0
Lead L. B. c.i.f. per ton	Nominal		
Soft Lead "Spanish" f.o.b.	28	10	0
Quicksilver, second hand ex warehouse f.o.b. (1s. extra in flask)	20	10	0
Antimony "Regulus" (sellers)	45	0	0
Muntz Metal, f.o.b. London or Liverpool (less 1%)		13	
Standard Tin (cash)	204	0	0
Spelter (ordy. soft.) f.o.b.	45	0	0
Galvanised Sheets 24 gauge f.o.b.	31	0	0
Standard Tin (3 months)	200	0	0

PARIS EXCHANGE

(French Wireless)

Paris, February 22.—(Via Lyons and Koukaza). Paris exchange:

Paris-London cheques 26.00

War Loans:
3 percent 64.75
4 percent 1917 ..... 74.80

Liberty Loans:
4 percent 1918 ..... 74.45
5 percent 90.95

LONDON MONEY MARKET

Reuter's Service

London, February 18.—Today's rates were:

Consols, 2½ for account £58⅞
French Rentes 3% for account ..... Fcs. 64½
Cheques on London at Paris ..... Fr. 25.97½
Telegraphic Transfers on London at New York .. G.4.76½
Japanese 4% Bonds ..... Y. 83
Rupee Paper, 5% Loan 1854-55 ..... R. 53⅛
Bar Silver ..... 47⅛d.
Bank Rate of Discount 5%
Market Rate of Discount (3 month's Bank Bills) 3⅛%
Exchange Hongkong (Document Bills at 60 days) 3/2
Exchange on Shanghai (Document Bills at 60 days) 4/10
Hongkong and Shanghai Bank Shares £111
Shells (ord.) £7/17/6
Indos (Proef.) £4/12/6
Indos (Def.) £36/10/0

COMMERCIAL CABLES

Reuter's Service

London, February 18.—Today's prices and deliveries were:

Egyptian Fully Good Fair Sakallaridis ..... 27.09d.
M. G. Fine Scinde and Bengal ..... 15.03d.
Good Middling Texas 1⅛ inch staple ..... 18.35d.
Plantation Rubber, April to June ..... 2/0½d.
Deliveries, China Silk .....98 bales.
Deliveries, Canton Silk .....32 bales.
Deliveries, Japan Silk .....86 bales.

SHORT LOANS

We can arrange short loans in

AMERICAN GOLD

on approved local securities

Raven Trust Co., Ltd.
15 Nanking Road

LONDON RUBBER MARKET

Reuter's Service

London, February 19.—Today's Rubber prices were:

Plantation First Latex Crepe:
Spot: 2s. 0¼d. paid.
July to December: 2s. 0¼d. paid.
Tendency of market, quiet.

Previous quotations, London, February 18:
Spot: 2s. 0¼d. paid.
July to December: 2s. 1d. paid.
Tendency of market, firmer.

London, February 17:
Spot: 2s. 0¼d. sellers.
July to December: 2s. 0¼d. buyers.
Tendency of market, steady.

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Established 1840.
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FOREMOST Russian Steamship Company. Owners of over 300 Cargo and Passenger steamers, plying on the Vola, Kama, Oka, Kura and Caspian Sea.

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M. A. MORDUCOVITCH, Manager.

Telephone No. 1478. 1 The Bund.

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SHANGHAI-NANKING RAILWAY ABRIDGED TIME TABLF

Shanghai North To Nanking—Up (Main Line) Nanking To Shanghai North—Down

STATIONS.	Local	Express R.	Fast R	3rd and 4th	Pas. R	Local	Fast Local	Night Express R.S.
SHANGHAI NORTH.....dep.	..	7.55	9.10	9.40	12.45	15.25	17.15	23.00
SOOCHOW .....dep.	..	9.41	11.22	12.20	14.35	18.15	19.20	1.08
WUSIH .....dep.	..	10.31	12.24	13.41	15.54	19.27	20.20	3.10
CHANGCHOW...dep.	6.50	11.22	13.16	15.03	16.48	..	21.25	3.10
TANYANG .....dep.	8.05	12.09	14.11	16.16	17.41	..	..	..
CHINKIANG.....dep.	9.16	12.52	14.55	17.17	18.22	..	..	5.08
NANKING.....arr.	11.19	14.15	*16.35	19.23	19.50	..	..	6.50
PUKOW .....dep.	..	..	18.30		..	..	..	..
TSINANFU .....dep.	..	..	17.46		..	..	..	..
TIENTSIN arr.	..	..	6.00		..	..	..	..
CENTRAL dep.	..	..	7.20		..	..	..	..
PEKING .....arr.	..	..	10.20		..	..	..	..

STATIONS.	Local	Fast Local	Fast R	3rd and 4th	Fast R.	Express R.	Local	Night Express R.S.
PEKING .....dep.	..	..	16.45		..	..	..	..
TIENTSIN arr.	..	..	19.30		..	..	..	..
CENTRAL dep.	..	..	21.45		..	..	..	..
TSINANFU.....dep.	..	..	8.15		..	..	..	..
PUKOW .....arr.	..	..	6.00		..	..	..	..
NANKING .....dep.	..	..	*7.25	8.00	11.45	*14.20	15.35	23.00
CHINKIANG ....dep.	..	..	9.00	10.10	13.20	16.06	18.16	1.00
TANYANG .....dep.	..	..	9.36	10.59	14.12	16.41	19.08	..
CHANGCHOW ..dep.	7.00	..	10.34	12.18	15.08	17.39	20.20	3.06
WUSIH .....dep.	8.15	7.10	11.28	13.36	16 00	18.29	..	4.11
SOOCHOW .....dep.	9.35	8.08	12.23	14.54	17.01	19.21	..	5.12
SHANGHAI NORTH.....arr.	12.15	10.15	14.20	17.50	19.00	21.00	..	7.00

R. Restaurant Cars. *Connects at Pukow with the through Siberian service. S. Sleeping Cars.

Woosung Forts to Shanghai North—Up (BRANCH LINE) Shanghai North to Woosung Forts—Down

WOOSUNG FORTS ..dep.	6.50	8.10	10.50	13.15	14.40	16.20	18.10	19.53	21.30	SHANGHAI NORTH..dep.	6.10	7.30	10.05	12.25	14.00	15.20	17.20	19.10	20.45
KIANGWAN dep.	7.17	8.37	11.17	13.42	15.07	16.47	18.37	20.2:	21.57	KIANGWANdep	6.21	7.41	10.16	12.36	14.11	15.41	17.41	19.21	20.56
SHANGHAI NORTH .. arr.	7.25	8.45	11.25	13.50	15.15	16.55	18.45	20.30	22.05	WOOSUNG FORTS..arr.	6.45	8.05	10.40	13.00	14.35	16.05	18.05	19.45	21.20

SHANGHAI-HANGCHOW-NINGPO RAILWAY ABRIDGED TIME TABLE

SHANGHAI NORTH TO ZAHKOU—"DOWN" MAIN LINE. ZAHKOU TO SHANGHAI NORTH—"UP"

STATIONS	Local	Fast R	Slow	Coolie & Goods	Local	Express R	Local	Local
Shanghai North ..... dep.	....	7.35	9.00	10.00	....	14.50	15.50	....
Jessfield ..... dep.	....	7.51	9.16	10.23	....	15.06	16.06	....
Soosawu ..... dep.	....	7.58	9.23	10.38	....	15.13	16.13	....
Lunghwa Junction ..... dep.	....	8.15	9.40	10.53	....	15.30	16.29	....
Shanghai South ..... dep.	....	*7.45*	*9.10*	*10.20*	*13.35*	*15.00*	*16.00*	*17.55*
Lunghwa Junction ..... dep.	....	*8.15*	*9.40*	*10.53*	*13.52*	*15.30*	*16.29*	*18.12*
Sungkiang ..... dep.	....	8.59	10.48	12.02	....	16.07	17.42	....
Kashai ..... dep.	....	9.51	11.52	13.28	....	16.58	18.49	....
Kashing ..... dep.	7.40	10.25	12.30	14.35	....	17.22	19.20	....
Tsekah ..... dep.	8.45	11.05	13.15	15.50	....	17.53	....	....
Changan ..... dep.	9.45	11.41	14.00	16.50	....	18.24	....	....
Hangchow ..... dep.	11.10	12.50	15.25	18.30	....	19.19	....	....
Zahkou ..... arr.	11.35	13.10	15.50	19.00	....	19.35	....	....

STATIONS	Local	Local	Fast R	Slow	Local	Coolie and Goods	Express R	Local
Zahkou ..... dep.	....	....	6.30	7.55	....	9.20	14.10	15.30
Hangchow ..... dep.	....	....	7.00	8.30	....	10.00	14.35	16.05
Changan ..... dep.	...	....	8.04	9.48	....	11.40	15.20	17.36
Tsekah ..... dep.	....	....	8.41	10.31	....	12.39	15.51	18.40
Kashing ..... dep.	....	7.15	9.28	11.22	....	14.10	16.30	19.30
Kashai ..... dep.	....	7.48	9.53	11.55	....	14.38	16.52	....
Sungkiang ..... dep.	....	9.05	10.47	12.59	....	16.08	17.40	....
Lunghwa Junction ..... dep.	*8.18*	*10.38*	*11.38*	*14.08*	*15.33*	*17.23*	*18.23*	....
Shanghai South ..... arr.	*8.35*	*10.55*	*11.55*	*14.25*	*15.50*	*17.40*	*18.40*	....
Lunghwa Junction ..... dep.	....	10 30	11.35	14.05	....	17.18	18.20	....
Soosawei ..... dep.	....	10.39	11.44	14.14	....	17.28	18.29	....
Jessfield ..... dep.	....	10.46	11.51	14.21	....	17.37	18.36	....
Shanghai North ..... arr.	....	11.00	12.05	14.35	....	17.55	18.50	....

KONZENCHIAO TO ZAHKOU KIANGSHOO BRANCH LINE. ZAHKOU TO KONZENCHIAO

Konzenchiao....	dep.	6.50	8.25	11.25	14.00	15.55	18.35	Zahkou.....	dep.	—	10.10	12.25	....	17.20	....
Kenshangmun ..	dep.	7.10	8.50	11.40	14.15	16.15	18.50	Hangchow.....	dep.	7.30	10.40	12.45	14.55	17.50	19.15
Hangchow.....	dep.	7.20	9.15	11.52	14.24	16.30	19.00	Kenshangmun ..	dep.	7.42	10.57	12.57	15.12	18.07	19.27
Zahkou.....	arr.	—	9.40	12.10	....	16.55	....	Konzenchiao....	arr.	7.55	11.10	13.10	15.25	18.20	19.40

R. Restaurant Car.

Chinese and Foreign Banking Announcements

Chartered Bank of India, Australia and China

Incorporated by Royal Charter 1853.

Capital £1,200,000
Reserve Fund 2,000,000
Reserve Liability of Shareholders 1,200,000

Head Office:
38 BISHOPSGATE, LONDON, E. C.

Court of Directors:
Sir Montagu Cornish Turner, Chairman.
Sir Duncan Carmichael.
T. Cuthbertson, Esq.
Sir Alfred Dent, K.C.M.G.
W. H. Neville Goschen, Esq.
The Rt. Hon. Lord George Hamilton, G.C.S.I.
W. Foot Mitchell, Esq.
Lewis Alexander Wallace, Esq.

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The London Joint City & Midland Bank Limited.
The London County and Westminister Bank, Limited.
The National Provincial Bank of England, Limited.
The National Bank of Scotland, Limited.

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Bangkok	Ipoh	Rangoon
Batavia	Karachi	Saigon
Bombay	Klang	Seremban
Calcutta	Kobe	Singapore
Canton	Kuala-Lumpur	Shanghai
Cebu	Madras	Sourabaya
Colombo	Manila	Taiping
Delhi	Medan	(F. M. S.)
Haiphong	New York	Tavoy (Lower
Hankow	Peking	Burma)
Hongkong	Penang	Tientsin
	Yokohama	

Shanghai Branch 18 The Bund.

Drafts granted on the above Agencies and Branches and also on the principal Commercial Cities throughout the world. Bills of Exchange bought, Travelling Letters of Credit issued and every description of Banking and Exchange business undertaken.

Interest allowed on Current Deposit Accounts, according to arrangement.

Fixed Deposits are received for twelve months and shorter periods at rates to be ascertained on application.

A. I. D. STEWART.
Manager.

BANQUE DE L'INDO-CHINE

Capital ..... Frs. 48,000,000.00
Reserve ..... Frs. 50,000,000.00

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Battambang	Hongkong	Shanghai
Canton	Mengtze	Singapore
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This Shanghai Agency undertakes all banking operations and exchange business, grants credits on goods and approved securities and receives deposits on current and fixed deposits according to arrangement.

L. ARDAIN.
Manager.

The Exchange Bank of China

SHANGHAI BRANCH
41 Kiangse Road.

Telephone C. 1941.
Telegraphic Address "Knabex."

Capital ..... Yen 10,000,000
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YOA YU,
Manager.

Hongkong & Shanghai Banking Corporation

Paid-up Capital $15,000,000

Reserve Funds:—
Sterling £1,500,000 @ 2s. $15,000,000
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A. G. STEPHEN,
Manager.

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Reserve Fund	1,750,000

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Paris office: 9 Rue Boudreau.
London office: 64 Old Broad Street, E.C. 2.

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G. CARRERE.
Managers for Asia.

The National Commercial Bank, Ltd.

(Formerly The Chekiang Shing Nih Chartered Bank Ltd.)
Established 1907.

Paid-Up Capital $1,000,000.00
Reserve Fund 266,000.00

Head Office: Shanghai
14, Peking Road.
Managers' Office Central 2650
Tel.: General: Central 2613 & 2614

Branches:
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SHEN CHU HSU, Manager.
O. C. YANG, Sub-Manager.

The Bank of China

(Specially authorised by Presidential Mandate of 15th April, 1915)

Authorised Capital .. $60,000,000.00
Paid-Up Capital $12,279,800.00
Reserve Fund $1,298,552.60
Special Reserve Fund $1,898,933.68

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Changchun	Wuhu	Ichang
Antung	Anking	Changsha
Dalny	Hangchow	Nanchang
Moukden	Ningpo	Kiukiang
Newchwang	Nanking	Foochow
Harbin	Chinkiang	Amoy
Kirin	Hsuchow	Canton
Tsinan	Soochow	Hongkong
Chefoo	Wusieh	Swatow
Tsingtau	Yangchow	Chungking

SHANGHAI BRANCH.
3 HANKOW ROAD.

Loans granted on approved Securities. Local Bills discounted. Interest allowed on Current Accounts and Fixed Deposits in Taels or Dollars according to arrangement.

SUNG HAN-CHANG,
Manager.

Shanghai, 15th February, 1919.

Hongkong & Shanghai Banking Corporation

Savings Bank Office:
12 The Bund, and 9 Broadway.

Deposits of not less than $1, or over $100, will be received at one time.

Not more than $1,200 will be received in one year from any single not at any time exceed the sum of $5,000.

Interest at the rate of 3½ per cent per annum will be allowed on the monthly minimum balance. Deposits may be withdrawn on demand. Accounts will be kept either in Mexican Dollars or Taels, at the option of the depositor.

Depositors will be presented with Pass Books in which all transactions will be entered. Pass Books must be presented when paying in or withdrawing money.

Office Hours—10 a.m. to 3 p.m. Saturday, 10 a.m. to 12 noon.

Commercial Bank of China

Head Office: SHANGHAI

Subscribed Capital Sh. Tls. 5,000,000
Paid-Up Capital Sh. Tls. 2,500,000

Advances made on approved securities. Bills discounted.

Interest allowed on Current Accounts at 2 per cent per annum on daily balance. On Fixed deposits:
For 3 months at 3% per annum.
For 6 months at 4 % per annum.
For 12 months at 5% per annum
On deposits in Dollars according to arrangement.

H. G. MARSHALL,
Chief Manager.

中 華 彙 業 銀 行 Chung Foo Union Bank

(Established in 1917.)
Statutes approved by the Government in 1916.
Head offices: Tientsin

Subscribed Capital $2,000,000
Paid-Up Capital $1,020,000

Managing Director:
SUN TAO SAN.

Branches and Agencies in Domestic Cities:

Tientsin	Chinkiang
Shanghai	Soochow
Peking	Wusieh
Hankow	Hangchow
Nanking	Ningpo
Yangchow	Shaohsing
Hsuchow	Canton
Pengpu	Hongkong
Changchun	Changteh
Antung	Chengchow
Kiukiang	

Tsinkiangpu

Agencies and Correspondents in foreign countries:
London: International Banking Corporation.
New York: International Banking Corporation.
San Francisco: International Banking Corporation.
Boston: American Express Company.
Tokio: Bank of Chosen.
Kobe: Bank of Chosen.
Osaka: Bank of Chosen.
Yokohama: Bank of Taiwan.
And also other principal cities in foreign countries.

SHANGHAI BRANCH.
S.441 Ningpo Road.
Tel. Central 1929 Managers' Office.
Tel. Central 2618 General Office.

Every description of Banking and Exchange business transacted. Interest allowed on Current Accounts and Fixed Deposits both in Taels and Dollars according to arrangement.

Credits granted on approved securities.

Y. R. SUN, Manager.
T. D. ZAR, Sub-Manager.

International Banking Corporation

Head Office:
National City Bank Building
55 Wall Street, New York.

Capital and Surplus ...U.S. $6,500,000
Undivided Profits ...U.S. $2,118,579.84

H. T. S. Green,
President & General Manager.
London Office:
36 Bishopsgate, E. C.
San Francisco Office:
232 Montgomery Street.

Far Eastern Branches
China: Shanghai, Peking Tientsin, Hankow, Hongkong, Canton.
Japan: Yokohama, Kobe.
Philippines: Manila, Cebu.
India: Bombay, Calcutta.
Straits Settlements: Singapore.
Dutch East Indies: Batavia, Soerabaya.

West Indian and Central American Branches:
Republic of Panama: Panama, Colon.
Republic of Colombia: Medellin.
Dominican Republic: Santo Domingo, San Pedro de Macoris.
Santiago, Puerto Plata.

In addition to our own Branches, by reason of our close affiliation with. *The National City Bank of New York* we are able to offer the facilities of its branches at Bahai, Buenos Aires, Caracas, Genoa, Havana, Montevideo, Moscow, Petrograd, Rio, de Janeiro, San Juan, P. R., Santiago de Cuba, Santos, Sao Paulo, Valparaiso, Vladivostock.

Commercial and Travellers' Letters of Credit, Bills of Exchange and Cable Transfers bought and sold. Current accounts opened and Fixed Deposits taken on rates that may be ascertained on application to the Bank.

H. C. GULLAND, Manager.
1a, Kiukiang Road.

The Bank of Canton, Limited.

Incorporated 1912.

Capital (fully paid) .....H.$2,000,000.00
Reserve Fund .....H.$ 240,000.00
Investment reserve fund H.$ 40,000.00

Head Office
No. 6 Des Voeux Road, Hongkong.

Shanghai Office
No. 2 Ningpo Road

Interest allowed on Current Accounts and Fixed Deposits according to arrangement.

Every description of Banking and Exchange business transacted.

C. C. WONG,
Act. Manager.

BANK OF COMMUNICATIONS

Specially authorised by Presidental Mandates of April 7th, 1914, and October 31st, 1915.

Capital: Kuping Taels 10,000,000

HEAD OFFICE: PEKING
Over 60 Branches and Agencies at principal cities and commercial centers in China.
Agencies abroad: Singapore, Hongkong, Tokyo (Japan).

SHANGHAI BRANCH
35 Szechuen Road.

Interest allowed on both Current and Fixed Deposit Accounts; Credit granted to approved securities, and every description of Banking and Exchange business transacted.

H. TAO, Manager,
Y. M. CHIEN, Sub-Manager.

Yokohama Specie Bank, Limited

(Established 1880.)

Head Office: YOKOHAMA JAPAN.

Capital Subscribed .. Yen 48,000,000
Capital Paid-up .... Yen 42,000,000
Reserve Fund ..... Yen 24,300,000

London Bankers:
The London County and Westminster and Parr's Bank, Ltd.
The National Provincial and Union Bank of England, Ltd.
The London Joint Stock Bank, Ltd.

Branches and Agencies

Batavia	Los Angeles	Seattle
Bombay	London	Shanghai
Buenos Ayres	Lyons	Shimonoseki
Calcutta	Manila	Singapore
Changchun	Mukden	Sourabaya
Dalny	Nagasaki	Sydney
Hankow	Newchwang	Tientsin
Harbin	New York	Tokio
Hongkong	Osaka	Tsinanfu
Honolulu	Peking	Tsingtau
Kaiyuen	Rangoon	Valdivostock
Kobe	S. Francisco	

SHANGHAI BRANCH
Interest allowed on Current Accounts and Fixed Deposits in Taels and Dollars, according to arrangement.

Drafts granted on principal places in Japan, Korea, Formosa, China and the chief commercial places in Europe, India and America.

Every description of Banking and Exchange Business transacted.

K. KODAMA, Manager.

Banque Industrielle de Chine

Capital ..... Francs 45,000,000
one-third of the Capital, i. e., Frs. 15,000,000, subscribed by THE GOVERNMENT OF THE CHINESE REPUBLIC
Statutes approved by the Government of the Chinese Republic on January 11, 1913.

President, Andre Berthellot.
General Manager, A. J. Pernotte.

HEAD OFFICE
74, RUE ST. LAZARE, PARIS.
Branches in Peking, Tientsin, Shanghai, Hongkong, Saigon, Haiphong and Yunanfou

BANKERS:
In France: Societe Generalle pour Favoriser le Development du Commerce & de l'Industrie en France.
In London: London County and Westminster and Parr's Bank Ltd.
London City & Midland Bank Ltd.
In New-York: Redmond & Co.
In Italy: Banca Commerciale Italiana Credito Italiano

Taels, Dollars, Gold Accounts
Interest allowed on Current Accounts in Gold or Local Currency and fixed deposits on application.

Every description of Banking and Exchange business transacted.

Savings accounts in Gold and Local Currency.

G. LION, Manager.

The Mercanile Bank of India, Ltd.

Authorised Capital £1,500,000
Subscribed Capital 1,125,000
Paid-up Capital 562,500
Reserve Fund 659,000

HEAD OFFICE, 15 Gracechurch Street, LONDON, E. C.

London Bankers:
London Joint Stock Bank, Ltd.

Branches & Agencies.

Bombay	Howrah	Madras
Calcutta	Handy	Penang
Colombo	Karachi	Port Louis
Delhi	Kota Bahru	(Mauritius)
Galle	(Kelantan)	Rangoon
Hongkong	Kuala Lumpur	Shanghai
	Singapore	

Shanghai Branch.
EVERY description of Banking and Exchange business transacted. Interest allowed on Tael Current Accounts at 2 % per annum and an Fixed Deposits at rates which may be ascertained on application.

C. T. BEATH Manager.
26 The Bund.

The Shanghai Commercial and Savings Bank, Ltd.

9, NINGPO ROAD

Capital (Paid-up) $600,000.00
Reserve Fund ..... $ 15,000.00
Deposits (Dec., 1918).. $3,400,000.00

Accounts carried in dollars, taels or foreign currencies.

Banking by Mail.

Credit granted on approved securities.

Drafts, both domestic and foreign, purchased or sold.

Exchange of dollars, taels and foreign currencies.

Pocket Savings Bank for saving small coins.

SAFE DEPOSIT BOXES for rent.

K. P. CHEN,
General Manager.

Banque Belge Pour L'Etranger

Filiale de la Societe Generale de Belgique
Societe Anonyme
Paid-Up Capital .. Frs. 30,000,000

Head Office: BRUSSELS.
London office: 2 Bishopsgate.
Branches at Peking, Tientsin, Alexandria, Cairo (Egypt), and Rotterdam.

President:
JEAN JADOT
Gouvernor Societe Generale de Belgique.

Bankers:
London: Martin's Bank, Ltd.
Brussels: Societe Generale de Belgique.
Antwerp: Banque d'Anvers.
Paris: Banque de l'Union Parisienne Societe Anonyme.
Lyons and Marseilles: Comptoir National d'Escompte de Paris.
New York: National City Bank of New York.

Interest allowed on Current Accounts Taels and fixed deposits according to arrangements.

Every description of banking and exchange business transacted.

M. DEMETS,
Manager for China.

Nederlandsche Handel Maatschappij

(NETHERLANDS TRADING SOCIETY.)

Established 1824.

Paid-up-Capital—
Guilders 70,000,000 (about £5,833,333)
Reserve Fund—
Guilders 12,760,286 (about £1,063,357)
Head Office: AMSTERDAM.
Head Agency: BATAVIA
Agencies in Holland:
THE HAGUE and ROTTERDAM.

Branches:

Bandjermasin	Medan	Singapore
Bandoeng	Padang	Soerabaya
Cheribon	Palembang	Soerakarta
Djember	Pekalongan	Tebing-Tinggi
Djokjakarta	Penang	Tegal
Hongkong	Pontianak	Telok-Beton
Kota-Radja	Rangoon	Tjilatjap
Langsa	Semarang	Weltevreden
Makassar		

London Bankers:
National Provincial and Union Bank of England, Ltd.

Correspondents at the principal places in Europe, Asia, Australia and North America.

The Bank buys, sells, and receives for collection bills of exchange, issues letters of credit on its branches and correspondents and transacts banking business of every description.

SHANGHAI INTEREST ALLOWED on current tael accounts and fixed deposits, according to arrangement.

B. G. J. WYNBERG,

ASIA BANKING CORPORATION

An American Bank

HEAD OFFICE
66 Liberty Street, New York

SHANGHAI BRANCH
15 Kiukiang Road

The Asia Banking Corporation offers an American Banking Service and respectfully solicits your patronage. It is organised especially for the purpose of fostering and developing trade between the Orient and the United States. The entire service, information and TIME of our bank, its staff and correspondents is at the disposal of our clients and their friends.

Interest allowed on current, fixed and saving accounts carried in Taels, Mexican Dollars, U.S. Gold, Sterling and Francs.

Foreign or local drafts purchased at best rates, or entered for collection.

Imports and exports financed.

Commercial credits established.

Drafts sold on, and telegraphic payments effected in, any part of the World.

Arrivals

Arrived	From	Ship's Name	Flag Agents
Feb. 24	Ningpo	Hsin Peking	Br. B. & S.
Feb. 24	Ningpo	Hsin Ningshao	Chi. N.S.S. Co.
Feb. 24	Hankow	Tuckwo	Br. J.M. & Co.
Feb. 24	Hankow	Suiyang Maru	Jap. N.K.K.
Feb. 24	Hongkong	Sunning	Br. B. & S.
Feb. 24	Swatow	Koonshing	Br. J.M. & Co.
Feb. 24	Dalny	Sakaki Maru	Jap. S.M.R.
Feb. 24	Foochow	Haean	Chi. C.M.S.N. Co.
Feb. 24	Tsingtao	Tencho Maru	Jap. S.M.R.

BENJAMIN AND POTTS SHARE LIST

Yesterday's Prices

STOCK	Closing Quotations
Banks	
H. K. and S. B. ..	$730
Chartered	£80 CNI
Russo-Asiatic	Tls. 250
Marine Insurances	
Canton	$410 B.
North China	Tls. 122½ B.
Union of Canton ...	$900 B.
Yangtsze	$215 B.
Far Eastern Ins. Co., Ltd.	Tls. 26 S.
Fire Insurances	
China Fire	$170 B.
Hongkong Fire	$357½
Shipping	
Indo-China Def	$160
Indo-China Pref...	
"Shell"	161/- B.
Shanghai Tug (o) ..	Tls. 35
Shanghai Tug (f) ...	Tls. 37 B.
Mining	
Kaiping	Tls. 10½ B.
Oriental Cons	21/-
Raub	$2.10
Docks	
Hongkong Dock	$159 B.
Shanghai Dock	Tls. 131½ B.
New Eng. Works ...	Tls. 25 B.
Wharves	
Shanghai Wharf ...	Tls. 90 B.
Hongkong Wharf ...	$114 B.
Lands and Hotels	
Anglo-French Land .	Tls. 79
China Land	Tls. 80
Shanghai Land	Tls. 70 B.
Weihaiwei Land	Tls. 8
Shanghai Hotels Ltd.	$15 B.
China Realty (ord.).	Tls. 68
China Realty (pref.)	Tls. 50
Cotton Mills	
E-wo	Tls. 177½ B.
E-wo Pref	Tls. 97½
Laou-kung-mow	Tls. 130 B.
Oriental	Tls. 61 B.
Shanghai Cotton	Tls. 155 B.
Kungyik	Tls. 14½ B.
Yangtszepoo	Tls. 8½ B.
Yangtszepoo Pref. ...	Tls. 90
Industrials	
Butler Tilles	Tls. 25
China Sugar	$108 B.
Green Island	$9 Sa.
Langkats	Tls. 23½ C.N.I.
Major Bros	Tls. 5 [B.
Shanghai Sumatra ...	Tls. 107½ B.
Stores	
Hall and Holtz	$13 B.
Llewellyn	$30
Lane, Crawford	$95 B.
Moutrie	$32
Watson	$6 B.
Weeks	$12½
Rubbers (Local)	
Alma	Tls. 7½
Amherst	Tls. 0.60 B.
Anglo-Java	Tls. 8½ B.
Anglo-Dutch	Tls. 4 B.
Ayer Tawah	Tls. 20½ B.
Batu Anam 1918 ..	Tls. 0.80 B.
Bukit Toh Alang	Tls. 2.35 B.
Bute	Tls. 0.82½ B.
Chemor United	Tls. 1 B.
Chempedak	Tls. 7 B.
Cheng	Tls. 1½ B.
Consolidated	Tls. 2.60 B.
Dominion	Tls. 6½ B.
Gula Kalumpong ...	Tls. 6 B.
Java Consolidated ..	Tls. 14 B.
Kamunting	Tls. 4½ B.
Kapala	Tls. 0.40 B.
Kapayang	Tls. 16
Karan	Tls. 8½ B.
Kota Bahroe	Tls. 5½ B.
Kroewoek Java	Tls. 12 B.
Padang	Tls. 9½ B.
Pengkalan Durian ..	Tls. 4½ B.
Permata	Tls. 2½
Repah	Tls. 0.75 B.
Samagaga	Tls. 0.75 B.
Seekee	Tls. 1 B.
Semambu	Tls. 0.90 B.
Senawang	Tls. 8
Shanghai Klebang ..	Tls. 0.55 B.
Shanghai Malay	Tls. 6
S'hai Malay pref.	Tls. 8 B.
Shanghai Pahang ...	Tls. 1.10 B.
Sungala	Tls. 1
Sungei Duri	Tls. 8½ B.
Sua Manggis	Tls. 4 B.
S'hai Kalantan	Tls. 0.50 B.
Shanghai Seremban ..	Tls. 0.60 B.
Taiping	Tls. 1.20 B.
Tanah Merah	Tls. 0.90 B.
Tebong	Tls. 14½ B.
Ulobri	Tls. 2½
Ziangbe	Tls. 5 B.
Miscellaneous	
C. I and E. Lumber..	Tls. 250 B.
Culty Dairy	Tls. 12 S.
S'hai Elec. and Asb...	$3
Shanghai Trams	Tls. 70 B.
Shanghai Gas	Tls. 24
Horse Bazaar	Tls. 33
Shanghai Mercury ...	Tls. 50
Shanghai Telephone.	Tls. 78
S'hai Waterworks ...	Tls. 170

S. Sellers. Sa, Sales. B. Buyers.

Telephone No. Central 398

Benjamin & Potts, 8 Jinkee Road

Mail Notices

MAILS CLOSE
For Japan:
Per N.Y.K. s.s. Kokura M. Feb. 25
Per N.Y.K. s.s. Yawata M. Feb. 28
For U.S. Canada and Europe:
Per R.D. s.s. Harold Dollar Feb. 25
Per P.M. s.s. Colombia ....Mar. 1
For Vladivostock
Per R.V.F. s.s. Penza ....Feb. 28

MAILS DUE
From U.S. and Canada
Per N.Y.K. s.s. Fushimi M. Feb. 28

GENERAL SHIPPING NEWS

Future Sailings

FOR AMERICA AND CANADA

Date	Time	Destination	Ship's Name	Flag	Agents
Feb.	—	Vancouver	Harold Dollar	Br.	R. D. & Co.
Mar.	1	San Frrancisco	Stanley Dollar	Br.	R. D. & Co.
Mar.	1	San Francisco	Colombia	Am.	C.M.S.S. Co.
Mar.	2	Tacoma, etc.	Africa Maru	Jap.	O. S. K.
Mar.	4	New York via Panama	Bloemfontein	Br.	J. M. & Co.
Mar.	8	San Francisco	Shinyo Maru	Jap.	T. K. K.
Mar.	15	Vancouver	E. of Japan	Br.	C.P.O.S.
Mar.	29	Vancouver	E. of Asia	Br.	C.P.O.S.
Mar.	20	San Francisco	Kina	Am.	R.D. Co.
Mar.	30	San Frrancisco	Tancred	Am.	R.D. Co.
Mar.	30	San Francisco	Nanking	Am.	C.M.S.S. Co.
Apr.	1	Seattle, etc.	Fushimi Maru	Jap.	N. Y. K.
Apr.	1	Tacoma	Justin	Am.	B.A.T. Co.
Apr.	8	Tacoma, etc.	Arabia Maru	Jap.	O. S. K.
Apr.	9	Vancouver	Montenegle	Br.	C.P.O.S.
Apr.	15	Vancouver	Bessie Dollar	Br.	R. D. & Co.
Apr.	15	Tacoma, etc.	Manila Maru	Jap.	O. S. K.
Apr.	26	Vancouver	Empress of Russia	Br.	C.P.O.S.
Apr.	27	San Francisco	China	Am.	C.M.S.S. Co.
Apr.	—	San Francisco	Venezuela	Am.	P.M.S.S. Co.
May	9	Seattle, etc.	Suwa Maru	Jap.	N. Y. K.
May	6	San Francisco	Tenyo Maru	Jap.	T. K. K.
May	24	San Francisco	Shinyo Maru	Jap.	T. K. K.

FOR JAPAN PORTS

Feb.	25	— N'saki, Kobe & Y'hama	Kasuga Maru	Jap.	N. Y. K.
Feb.	26	— Kobe	Iyo Maru	Jap.	N. Y. K.
Feb.	26	— Moji, Kobe & Osaka	Kokura Maru	Jap.	N. Y. K.
Mar.	1	— Moji, Kobe & Osaka	Yawata Maru	Jap.	N. Y. K.
Mar.	5	— N'saki, Kobe & Y'hama	Yamashiro Maru	Jap.	N. Y. K.
Mar.	5	— Moji, Kobe & Osaka	Omi Maru	Jap.	N. Y. K.
Mar.	7	— N'saki, Kobe & Y'hama	Chikugo Maru	Jap.	N. Y. K.
Mar.	8	— Moji, Kobe & Osaka	Kumano Maru	Jap.	N. Y. K.

FOR EUROPE IND IA, STRAITS, ETC.

——	—	Marseilles	Goyo Maru	Jap.	N. Y. K.
Feb.	26	— Liverpool	Hector	Br.	B. & S.
Feb.	—	— Marseilles	Luzon Maru	Jap.	O. S. K.
Mar.	1	— Liverpool	Atreus	Br.	B. & S.
Mar.	2	— London, etc.	Celebes Maru	Jap.	O. S. K.
Mar.	3	— London, etc.	Novara	Br.	P. & O.S.N. Co.
Mar.	5	— London, etc.	Kitano Maru	Jap.	N. Y. K.
Mar.	3	— London, etc.	Glenlffer	Br.	Glen Line
Mar.	7	— Antwerp	Tsuruga Maru	Jap.	N.Y.K.
Mar.	9	— London	Hyson	Br.	B. & S.
Mar.	9	— Bombay	Dilwara	Br.	P.&O.S.N. Co.
Mar.	14	— London	Bendoran	Br.	Glen Line.
Mar.	17	— Liverpool, etc.	Sado Maru	Jap.	N.Y.K.
Mar.	17	— Liverpool, etc.	Inaba Maru	Jap.	N. Y. K.
Mar.	20	— London	Pyrrhus	Br.	B. & S.
Mar.	20	— Liverpool, etc.	Antilochus	Br.	B. & S.
Mar.	—	— London, etc.	Alps Maru	Jap.	O. S. K.
Mar.	—	— Marseilles	Andre Lebon	Fr.	M.M.
Apr.	3	— London	Elpenor	Br.	B. & S.
Apr.	6	— London, etc.	Nellore	Br.	P.&O.S.N. Co.
Apr.	10	— London	Cardiganshire	Br.	Glen Line
Apr.	17	— London	Agapenor	Br.	B. & S.
Apr.	—	— London	C. of Bristol	Br.	J.M. & Co.
Apr.	—	— London, etc.	Andes Maru	Jap.	O. S. K.
May	—	— London	C. of Colombo	Br.	J.M. & Co.

FOR SOUTHERN PORTS

Feb.	25	4.30 Ningpo	Kiangteen	Chi.	C.M.S.N. Co.
Feb.	25	D.L. S'taow, H'kong & C'ton	Taisang	Br.	J. M. & Co.
Feb.	26	4.00 Ningpo	Hsin Peking	Br.	B. & S.
Feb.	26	4.30 Ningpo	Hsin Ningshao	Chi.	N.S.S. Co.
Feb.	26	— Foochow	Haean	Chi.	C.M.S.N. Co.
Feb.	27	D.L. Amoy, H'kong & C'ton	Sunning	Chi.	B. & S.
Mar.	2	D.L. Swatow & Hongkong	Yingchow	Br.	B. & S.
Mar.	2	— Hongkong	Fushimi Maru	Jap.	N. Y. K.
Mar.	4	D.L. Hongkong & Canton	Sinkiang	Br.	B. & S.
Mar.	5	— Hongkong	Mexico Maru	Jap.	O. S. K.
Mar.	6	D.L. Amoy, H'kong & C'ton	Suiyang	Br.	B. & S.
Mar.	11	— Hongkong & Manila	Nanking	Am.	C.M.S.S. Co.

FOR NORTHERN PORTS

Feb.	25	6.00* Dairen	Sakaki Maru	Jap.	S.M.R.
Feb.	25	— Tsingtao	Yekishin Maru	Jap.	S. M. R.
Mar.	26	— Tientsin	Hsimming	Chi.	C.M.S.N. Co.
Feb.	26	— Tsingtao	Tencho Maru	Jap.	S. M. R.
Feb.	28	3.00 Vladivostock	Penza	Rus.	R.V.F.
Feb.	28	9.00* Tsingtao & Dairen	Kobe Maru	Jap.	S.M.R.

FOR RIVER PORTS

Feb.	25	M.N. Hankow, etc.	Nanyang Maru	Jap.	N.K.K.
Feb.	25	M.N. Hankow, etc.	Luenyi	Br.	B. & S.
Feb.	25	M.N. Hankow, etc.	Loongwo	Br.	J. M. & Co.
Feb.	26	M.N. Hankow, etc.	Woosung	Br.	B. & S.
Feb.	26	M.N. Hankow, etc.	Kiangfoo	Chi.	C.M.S.N. Co.
Feb.	27	M.N. Hankow, etc.	Kiangyu	Chi.	C.M.S.N. Co.
Feb.	27	M.N. Hankow, etc.	Talee Maru	Jap.	N.K.K.
Feb.	27	M.N. Hankow, etc.	Luenho	Br.	J. M. & Co.
Feb.	27	M.N. Hankow, etc.	Talee Maru	Jap.	N.K.K.
Feb.	28	M.N. Hankow, etc.	Suiwo	Br.	J. M. & Co.
Feb.	28	M.N. Hankow, etc.	Poyang	Br.	B. & S.
Mar.	1	M.N. Hankow, etc.	Tungting	Br.	B. & S.
Mar.	4	M.N. Hankow, etc.	Ngankin	Br.	B. & S.
Mar.	5	M.N. Hankow, etc.	Wuchang	Br.	B. & S.

*A.M. N.M.—MIDNIGHT. D.L.—DAYLIGHT.

Vessels Loading

For River Ports

KAISHA. No. 5 The Bund.

HANKOW & PORTS.—The Co.'s Str. Nanyang Maru, Captain K. Takesita, will be despatched from N.Y.K. Mail Wharf on Tuesday, February 25, at about 12 o'clock midnight. For Freight and Passage apply to THE NISSHIN KISEN KAISHA. No. 5 The Bund.

HANKOW & PORTS.—The China Navigation Co.'s Steamer Luenyi, Captain Frazier, will leave from the French Bund on Tuesday, February 25, at about 12 o'clock midnight. For Freight or Passage, apply to BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE, Agents French Bund. Freight Tel. No. 77, Passage Tel. No. 401.

HANKOW & PORTS.—The Indo-China Steam Navigation Co.'s Str. Loongwo, tons 3,925 Capt. Findelson, will leave on Tuesday, February 25, at about 12 o'clock midnight. For Freight or Passage, apply to JARDINE, MATHESON & Co., Ltd., General Managers. Passengers Tel. No. 240. Freight Tel. No. 250.

HANKOW & PORTS.—The China Navigation Co.'s Steamer Woosung, Captain Newcomb, will leave from the French Bund on Wendesday, February 26, at about 12 'clock midnight. For Freight or Passage, apply to BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE, Agents French Bund. Freight Tel. No. 77, Passage Tel. No. 401.

HANKOW & PORTS.—The Co.'s Str. Talee Maru, Captain G. Kawamura, will be despatched from N.K.K. Pootung Wharf on Thursday, February 27, at about 12 o'clock midnight. For Freight and Passage apply to THE NISSHIN KISEN KAISHA. No. 5 The Bund.

HANKOW & PORTS.—The Indo-China Steam Navigation Co.'s Str. Luenho, tons 2,868, Captain Jackson, will leave on Thursday, February 27, at about 12 o'clock midnight. For Freight or Passage, apply to JARDINE, MATHESON & Co., Ltd., General Managers. Passengers Tel. No. 240. Freight Tel. No. 250.

HANKOW & PORTS.—The Indo-China Steam Navigation Co.'s Str. Suiwo, tons 2,671, Captain Smith, will leave on Friday, February 28, at about 12 o'clock midnight. For Freight or Passage, apply to JARDINE, MATHESON & Co., Ltd., General Managers. Passengers Tel. No. 240. Freight Tel. No. 250.

HANKOW & PORTS.—The China Navigation Co.'s Steamer Poyang, Captain Carnaghan, will leave from the French Bund on Friday, February 28, at about 12 o'clock midnight. For Freight or Passage, apply to BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE, Agents French Bund. Freight Tel. No. 77, Passage Tel. No. 401.

HANKOW & PORTS.—The China Navigation Co.'s Steamer Ngankin, Captain H. A. Wavell, will leave from the French Bund on Tuesday, March 4, at about 12 o'clock midnight. For Freight or Passage, apply to BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE, Agents French Bund. Freight Tel. No. 77, Passage Tel. No. 401.

HANKOW & PORTS.—The China Navigation Co.'s Steamer Wuchang, Captain Pickard, will leave on Wednesday, March 5, at about 12 o'clock midnight. For Freight apply to BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE, Agents. Tel. No. 77.

HANKOW & PORTS.—The China Navigation Co.'s Steamer Tungting, Captain A. Torrible, will leave from the French Bund on Saturday, March 6, at about 12 o'clock midnight. For Freight or Passage, apply to BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE, Agents French Bund. Freight Tel. No. 77, Passage Tel. No. 401.

For Southern Ports

FOOCHOW.—The Str. Haean Captain J. H. Wallace, will leave on Wednesday morning. For Freight or Passage apply to C.M.S.N. Co.

NINGPO.—The China Navigation Co.'s Steamer Hsin Peking, Captain A. Stott R. N. R. will leave from the French Bund on Wednesday, February 26, at 4:30 p.m. For Freight or Passage, apply to BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE, Agents French Bund. Freight Tel. No. 77, Passage Tel. No. 401.

AMOY, HONGKONG & CANTON.—The China Navigation Co.'s Steamer Sunning, Captain W. L. Jones, will leave from the French Bund direct for the above ports on Thursday, February 27, at daylight. For Freight or Passage apply to BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE, Agents. Freight Tel. No. 77, Passage Tel. No. 401.

SWATOW & CANTON.—The China Naviagtion Co.'s Steamer Yingchow, Captain E. B. Simons, will leave from the French Bund on Sunday, March 2, at daylight. For Freight or Passage, apply to BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE, Agents. French Bund. Freight Tel. No. 77, Passage, Tel. No. 401.

HONGKONG & CANTON.—The China Naviagtion Co.'s Steamer Sinkiang, Captain G. W. Eedy, will leave from the French Bund direct for the above ports on Tuesday, March 4, at daylight. For Freight or Passage, apply to BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE, Agents. Freight Tel. No. 77, Passage Tel. No. 401.

TAKAO (FORMOSA) via FOOCHOW & KEELUNG.—The Steamer Keelung Maru, Captain Y. Fukami, will be despatched from the Co.'s Yangtszepoo Wharf on Thursday, March 6, at ——— The steam-launch conveying passengers on board will leave the jetty in front of the Nisshin Kisen Kaisha at ——— on the same day. For Freight and Passage, please apply to THE OSAKA SHOSEN KAISHA, No. 4, The Bund. Tel. Central No. 4234 & 4235.

AMOY, HONGKONG & CANTON.—The China Navigation Co.'s Steamer Suiyang, Captain J. Gibbs, will leave from the French Bund direct for the above ports on Thursday, March 6, at daylight. For Freight or Passage, apply to BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE, Agents. Freight Tel. No. 77, Passage Tel. No. 401.

For Northern Ports

TIENTSIN DIRECT.—The Str. Hsimming, Capt. H. Mackenion, will leave on Wednesday morning. For Freight or Passage apply to C.M.S.N. Co.

For Foreign Ports

MARSEILLES.—The Str. Luzon Maru, Captain D. Iamiguml, will be despatched from the Co.'s No. 9 Buoy Wharf on end of Feb. at ——— For Freight please apply to THE OSAKA SHOSEN KAISHA, No. 4, The Bund. Tel. No. 4234 & 4235.

TAKOMA and SEATTLE CALLING at VICTORIA B. C. via NAGASAKI, KOBE, YOKKAICHI, SHIMIDZU & YOKOHAMA.—The Osaka Shosen Kaisha's Steamer Africa Maru, Captain H. Yamamoto, will be despatched on Thursday, March 6. Through Bills of Lading are granted for American ports and overland points connecting with the Chicago, Milwaukee and St. Paul Railway Co., at Seattle and Tacoma. Consular Invoices must accompany overland shipment. The steam-launch conveying passengers on board will leave the Custom's jetty at ——— For Freight or Passage, please apply to THE OSAKA SHOSEN KAISHA, No. 4. The Bund Tel. No. Central 4234 and 4235.

LONDON via MARSEILLES.—The Steamer Celebes Maru, Captain T. Nemoto, will be despatched from the Co.'s No. 9 Buoy Wharf on Thursday, March 6. For Freight please apply to THE OSAKA SHOSEN KAISHA, No. 4, The Bund. Tel. No. Central 4234 & 4235.

LONDON.—The Str. Andes Maru, Captain S. Saito, will be despatched from the Co.'s No. 9 Buoy Wharf on April. For Freight please apply to THE OSAKA SHOSEN KAISHA, No. 4, The Bund Tel. No. Central 4234 and 4235.

TAKOMA & SEATTLE, CALLING at VICTORIA B. C. via NAGASAKI, KOBE, YOKKAICHI, SHIMIDZU. & YOKOHAMA.—The Osaka Shosen Kaisha's Steamer Arabia Maru, Captain I. Hamada, will be despatched on Tuesday, April 8. Through Bills of Lading are granted for American ports and overland points connecting with the Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul Railway Co., at Seattle and Tacoma. Consular Invoices must accompany overland shipment. The steam-launch conveying passengers on board will leave the Custom's Jetty at ——— For Freight or Passage, please apply to THE OSAKA SHOSEN KAISHA, No. 4. The Bund. Tel. Central No. 4234 and 4235.

TAKOMA & SEATTLE CALLING at VICTORIA B. C. via NAGASAKI, KOBE, YOKKAICHI, SHIMIDZU, & YOKOHAMA.—The Osaka Shosen Kaisha's Steamer Manila Maru, Captain N. Kobayashi, will be despatched on Tuesday, April 15. Through Bills of Lading are granted for American ports and overland points connecting with the Chicago, Milwaukee and St. Paul Railway Co., at Seattle and Tacoma. Consular Invoices must accompany overland shipment. The steam-launch conveying passengers on board will leave the Custom's Jetty at ——— For Freight or Passage, please apply to THE OSAKA SHOSEN KAISHA, No. 4. The Bund. Tel. Central No. 4234 and 4235.

C. N. C.

CHINA NAVIGATION CO., LTD.

YANGTSZE RIVER & CHINA COAST PORTS.
FAST SCHEDULE SERVICES.

For CHINKIANG, NANKING, WUHU, KIUKIANG and HANKOW.—S.S. Woosung, Luenyi, Ngankin, Poyang, Tatung, Wuchang and Chungking.—Sailing from the French Bund at midnight (except Chungking which sails from Pootung at midnight). These steamers connect at Hankow with the Company's regular sailings on the Middle Yangtsze and Hunan Lines.

The steamers Wuchang and Chungking are specially fitted to handle heavy lifts, etc., but have no accommodation for Foreign passengers.

Regular sailings every Tuesday, Wednesday, Friday and Saturday and every third Monday and Thursday.

For WEIHAIWEI, CHEFOO and TIENTSIN (and Peking via TIENTSIN).—S.S. Tungchow, Fengtien, Shuntien and Shengking.—Sailing from the French Bund.

Regular sailings every Tuesday and Saturday and every alternate Thursday.

For AMOY, SWATOW, HONGKONG and CANTON.—S.S. Suiyang, Sunning, Sinkiang, Yingchow, Singun and Kaifong.—Sailing from the French Bund. Weekly service every Thursday to Amoy and every Sunday to Swatow. Connections at Hongkong with service to Philippines and Australian ports will be advised upon application.

Regular sailings every Tuesday, Thursday and Sunday mornings.

For NINGPO—S.S. Hsin Peking.—Sailing from the French Bund.

Regular sailings every Monday, Wednesday and Friday at 4.30 p.m.

The above steamers have Electric Light throughout and are fitted with Electric Fans and Steam Heaters in State Rooms and Dining Saloons, and are otherwise completely equipped for the comfort and convenience of passengers.

For further particulars regarding Sailings, Passage Rates, etc., see "THE TAIKOO SHIPPING GAZETTE" obtainable from the undersigned, or from The International Sleeping Car and Express Trains Co. (Astor House), or from Messrs. Thomas Cook and Son, Russo-Asiatic Bank Buildings, 15 The Bund.

BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE
Agents, 21-23 French Bund.

Freight; Telephone Central 77.
Passage: Telephone Central 401.

PACIFIC MAIL S.S. CO.

"SUNSHINE BELT"
Trans-Pacific Service
BY the New, 14,000 Ton, Oil Burning Steamers
"ECUADOR" VENEZUELA" "COLOMBIA"
AMERICAN REGISTRY
SAILINGS FROM SHANGHAI (Subject to Change)

For San Francisco via Kobe, Yokohama and Honolulu		For Hongkong via Manila	
S.S. Colombia	Mar. 1	S.S. Venezuela	Mar. —
S.S. Venezuela	April —	Ecuador	April 5

Steamers equipped with most modern improvements for the safety and comfort of passengers. One and two bed staterooms only. No Upper Berths. Tickets interchangeable with Canadian Pacific Ocean Services, Ltd. and Toyo Kisen Kaisha.

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AMERICAN REGISTRY
SAILINGS FROM MANILA (Subject to Change)

For Colombo via Singapore and Calcutta		For San Francisco via Cobu and Honolulu	
S.S. Colusa	Mar. 12	S.S. Santa Cruz	Feb. 21
S.S. Santa Cruz	May —	S.S. Colusa	May 1

Safety and comfort of passengers our first consideration. For information of freight or passage apply to
PACIFC MAIL STEAMSHIP COMPANY
1-B Nanking Road, Palace Hotel Building.
Telephone Central 5056 Cable Addres "Solano"

O. S. K.

OSAKA SHOSEN KAISHA
(Osaka Mercantile Steamship Co.)
Under Mail Contract with the Imperial Japanese Government
SAILINGS FROM SHANGHAI
(Subject to Alteration).

FOR LONDON (Via Hongkong, Singapore and Port Said)

		arr.	leave
CELEBES MARU (12,000 tons)	Capt. T. Nemoto,	Mar. 5	Mar 6
This steamer will call at Marseilles			
*ALPS MARU ....(15,000 tons)	Capt. T. Yamaguchi,	March	
ANDES MARU ..(15,000 tons)	Capt. K. Saito,	April	

FOR MARSEILLES (Via Hongkong and Singapore).
FOR NORTH AMERICA (Tacoma, Seattle and Vancouver) via Nagasaki, Kobe, and Yokohama.
In connection with the Chicago, Milwaukee and St. Paul Ry.

		arr.	leave.
AFRICA MARU ...(18,000 tons)	Capt. H. Yamamoto,	Mar. 5	Mar. 6
ARABIA MARU (18,000 tons)	Capt. S. Hamada,	Apr. 7	Apr. 8
MANILA MARU. (20,000 tons)	Capt. N. Kobagashi,	Apr. 14	Apr. 15

FOR HONGKONG

MEXICO MARU ..(12,000 tons)	Capt. K. Komiga,	Mar. 4	Mar. 5
FOR NORTH CHINA PORTS (Tsingtao and Dairen).			
KEELUNG MARU (3,500 tons)	Capt. Y. Fukami,	Feb. 22	Feb. 25
FOR SOUTH CHINA PORTS and FORMOSA (Foochow, Keelung and Takao).			
KEELUNG MARU (3,500 tons)	Capt. J. Fukami,	Mar. 4	Mar. 6

*Fully booked for passage.

The Company also runs numerous steamers from Japan to Europe, South America, South Africa, Australia, India, Java, China, Korea, Vladivostok and also between the principal ports in Japan. Through freight booked from Shanghai.

H. SHIMAMURA, Manager.
O.S.K. Yangtszepoo Wharf, Wayside. Tel. Nos. East 208 and 209.

OSAKA SHOSEN KAISHA
Union Building, 4 The Bund
Tel. Nos. Central 4234 and 4235.
Tel. Address: SHOSEN, SHANGHAI

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EMPRESS OF RUSSIA
Shanghai to Vancouver—MARCH 15th
Subsequent Sailings from Shanghai

For Vancouver via Nagasaki, Kobe and Yokohama		For Hongkong via Manila	
Empress of Japan	Mar. 15	Empress of Asia	Mar. 15
Empress of Asia	Mar. 29	Empress of Russia	Apr. 12
Montealge†	Apr. 9	Empress of Japan	Apr. 29
Empress of Russia	Apr. 26	Empress of Asia	May 10
Empress of Japan	May 10	Montenegle	May 31
Empress of Asia	May 24	Empress of Russia	June 6

†Monteagle calls at Moji
*Monteagle proceeds direct to Hongkong.

DOMINION EXPRESS TRAVELLERS' CHEQUES SOLD
At daily rates of exchange. Can be cashed in any city in America.

For further information regarding passenger fares, sailings, etc., apply to
G. M. JACKSON
General Agent, Passenger Department, 19-A The Bund, Palace Hotel Building. Tel. Central 182.

For through bills of lading quotation of freight rates, etc., apply to
L. E. N. RYAN, Agent,
Corner Peking and Yuen Ming Yuen Roads. Tel. Central 181.

T. K. K.

SHANGHAI BRANCE OFFICE
TOYO KISEN KAISHA.
(ORIENTAL STEAMSHIP COMPANY.)

Imperial Japanese and U. S. M. Line to San Francisco from Shanghai via Nagasaki, Kobe, Yokohama and Honolulu.

SEMI-TROPICAL ROUTE

PROPOSED SAILINGS FROM SHANGHAI

SHINYO MARU	For San Francisco	March 8
TENYO MARU	For San Francisco	May 6
SHINYO MARU	For San Francisco	May 24

FOR HONGKONG DIRECT

All the steamers of this Company are thoroughly modern and up-to-date. Equipped with Wireless Telegraph, Submarine Signals, Laundry, Children's Nursery, Ladies' Lounge, and all other modern improvements for safety and comfort. String Orchestra, Moving Picture Performances, Deck Dances. Service and Cuisine unexcelled.

Lay-Over privileges allowed at all ports of call. Interchangeable with steamers of the Pacific Mail Steamship Company and Canadian Pacific Ocean Services, Ltd.

Railway transportation between Nagasaki, Kobe and Yokohama may be had on application to the Purser.

T. N. ALEXANDER, *Manager.*
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THE AMERICAN STEAMERS
"NANKING" (15,000 TONS) AND "CHINA" (10,300 TONS)
WILL SAIL FROM SHANGHAI FOR
SAN FRANCISCO
VIA NAGASAKI, YOKOHAMA AND HONOLULU

*S.S. "NANKING"	MARCH	30th
S.S. "CHINA"	APRIL	27th

*S.S. "Nanking" does not call at Nagasaki.

FOR HONGKONG VIA MANILA

S.S. "NANKING"	MARCH	11th
S.S. "CHINA"	APRIL	9th

For further information regarding passenger fares, sailings, freight rates, etc., apply to
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CORNER SZECHUEN & KIUKIANG ROADS
PHONE CENTRAL 4773

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Under Mail Contract with the Imperial Japanese Government
SAILINGS FROM SHANGHAI
(Subject to Alteration)

EUROPEAN LINE

For Hongkong, Singapore, Penang, Colombo, Suez, Portsaid, and England:

	Tons			
KITANO MARU	16,000	Capt. K. Yoshikawa,	March	3
INABA MARU	12,500	Capt. T. Hori,	March	17

AMERICAN LINE

Via Pacific, calling at Hongkong, Manila, Shanghai, Nagasaki, Kobe, Yokohama, Victoria, B. C., and Seattle, Washington.

FUSHIMA MARU	21,000	Capt. T. Irisawa,	April	1
SUWA MARU	21,000	Capt. J. Teranaka,	May	9

SHANGHAI-YOKOHAMA LINE (Via Nagasaki, Moji and Kobe.)

YAMASHIRO MARU	7,000	Capt. Y. Nakajima,	March	5
CHIKUGO MARU	5,000	Capt. M. Taniguchi,	March	7
KASUGA MARU	7,000	Capt. K. Itsuno,	March	14

MOJI, KOBE AND OSAKA LINE

KOKURA MARU	6,500	Capt. S. Ito,	Feb.	26
TAWATA MARU	7,000	Capt. T. Kawai,	March	1
OMI MARU	7,000	Capt. R. Ozaki,	March	5
KUMANO MARU	9,500	Capt. S. Saito,	March	8

KOBE TO SEATTLE

KASHIMA MARU	19,000	Capt. M. Machida,	March	15

FOR JAPAN

IYO MARU	15,500	Capt. K. Asakawa,	Feb.	27

FOR HONGKONG

FUSHIMI MARU	21,000	Capt. J. Irisawa,	March	2

FOR MANILA AND HONGKONG

SUWA MARU	21,000	Capt. R. Shimidau,	April	19

AUSTRALIAN LINE

Regular Four-Weekly Service between Japan ports and Australia (calling at Hongkong and Manila).

TANGO MARU	14,000	Capt. S. Niohimura,	Mar.	26
NIKKO MARU	10,000	Capt. G. Shinomiya,	April	23
AKI MARU	12,500	Capt. F. E. Cope,	May	21

CALCUTTA LINE

Regular Fortnightly Service between Yokohama and Calcutta (calling at Shanghai on homeward voyage).

BOMBAY LINE

Regular Fortnightly Service between Kobe and Bombay (calling at Shanghai on homeward voyage).

The Company also runs numerous steamers from Japan to China and Korean ports and Vladivostok, and also between the principal ports in Japan.

For freight, passage and further information apply to
T. IBUKIYAMA, Manager, Nippon Yusen Kaisha.
Tel. Address: Yusen, Shanghai.

CHINESE GOVERNMENT RAILWAYS
TIENTSIN-PUKOW LINE
TIME TABLE

(Published by order of the Administration)
November 20th, 1918, and until further notice

Express 5. B. S.	Luxe 1. B. S.	Miles	Peking-Mukden Line	Luxe 2. B. S.	Mail 4. B.	Mail 102. B. s.
1645	300	0	dep. Peking arr.	2230	1950	1020
1925	635	. .	arr. Tientsin-Central dep.	1935	1700	720
1931	640	84	dep. Tientsin-Central arr.	1930	1658	710
1940	650	. .	arr. Tientsin-East dep.	1930	1645	700
..	2340	524	arr. Mukden dep	2301	. .	1040

Local 5.	Mail 3. B. s.			Tientsin-Pukow Line		Mail 4. B. s.	Local 6.
715	2115	—	0	dep. Tientsin-East arr.	—	624	1612
729	2125	—	2.71	arr. Tientsin-Central dep.	—	615	1602
745	2145	—		dep. Tientsin-Central arr.	—	604	1547
1118	124	—	78	dep. Tsangchow dep.	—	139	1221
1457	449	—	148	dep. Techow dep.	—	2137	926
1801	782	—	—	arr. Tsinanfu dep.	—	1746	640
7.	:	:	220	:	:	:	8.
800	818	—	—	dep. Tsinanfu arr.	—	1728	1812
1039	1051	—	266	dep. Taianfu dep.	—	1468	1542
1300	1318	—		arr. Yenchowfu dep.	—	1158	1311
1315	1338	—	318	dep. Yenchowfu arr.	—	1142	1256
1556	1637	—	377	dep. Lincheng dep.	—	846	1032
1816	1835	—	—	arr. Hsuchowfu dep.	—	620	810
9.	:	:	420	:	:	:	10.
630	1851	—	—	dep. Hsuchowfu arr.	—	545	2007
1156	2325	—	523	arr. Pengpu dep.	—	050	1442
1208	2345	—		dep. Pengpu arr.	—	030	1432
1657	412	—	600	dep. Chuchow dep.	—	2013	928
1848	600	—	631	arr. Pukow dep.	—	1830	728

Fast 6.				Shanghai-Nanking Line		Fast 5.
720	. .	. .	0	dep. Nanking-Ferry arr.	. .	1626
1420	. .	. .	193	arr. Shanghai-North dep.	. .	910

Yenchowfu-Tsiningchow Branch Line						Lincheng-Tsochuang Branch Line						
930	1350	2130	d. Yenchowfu a.	630	1230	2000	530	1110	1800	d. Lincheng a.	810	1410	2100
1032	1455	2232	a. Tsiningchow d.	528	1128	1858	628	1219	1908	a. Tsochuang d.	708	1308	1958

The station for the foreign concessions in Tientsin is "TIENTSIN-EAST"

Conventional Signs.

300 | — train runs on Thursday only. 230 ¦ — train runs on Fridays only.

| 300 — on trains marked thus passengers must hold additional place tickets.

B — train has buffet car with regular meal service

S — train has sleep. accomm. 1st & 2nd class. s — train has only 1st class sleep. accomm.

Application for sleeping accommodation at $5.00 per berth should, at the earliest possible moment, be made to the Traffic Manager at Tientsin, or to the Traffic-Inspectors at Tientsin, Tsinanfu, Hsuchowfu or Pukow.

By Order,
THE TRAFFIC MANAGER.
Tientsin, November, 1918.

Large Display Advertisements
intended for the Sunday issue of The China Press
should be sent in before **5 p.m. on Friday**

Departures

Date	For	Ship's Name	Flag	Agents
Feb. 23	D.L. Swatow & Hongkong	Chenan	Br.	B. & S.
Feb. 23	— Tientsin	Hsinchi	Chi.	C.M.S.N. Co.
Feb. 23	D.L. W'wei, Chefoo & T'tsin	Shengking	Br.	B. & S.
Feb. 24	— Tsingtao & Dairen	Keelung M.	Jap.	O. S. K.
Feb. 23	M.N. Hankow, etc.	Kweilee	Chi.	C.M.S.N. Co.
Feb. 24	M.N. Hankow, etc.	Hwahlee	Chi.	J. M. & Co.
Feb. 24	M.N. Hankow, etc.	Tatung	Br.	B. & S.
Feb. 24	M.N. Hankow, etc.	Tafoo Maru	Jap.	N. K. K.
Feb. 24	M.N. Hankow, etc.	Kianghsin	Chi.	C.M.S.N. Co.
Feb. 24	— Ningpo	Hsin Peking	Br.	B. & S.
Feb. 24	— Ningpo	Hsin Ningshao	Chi.	N.S.S. Co.

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of San Francisco

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Cable address "SIMMONS"

The Chinese Benevolent Association

271-6 Boulevard des Deux Republiques

Benevolent Fund Ticket
$50,000.00

Issued under the authorisation of the Government of the Republic of China on the 2nd April, 1918.

To be drawn among 50,000 successive numbers in full view of the public in Shanghai, China, on the 1st March, 1919.

One tenth of each ticket will be sold at $0.60, the proceeds of which after payment of prizes, charges, etc., will be divided between the Hunan Famine Relief Fund and the Benevolent Institutions. The Association reserves to itself the right to allocate the proceeds to the above objects; if any of the tickets are unsold on date of drawing proportional reduction in the allocation will be made.

Prices for whole tickets $6.00.

LIST OF PRIZES FOR WHOLE TICKETS

1	First Prize		$50,000
1	Second Prize		12,000
1	Third Prize		6,000
2	Fourth Prizes	$2,000 each	4,000
5	Fifth Prizes	1,000 „	5,000
10	Sixth Prizes	300 „	3,000
20	Seventh Prizes	100 „	2,000
50	Eighth Prizes	50 „	2,500
700	Ninth Prizes	20 „	14,000
2	Each approximate to the First Prize	500 „	1,000
2	Each approximate to the Second Prize	150 „	300
2	Each approximate to the Third Prize	100 „	200
4	Each approximate to the Fourth Prize	50 „	200
10	Each approximate to the Fifth Prize	25 „	250
20	Each approximate to the Sixth Prize	12 „	240
499	For numbers having the two terminal figures similar to those of first Prize	15 „	7,485
499	For numbers having the two terminal figures similar to those of Second Prize.	12 „	5,988
499	For numbers having the two terminal figures similar to those of Third Prize.	12 „	5,988
998	For numbers having the two terminal figures similar to those of Fourth Prize.	10 „	9,980
2495	For numbers having the two terminal figures similar to those of fifth Prize	10 „	24,950
99	Each with the first three figures similar to those of First Prize	30 „	2,970
99	Each with the first three figures similar to those of Second Prize	20 „	1,980
99	Each with the first three figures similar to those of Third Prize	10 „	990
6117	drawn tickets	Total	$161,021

Tickets may be obtained from all dealers.

All prizes won locally will be given at The Chinese Benevolent Association (271-6, Boulevard des Deux Republiques, Shanghai); if abroad, will be paid at the Branch Offices of The Bank of China elsewhere.

THE CHINESE BENEVOLENT ASSOCIATION

Men-of-War In Port

Section	Date	From	Name	Flag and Rating	Tons	Gun	Man	Commander
WTW			Snipe	Br. g-b.				
W.T.W.			Nightingale	Br. g-b.				
P&OBI	Oct. 18		Sel. Caboto	It. g-b.				
			Kiangsi	Chi. g-b.				
			Litchoan	Chi. g-b.				
			Tsoutai	Chi. cr.				
			Kansien	Chi. g-b.				
			Lienkien	Chi. g-b				
BNB	Nov. 8		Kinsha	Br. g-b.				
	Nov. 15		Chienan	Chi. g-b.				
	Nov. 11		Fukong	Chi. g-b.				
8p.	Dec. 21		Quiros	Am. g-b.				
9p.	Jan. 17		Saga	Jap. g-b.				
MMB	Feb. 11		Wilmington	Am. g-b.				
8p.	Feb. 21		Villalobos	Am. g-b.				
2c.	Feb. 21		Scarab	Br. g-b.				
BIII	Feb. 24		Cadmus	Br. g-b.				

During the War
10,000
Oliver
Typewriters
were bought by H.B.M. Government for military purposes

Oliver Typewriter Agency: 1, Foochow Road.

THIS TRADE MARK
The Guarantee of Excellence on Goods Electrical

The TRADE MARK of the Largest Electrical Manufacturer in the World

Andersen, Meyer & Co. Ltd., Sole Agents for China.

Shipping Items

The C.M. s.s. Kiangyu left Hankow for Shanghai on Saturday.

The C.N. s.s. Yingchow left Hongkong for Shanghai on Sunday.

The I.-C. s.s. Luenho left Hankow for Shanghai on Sunday.

The N.K.K. s.s. Talee Maru left Hankow for Shanghai on Sunday.

The I.-C. s.s. Suiwo left Hankow for Shanghai yesterday.

The C.N. s.s. Poyang left Hankow for Shanghai yesterday.

The N.K.K. s.s. Fengyang Maru left Hankow for Shanghai yesterday.

The C.M. s.s. Kiangyung will leave Hankow for Shanghai today.

The C.N. s.s. Chungking will leave Hankow for Shanghai today.

The N.K.K. s.s. Tachi Maru will leave Hankow for Shanghai today.

The C.N. s.s. Sinkiang will leave Hongkong for Saanghai today.

The I.-C. s.s. Kutwo will leave Hankow for Shanghai tomorrow.

The C.M. s.s. Kiangwah will leave Hankow for Shanghai tomorrow.

The N.K.K. s.s. Yohyang Maru will leave Hankow for Shanghai tomorrow.

The C.N. s.s. Suiyang Maru will leave Hongkong for Shanghai on Thursday.

The P.M. s.s. Colombia will leave Hongkong for Shanghai tomorrow and may be expected to arrive at Woosung early Saturday morning. She will be despatched for San Francisco via Japan ports and Honolulu the same afternoon.

The Blue Funnel s.s. Hector left Hongkong for Shanghai on Saturday at 5 p.m.

The M.M. s.s. Andre Lebon, with the French mails of January 25, will leave Saigon for Shanghai tomorrow morning at 10 o'clock and may be expected to arrive on Friday, March 7.

Launch Services

Friday, February 28, 1919.

The tender conveying passengers and mails on board the R.V.F. s.s. Penza will leave the Customs Jetty at 3 p.m.

The tender conveynig passengers on board the S.M.R. s.s. Kobe Maru will leave the Customs Jetty at 8 a.m.

Sailed from Shanghai

For San Francisco		
Ecuador	Feb.	3
Siberia Maru	Feb.	8
China	Feb.	10
Tecumseh	Feb.	12
Tenyo Maru	Feb.	19
For Seattle		
Katori Maru	Feb.	1
For Tacoma		
Grayson	Feb	15
For Vancouver		
Melville Dollar	Feb.	7
For London, etc.		
Pembrokeshire	Jan.	29
Kalomo	Jan.	31
Benarty	Feb.	3
Borneo Maru	Feb.	3
Glenavy	Feb.	17
Mishima Maru	Feb.	17
Teiresias	Feb.	18
For Liverpool		
Tamba Maru	Jan.	20
Sado Maru	Feb.	19
Agamemnon	Feb.	19
For Marseilles:		
Sphinx	Jan.	25
Porthos	Feb,	1
For Naples, etc.,		
Roma	Feb.	2
For Europe		
Tajima Maru	Feb.	7
For Post Said		
Kwazan Maru	Feb.	17
For Bombay		
Dunera	Feb.	10

Siccawei Weather Report

Remarks on the 23.—Very cloudy but fine weather at Shanghai. Northerly winds setting in the North. Easterly breezes in our regions. The anticyclone of the Eastern sea extends over Korea. The depression of Mongolia moves N.E. wards toward Central Manchuria. A rather heavy anciclone is shown at the rear of that depression.

Morning of the 24.—Very cloudy weather. Barometer rapidly rising. The wind backs to the N.W. at 6h55m. a.m. and becomes rapidly rather strong on our coasts.

Monday, February 24, 1919.

Weather	4 A.M.	9 A.M.
Bar. at 23° F. inches	30.06	30.17
Variation for 24 hrs.	†0.05	†0.10
Variation for 12 hrs.	†0.07	†0.13
Wind—Direction	ESE	NNW
Wind—Miles per hour	1.9	22.4
Temperature (Fahr.)	42°8	43°2
Humidity	97	78
Nebulosity 0-10	10	10
Rainfall inches	0.02	—

BOLSHEVISM GAINS ALL OVER POLAND

Waiters, Janitors, and Domestics In Warsaw Lord It Over Employers.

ANARCHY IN OTHER CITIES

Agitators Tell People That If Allies Come They Will Act As Did The Germans

Warsaw, January 5. (Associated Press.)—The waiters and janitors of Warsaw, who are among the few having steady work and good pay, have gone on strike and the house servants are expected to follow their example. The domestics even now are only consenting to work if the mistress does her share of the labors of the household, especially the dish washing and similar services. The waiters demand 15 percent of the profits of the hotels and restaurants, while the cooks are asking 25 percent.

The janitors demand a ten-hour day, with the front doors closed at 9 o'clock in the evening. As the tenants have no keys to the front doors of the apartment houses they are obliged to stay indoors through fear of being compelled to pass the night in the streets. The janitors, however, express willingness to concede permission for the tenants to go out after 9 o'clock and come in late if they pay a fine of one mark for each time they thus trouble the janitor. Most of the evening engagements of apartment dwellers are being given up owing to this situation and the streets are virtually deserted at night.

Lodz and other Polish cities are reported in a state of virtual anarchy, with the rougher element doing as it pleases. There has been frequent firing of rifles, but no casualties as yet have been reported.

The workers, the reports state, have adopted the habit when they feel the need of money, of demanding it from the employers if they see them in the streets or in surrounding houses, and imprisoning them until they give what is asked. The employers have already made up a fund of 10,000,000 marks for the laborers, but this does not satisfy them and the workmen are now demanding 250 marks each.

The report says the men frequently spend the day parading the streets with red flags and listening to agitators delivering speeches, the crowds howling, "Down with the Jews" and "Down with the Mayor."

The agitators are said to be spreading the report that if the Allies come they will act much as did the Germans, who are credited with having stolen so thoroughly that a Jew is quoted as saying: "When the Russians were here I wanted to hang myself, but after the Germans came not even a rope was left."

No work is being done in Lodz or other manufacturing cities, owing to the lack of raw material. The theaters and the stores are open at Lodz, however, except when parades are passing.

London, January 7.—A general advance by the Bolshevist forces marching westward in Old Russia is claimed in an official report sent out by wireless by the Russian Soviet Government. The capture of numerous villages is reported.

Lithuanian troops, the report states, have occupied Podbrodzie, about thirty miles northeast of Vilna. In the region of Stepanovo the Bolsheviki claim to have taken 3,000 prisoners and considerable booty.

Ruthenian troops have advanced and surrounded Lemberg, which is defended by the Poles, according to a Central News despatch from Copenhagen quoting advices from Vienna dated Saturday. It is added that the Poles have been driven from Lubaohoff, northwest of Lemberg.

In the advance on Lemberg the Ruthenians attacked with 20,000 rifles on a front of twelve miles. All the Polish forces in Lemberg took part in the fighting, including a division made up of Polish women. This division, it is added, suffered severe losses, and many of the women were captured.

Provision Prices In Local Market

Prices quoted are in Mexican dollar cents at Hongkew Market as compiled on February 18, 1919.

Butcher's Meat		
Beef	per lb.	14-20
Mutton	„	16-20
Pork	„	25-30
Veal	„	25-30
Fish		
Bream	per lb.	18-20
Cod	„	18-20
Mandarin	„	20-25
Mackerel	„	18-20
Pomfret	„	30-40
Salmon	„	18-20
Samli	„	none
Soles	„	20-25
Whitebait	„	20-25
Game, Poultry And Eggs		
Deer	each	$2.00-$2.50
Duck	„	50-90
Eggs	per doz.	18-20
Fowl	per lb.	18-20
Turkey	„	40-45
Geese	each	$1.00-$1.20
Hare	„	35-40
Partridge	„	35-40
Pheasant	„	none
Pigeons	„	25-30
Plover	„	none
Quail	„	18-20
Snipe	„	14-16
Teal	„	14-16
Wild Duck	„	30-35
Wild Geese	„	40-50
Wild Pigeons	„	10-12
Woodcock	„	40-50
Fruit		
Apricots	per lb.	none
Apples	„	12-25
Bananas	„	6-7
Cherries	„	none
Chestnuts	„	10-12
Figs	per doz.	none
Grapes	per lb.	none
Lemons	each	7-8
Lichees	per lb.	none
Mangoes	each	none
Mongosteens	per doz.	none
Melons	each	none
Oranges	per lb.	10-12
Peaches	„	none
Pears	„	10-12
Persimmons	„	none
Peeboes	„	none
Plums	„	none
Pumeloes	each	20-25
Pineapples	„	none
Strawberries	per lb.	none
Walnuts	„	12-14
Vegetables		
Artichokes	per lb.	2-3
Asparagus	per doz.	none
Radishes	per bunch	1-2
Spinach	per lb.	3-4
Tomatoes	„	8-10
Turnips	per bunch	2-3
French Beans	per lb.	14-16
Broad Beans	„	8-10
Beetroot	per bunch	2-3
Bamboo Shoots	per lb.	10-12
Cabbage	each	3-5
Carrots	per bunch	2-3
Cauliflower	each	20-30
Celery	per bunch	8-10
Egg Plant	per lb.	6-8
Green Corn	each	none
Leeks	per bunch	2-3
Mushrooms	per lb.	none
Onions	„	6-8
Parsnips	per bunch	3-4
Peas	per lb.	10-12
Potatoes	per picul	$2.40-$2.80
Grain And Flour		
Flour American	per 50 lbs.	——
Flour Australian	„	$4.00
Flour Shanghai	„	$2.20
Rice	per 200 lbs.	$7.20
Milk		
Foreign dairies	per bottle	20
Chinese dairies	„	17
Fodder		
Barley	per 114 lbs.	$2.60
Bran	„	$2.25
Fuel		
House Coal	per ton Tls.	19.00
Stove Coal	per ton Tls.	23.00
Firewood	per 50 bundles	$1.00
Laundry		
Per 100 articles		$3.00-4.00

E. KILNER,
Chief Inspector.

T. Ichiki & Co.
Phone North 2631.
Dealer in
Musical Instruments and Music.
Y. 86, North Szechuen Road.

CARPETS
"Come and see us before buying elsewhere. Our prices are the lowest; our goods are the best."
TIENTSIN CARPETS AND RUGS
Sheep or Camel Hair
Made to order from customers' designs.
HWA YENG FACTORY
127 Peking Road

BRISTLES
WIDLER & CO. CHUNGKING
SKINS
Born 1915 — Still existing

The Shanghai Chemical Laboratory
No. 4 Canton Road

Amusements

— THE —
OLYMPIC THEATRE
PRESENTS
on
February 25th, 26th and 27th
VIVIAN MARTIN
in
"THE WAX MODEL"
A Paramount Five Part Production
"MACCIORE, SWITZERLAND"
Interesting
"WHOSE BABY?"
Comedy
Victor Moore
in
"MOVING"
Comedy

Lyceum Theatre
LAST CONCERT
By the famous
Petrograd Ensemble
"ZIMRO"
assisted by
Miss ELFRIDA BOSS
(Gold Medallist Petrograd Conservatoire)
FRIDAY
FEBRUARY 28th at 9.15 p.m.
BOOKING AT MOUTRIE'S
Prices As Usual
Direction: A. STROK

Amusements

Special Programme
AT POPULAR PRICES
AT THE
Victoria Theatre
For February 25th, 26th & 27th
SHOWING
"ULTUS"
in
"THE SECRET OF THE NIGHT"
and
CHARLIE CHAPLIN
in
One of the most consummate pieces of pantomime work ever seen
On Friday, February 28th
MARY PICKFORD
and
CHARLIE CHAPLIN
The two Best Artists in the World
REMEMBER A COLOSSAL PROGRAMME AT POPULAR PRICES

BUSINESS AND OFFICIAL NOTICES

(Continued from Page 20)

COLLACO'S DOG TRAINING KENNELS
Kiangwan Road

Fee for keeping dogs including exercising Tls. 8 per month.
Fee for special training of untrained dogs Tls. 30 extra.
Sporting dogs for sale or hire.

Please apply to M. J. E. Collaco, No. 1 Houtok Terrace, North Szechuen Road Extension, Shanghai.
21138

Now is the Moment!

If you want to buy a first class nicely situated dwelling house in
TSINGTAO
Please apply to
J. TH. MONCHEN,
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Yut Sae Chang & Co.
Wholesale Hardware Merchants
Building Contractors
Engineers' Supplies.
A1284 BROADWAY, SHANGHAI
Ball-Bearing Skates, Basket Balls, Stove Polish, Door Springs and Vacuum Bottles.

GORDON'S DRY GIN
R. MARTENS & Co., Ltd.
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Telephone 4702

V. K. SHEN & SON
Furniture Makers & Interior Decorators
9 BUBBLING WELL RD
TELEPHONE 1710

TAKE ADVANTAGE OF THE HIGH EXCHANGE
Carry a Gold Dollar Account
WITH
AMERICAN EXPRESS COMPANY
No. 8 Kiukiang Road

NOTICE

Property of H. Diederichsen & Co. AT HANKOW

By an Order of the International Mixed Court dated the 8th February, 1919, the undersigned has been appointed receiver for Messrs. H. Diederichsen and Co. whose property at Hankow is now offered for sale.

Such property consists:—

1. Of an Export Installation, Machinery and Buildings on land measuring about 2,000 Hankow Fong, adjoining the late German Concession at Hankow.

2. Of Hong Building and Godowns on land measuring about 340 Hankow Fong, in the late German Concession at Hankow.

TENDERS

are hereby invited for the purchase of the said properties or any of them, which said Tenders must be sent in on or before February 28th, 1919, to the undersigned who does not bind himself to accept the highest or any tender.

G. D. MUSSO,
Receiver for H. Diederichsen & Co.
Shanghai, 13th February, 1919.
21267.

Municipal Notification
No. 2580

IN accordance with Article XVIII of the Land Regulations, we the undersigned scrutineers duly appointed by the Council, hereby declare that the following nine Ratepayers polled the greatest number of votes at the election held on February 20 and 21, and are therefore declared to have been duly elected as the Council for the Foreign Community of Shanghai, for the year 1919:—

E. C. Pearce	931
W. L. Merriman	704
A. Howard	675
Ed. White	635
T. Ibukiyama	621
A. Brooke-Smith	594
H. A. J. Macray	584
J. H. Dollar	493
C. M. Bain	464

Total number of votes 956 and 21 irregular votes.

Edw. F. MACKAY,
H. G. SIMMS,
Scrutineers.
N. O. LIDDELL,
Secretary.

Council Room,
Shanghai, February 21, 1919.
21307

Municipal Notification
No. 2579

REGISTRATION OF GERMAN AND AUSTRO-HUNGARIAN SUBJECTS

(Amendment of Permit Conditions)

NOTICE is hereby given that an additional Condition has been added to the permits issued to German and Austro-Hungarian subjects, in pursuance of the provisions of Municipal Notification No. 2466, as follows:—

1.—Commencing on Monday, February 24, 1919, the holder (if a female) is required to present herself in person between the hours of 9 a.m. and 3 p.m. three times each week (i.e., on Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays) at the Police Station of her district in order to have her permit checked by the Police.

On and after Monday, February 24, all German and Austro-Hungarian female subjects of 16 years of age and upwards are, therefore, required to report to the Police thrice weekly, and this Condition and the other Conditions of the Permit must be strictly observed.

By order,
N. O. LIDDELL,
Acting Secretary.

Council Room,
Shanghai, February 20, 1919.
21288.

TURKISH BATH
and
MASSAGE ESTABLISHMENT
Specialty for rheumatism and nervousness; fat people reduced. 15 years' experience in U.S.A. Patients attended at their residences by arrangement.
Prof. I. K. SETO,
Tel. N. 2768. 35 North Szechuen Rd.

NOTICE

Property of Carl Breiding and Sohn
No. 17 Chengtu Road

Formerly represented by FERD. BORNEMANN & CO.

By an Order of the International Mixed Court dated the 30th January, 1919, the undersigned has been appointed RECEIVER for the above mentioned Property, which is now offered for sale.

TENDERS

are hereby invited for the purchase of the said property as a going concern, which must be sent in on or before February 28th, 1919, to the undersigned who does not bind himself to accept the highest or any tender.

G. D. MUSSO,
Receiver for the Property of
CARL BREIDING & SOHN,
No. 17 Chengtu Road.
Shanghai, 13th February, 1919.
21202

THE SHANGHAI EXPLORATION AND DEVELOPMENT CO., LTD.

NOTICE TO SHAREHOLDERS

NOTICE is hereby given that the Statutory Meeting of The Shanghai Exploration and Development Company, Limited, will be held in the Meeting Room of The Yangtze Insurance Building, No. 26 The Bund, Shanghai, on Thursday, the 27th day of February, 1919, at 4 o'clock in the afternoon for the purposes specified in Section 66 (7) of the Ordinance of 1911.

AND NOTICE is also given that the first Ordinary General Meeting of the Company will be held at the same place immediately after the Statutory Meeting.

The Transfer Books of the Company will be closed from the 25th to the 27th February, 1919, both days inclusive.

DATED the 14th day of February, 1919.

By Order of the Directors,
GEORGE McBAIN,
General Agents.
21231

Bank of Communications

Notice is hereby given that all notes issued by the Bank of Communications, Shanghai, which are stamped "SHANGHAI" are redeemable at face value in Mexican Dollars from the Shanghai Branch of the Bank of Communications.

And notice is also given that the aforesaid notes are accepted by all the foreign banks in the settlement, and also at the office of the Shanghai Municipal Council.

Shanghai, 12th February, 1919.
21168

THE SHANGHAI & HONGKEW WHARF CO., LTD.

The Annual General Meeting of the Shareholders in the Company will be held at the Office of the General Agents on Tuesday, the 11th March, 1919, at 11.30 o'clock a.m. for the purpose of receiving the statement of Accounts and Report of the Directors for the year ended 31st December, 1918.

The Transfer Books of the Company will be closed from 1st to 11th March, both days inclusive.

Jardine, Matheson & Co., Ltd.
General Agents,
Shanghai and Hongkew Wharf Company, Limited.
Shanghai, 17th February, 1919.
21248

THE SHANGHAI LOAN AND INVESTMENT CO., LTD.

NOTICE TO SHAREHOLDERS

NOTICE is hereby given that the Statutory Meeting of The Shanghai Loan and Investment Company, Limited, will be held in the Meeting Room of the Yangtze Insurance Building, No. 26 The Bund, Shanghai, on Thursday, the 27th day of February, 1919, at 4.15 o'clock in the afternoon for the purposes specified in Section 66 (7) of the Ordinance of 1911.

AND NOTICE is also given that the first Ordinary General Meeting of the Company will be held at the same place immediately after the Statutory Meeting.

The Transfer Books of the Company will be closed from the 25th to the 27th February, 1919, both days inclusive.

DATED the 14th day of February, 1919.

By Order of the Directors,
GEORGE McBAIN,
General Agents.
21231

Calculator Machines for Sale
A time-and-money-saving machine which adds, subtracts, multiplies and divides. Sold for the small sum of Tls. 15.00 only.
APPLY TO THE
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High-class Boarding-House and Restaurant
All modern comforts; moderate terms.

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No. 90 BUBBLING WELL ROAD. OPPOSITE RACE COURSE
Fancy Cakes and Candies of French Style in All Descriptions
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RAILWAY HOTEL, SOOCHOW
A first-class Tourist and Residential Hotel in Soochow
The proprietor assures every ne that no effort will to be spared to ensure the comfort and satisfa tion of visitors. Airy, large comfortable rooms, fitted with electri lights, fans and stoves, with bathroom and veranda attached.

TONIGHT AT THE APOLLO
CHARLES CHAPLIN IN "SHOULDER ARMS"